

Present Simple

22 Listen and repeat. Then act out.



Affirmative	Negative		Interrogative
	Long form	Short form	
I talk	I do not talk	I don't talk	Do I talk?
You talk	You do not talk	You don't talk	Do you talk?
He talks	He does not talk	He doesn't talk	Does he talk?
She talks	She does not talk	She doesn't talk	Does she talk?
It talks	It does not talk	It doesn't talk	Does it talk?
We talk	We do not talk	We don't talk	Do we talk?
You talk	You do not talk	You don't talk	Do you talk?
They talk	They do not talk	They don't talk	Do they talk?

We use the **present simple** for permanent states or habitual actions.

Spelling

verbs ending in **-ss, -sh, -ch, -x, -o** → **-es**

I watch – he **watches**

verbs ending in **consonant + y** → ~~y~~ + **-ies**

I study – he **studies**

BUT

I buy – he **buys**

Time expressions used with the present simple:

every day in the afternoon often	every morning in the evening never	every year always rarely	at night usually sometimes, etc.
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Questions and short answers

Questions	Short answers
Do I/we/you/they like cherries?	Yes, I/we/you/they do . / No, I/we/you/they don't .
Does he/she/it like cherries?	Yes, he/she/it does . / No, he/she/it doesn't .

1 Write the verbs in the third person singular.

1 I fly – it <i>flies</i>	4 I play – she	7 I do – he
2 you run – he	5 we hurry – he	8 you see – he
3 we catch – she	6 you stay – she	9 they take – he

Pronunciation

2  Put the verbs in the correct column in the third person singular. Listen and check. Listen and repeat.

work	play	come	walk	swim	visit	ride	speak
watch	talk	laugh	fish	wash	close	open	sit
go	dance	drive	sleep	stay	know	teach	buy

/s/	/ɪz/	/z/
/f/, /k/, /p/, /t/	/s/, /ʃ/, /tʃ/, /dʒ/, /z/	after other sounds
works,	watches,	goes,

3 Circle the correct form of the verb.

1 Chloe watch / watches TV every evening.	7 We live / lives in a big house.
2 Our teacher read / reads lots of books.	8 The boys hate / hates fish.
3 Dad go / goes to work by bus every morning.	9 My mum wear / wears a uniform to work.
4 I drink / drinks lots of water.	10 He ride / rides his bike to school every morning.
5 Paul fly / flies his kite on windy days.	11 I usually fish / fishes in the river near my house.
6 The children play / plays in the park on Saturdays.	12 They are from Italy. They speak / speaks Italian.

4 Complete the sentences.

Long Form

- She *does* not like apples.
- We not work on Sundays.
- He not help me.
- They not drive fast.
- It not fly.

Short Form

- She *doesn't* like apples.
- We work on Sundays.
- He help me.
- They drive fast.
- It fly.

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Present Simple

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Put the verbs in brackets into the *present simple*.

Favourite PETS



by Amelia Saunders

My friend Cathy 1) *has* (have) a horse. It 2) (be) a beautiful animal with big eyes and a long tail. Its name 3) (be) Bella and it 4) (love) people. It 5) (not/kick) or bite. It 6) (be) very friendly. It 7) (eat) apples and hay but it 8) (not/eat) meat. Horses 9) (not/like) meat. Since it 10) (rain) a lot in England, Bella 11) (sleep) in a stable.

Cathy 12) (ride) her horse every day after school. She 13) (not/ride) into the town because there 14) (be) a lot of traffic on the roads. There 15) (not/be) many cars in the country, so Cathy 16) (take) Bella there. It 17) (not/be) easy looking after a horse but Cathy 18) (enjoy) it very much!

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Look at Ex. 5 again. Then mark the sentences as *true (T)* or *false (F)*.
Correct the false sentences.

1 Cathy has a dog. *F*
Cathy doesn't have a dog. She has a horse.

2 Bella loves people.

3 Bella eats carrots.

4 Bella doesn't eat meat.

5 Cathy takes Bella to the country.

6 Horses sleep in a house.

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Ask and answer questions with your partner as in the example:

1 get up early

2 like pop music

3 tidy your room

4 like sweets

5 go to bed late

6 like fruit

7 watch TV

8 drink milk

1 A: *Do you get up early?*
B: Yes, I do. I get up at 7 o'clock every morning.

2 A: *Do you like pop music?*
B: No, I don't. I like rock music, etc.