

### Adverbs of frequency

1 Rewrite the sentences using the adverb in brackets.

I have toast for breakfast. (normally)

I normally have toast for breakfast.

1 We don't get up early. (usually)

2 He cooks on Saturdays. (sometimes)

3 Emma does her homework at school. (always)

4 I don't watch films in the evening. (often)

### Present simple and present continuous

2 Complete the sentences using the present simple or present continuous form of the verb in brackets.

We often play (play) tennis after school.

Mandy isn't working (work) this morning.

Where do you go (you / go) swimming?

1 My dad                    (finish) work at 5.30 p.m.

2 They                    (wait) for us at home now.

3 Evie                    (not listen) to her teacher at the moment.

4 How often                    Kelly and Tom                    (go) to the library?

5 Why                    you                    (smile)?

6 My sister                    (wake up) before 6.00 a.m. every day.

3 Write sentences or questions using the present simple or present continuous.

'Where's Mum?' she / make / dinner / .

She's making dinner.

1 Paul is a teacher. there / be / 30 children in his class / .

2 You're late! everyone / wait / for you / .

3 Jenny looks upset. she / cry / ?

4 My mum's a nurse. what / your mum / do / ?

5 This exercise is difficult. we / not want / to do it / .

6 Callum hurt his leg yesterday. he / not play / football / today / .

### Past simple

4 Rewrite the sentences using the negative or question form.

We had a great time. (X)

We didn't have a great time.

They saw the film. (?)

Did they see the film?

1 They left Oxford yesterday. (?)

2 Jacob asked me a question. (X)

3 Hannah was very tired. (X)

4 The bus came early. (?)

5 We ate a large pizza. (X)

5 Write past simple sentences or questions.

I / see / Karen / last night / .

I saw Karen last night.

1 I / have / fish and chips / for dinner / .

2 you / be / angry / all day / ?

3 we / meet / at 7.30 p.m. / .

4 they / not / speak / French / yesterday / .

5 he / go / to Tenerife / for his holiday / ?

### Object and subject questions

6 Write questions about the words in bold.

We go to karate classes **every Wednesday**.

When do you go to karate classes?

1 **The teachers** help us a lot.

2 Alan wakes up **at 9.00 a.m.** every day.

3 My friends are going **to the park** now.

4 **Jake** bought new shoes.

5 **Twenty** students forgot their homework **yesterday**.

6 We ate **two** bags of sweets in the morning.

## Summary

### Routines

cook do my homework finish get home  
get up go shopping go to bed go to school  
go to work have breakfast listen to music  
relax tidy my room wake up watch videos

### Irregular past simple verbs

ate bought did gave got had heard  
left made rode saw spoke taught  
was / were went

## Routines

### 1 Match 1–9 with a–i to make sentences.

1 I tidy	a his homework.
2 They never	b my room at the weekends.
3 Lily goes	c shopping every Saturday afternoon.
4 I never cook	d to music all the time.
5 Peyton listens	e TV before school.
6 John never	f her swimming lessons at 5.30 p.m.
7 My parents	g in the living room after school.
go to	h dinner for my family.
8 I sometimes	i work at 8.00 a.m. every day. They work in the same company.

### 2 Look at the pictures of Ben's daily routine. Write sentences using the phrases from the summary.



Ben wakes up at 7.00 a.m.

- 1 He \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 He \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 He \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 He \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 He \_\_\_\_\_.

## Irregular past simple verbs

### 3 Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box.

were bought did went had  
was rode saw

We \_\_\_\_\_ very hungry in the morning.

- 1 We \_\_\_\_\_ our homework in the evening.
- 2 I \_\_\_\_\_ Damian in the café two days ago.
- 3 She \_\_\_\_\_ her breakfast at 8.00 a.m.
- 4 Ruby \_\_\_\_\_ late for school yesterday.
- 5 We \_\_\_\_\_ for a long walk last weekend.
- 6 Max \_\_\_\_\_ a new laptop on Monday. It was quite expensive.
- 7 They \_\_\_\_\_ their bikes in the park on Sunday.

### 4 Complete the table.

Infinitive	Past simple form
teach	taught
hear	1 _____
make	2 _____
3 _____	ate
4 _____	did
speak	5 _____
leave	6 _____
7 _____	got
give	8 _____

### 5 Complete the following sentences with the correct word: (relax, scared, professional, exhibition)

1. The art \_\_\_\_\_ featured works from all around the world.
2. After a long day at work, all I want to do is to \_\_\_\_\_.
3. My dentist is very \_\_\_\_\_, he always does a great job.
4. The child was \_\_\_\_\_ of the dark, so he kept a nightlight in his room.

**used to**

1 Write affirmative and negative sentences and questions using **used to**.

They live in a big house now, but they **lived** in a small house for ten years.

(✓) They used to live in a small house.

(✗) They didn't use to live in a big house.

(?) Did they use to live in a big house?

He collects toy cars.

1 (✓) \_\_\_\_\_

2 (✗) \_\_\_\_\_

3 (?) \_\_\_\_\_

Her hair is pink.

4 (✓) \_\_\_\_\_

5 (✗) \_\_\_\_\_

6 (?) \_\_\_\_\_

2 Replace the underlined verbs with the correct form of **used to**.

My grandma had a big garden.

My grandma used to have a big garden.

1 Did you read comics when you were younger?

\_\_\_\_\_ comics when you were younger?

2 Luke was often late, but now he comes on time.

Luke often \_\_\_\_\_ late, but now he comes on time.

3 My mum didn't wear trainers to work.

My mum \_\_\_\_\_ trainers to work.

4 These patterned tops weren't trendy in the past.

These patterned tops \_\_\_\_\_ trendy in the past.

5 Did Eva have a red bike?

\_\_\_\_\_ a red bike?

6 I played football in primary school.

I \_\_\_\_\_ football in primary school.

3 Order the words to make sentences or questions. There is one word you don't need.

used / did / to / school / go / we / together / to / .  
We used to go to school together.

1 town / there / cinema / be / is / one / used / my / in / to / .

2 to / did / eat / used / a / of / they / use / lot / ice cream / ?

3 like / my / to / liked / didn't / brother / piano lessons / use / .

4 bank / working / used / mum / work / to / in / a / Freddie's / .

5 use / to / did / bring / to / didn't / I / lunch / school / .

**Past continuous**

4 Write affirmative and negative sentences and questions using the past continuous.

we / listen / to music (✗)

We weren't listening to music.

1 I / read / a book (✗)

2 you / watch / TV (?)

3 they / speak / French (✗)

4 he / sleep (✓)

5 who / you / talk to (?)

6 I / chat / to a friend (✓)

**Past simple and past continuous**

5 Complete the sentences using the past simple or past continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

When I arrived (arrive), Fiona and Steve were watching (watch) TV.

1 I \_\_\_\_\_ (do) my homework while Dad \_\_\_\_\_ (cook) the dinner.

2 When I \_\_\_\_\_ (see) David, he \_\_\_\_\_ (have) lunch in the park.

3 \_\_\_\_\_ Dan's parents \_\_\_\_\_ (live) in Vienna when he \_\_\_\_\_ (be) born?

4 I \_\_\_\_\_ (not send) any text messages while we \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) the film.

5 Why \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (laugh) when I \_\_\_\_\_ (walk) into the room?

6 It \_\_\_\_\_ (not rain) when we \_\_\_\_\_ (leave) the sports centre.

7 The old lady \_\_\_\_\_ (carry) a heavy shopping bag, so I \_\_\_\_\_ (stop) to help.

8 We \_\_\_\_\_ (decide) to get off the bus and we \_\_\_\_\_ (walk) home.

## Summary

### Popular interests

app comic craze fad fan follower  
gadget games console post (n, v)  
social media toy tweet (n, v) views

### Fashion

baggy blouse boots colourful cool dress  
hat hoodie jacket jeans patterned plain  
shirt short-sleeved shorts skirt smart  
socks tight top trainers trousers

## Popular interests

### 1 Match the definitions with words from the summary.

- 1 a book that tells a story using pictures \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 a thing you use to play video games \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 a message that you write on Twitter \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 websites and programs which allow people to communicate online \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 a short text that you write online \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 a person who reads what you write on social media \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 something that is popular for a short time \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 the number of times people visit a website \_\_\_\_\_
- 9 a small and clever thing that you can use to do something \_\_\_\_\_

### 2 Complete the sentences with words from the summary.

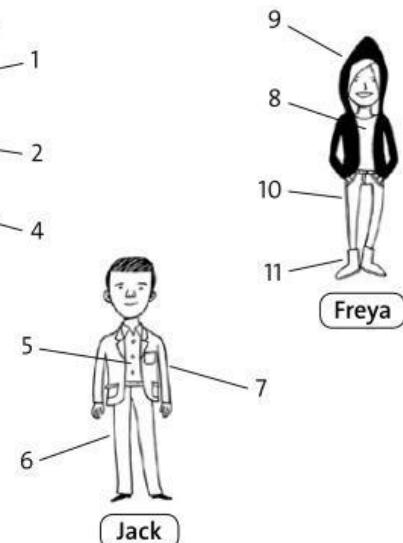
- 1 My little brother's favourite t \_\_\_\_\_ is a teddy bear.
- 2 Ella is a football f \_\_\_\_\_. She watches all the matches.
- 3 This a \_\_\_\_\_ helps you stay fit. You should download it.
- 4 Our school website doesn't get a lot of v \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 Marco didn't p \_\_\_\_\_ any photos from our trip to London on his blog.
- 6 There's a new f \_\_\_\_\_ for sports clothes and trainers. Everyone wears them!

## Fashion

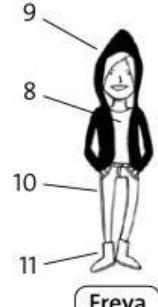
### 3 Complete the sentences.



Amy



Jack



Freya

Amy is wearing a <sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ blouse, a <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ , a big <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ and <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ .  
Jack is wearing a plain <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ , smart <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ and a <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ .  
Freya is wearing a white <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ , a <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ , <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ and <sup>11</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ .

### 4 Replace the underlined words in the sentences with the words in the box.

cool blouse tight dress baggy plain  
short-sleeved trainers

- 1 My sister wears a plain hoodie and a skirt when she goes to work. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 When I go for a run I wear boots, shorts and a T-shirt. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 These jeans are too plain. I need a bigger size. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 On a hot day Mia usually wears a smart top. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 My new jeans are really short-sleeved. All my friends want to have the same ones. \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 If you want to look good in a photo, wear a cool top, not a patterned one. \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 My sister is getting married next week. Her skirt is amazing! \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 Mum can't wear colourful jeans to work. Her trousers have to be smart. \_\_\_\_\_

### Present perfect: affirmative and negative

1 Complete the sentences using the present perfect form of the verbs in the box.

not fly not make not read not visit  
see spend stop take

I've spent \_\_\_\_\_ all my money.  
 1 I \_\_\_\_\_ this book. What is it about?  
 2 My parents aren't at home. They \_\_\_\_\_ my brother to the dentist.  
 3 This clock isn't working: it \_\_\_\_\_.  
 4 Jen \_\_\_\_\_ that film three times.  
 5 We \_\_\_\_\_ by plane before.  
 6 Ellie \_\_\_\_\_ a cake. She's baked chocolate biscuits.  
 7 They \_\_\_\_\_ Paris since May.

### for and since

2 Write sentences using the present perfect. Use *for* or *since*.

I / not / play / the guitar / two years

I haven't played the guitar for two years.

1 Evie / have / this phone / January

2 we / not / take / any photos / three months

3 the teacher / not / give / any homework / Monday

4 I / know / Max / two years

5 they / not use / this app / weeks

6 Lucas / be / busy / four o'clock

### Present perfect: questions

3 Write questions using the present perfect.

Have you bought a new computer?

Yes, we have. We bought the new computer on Friday.

1 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Yes, they have. The boys went to the park ten minutes ago.  
 2 \_\_\_\_\_  
 No, I'm going to clean my room now.  
 3 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Yes, she has. Morgan had her lunch at one o'clock.  
 4 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Not yet. I want to write my essay in the evening.  
 5 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Yes, we gave Cora her birthday present last night.  
 6 \_\_\_\_\_  
 No, she hasn't. She's going to check her emails after breakfast.

### Present perfect and past simple

4 Complete the dialogue using the present perfect or past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

Nora 1 \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (be) to the new juice bar on the High Street?  
 It 2 \_\_\_\_\_ (open) two weeks ago.

Kai Not yet. We 3 \_\_\_\_\_ (be) busy recently. We 4 \_\_\_\_\_ (want) to go there on Sunday, but there 5 \_\_\_\_\_ (be) too many people.

Nora I know! It's because their juices and smoothies are amazing. We 6 \_\_\_\_\_ (go) there on Tuesday morning.

Kai What 7 \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (order)?

Nora I 8 \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) a green juice. It only 9 \_\_\_\_\_ (have) three ingredients: apples, lemons and spinach, but it 10 \_\_\_\_\_ (taste) delicious.

I 11 \_\_\_\_\_ (not drink) anything so delicious for months!

Kai Yuk! Spinach juice is disgusting!

Nora 12 \_\_\_\_\_ you ever \_\_\_\_\_ (try) it?

Kai Actually no, but ...

## Summary

### Senses

colour-blindness feel have 'a good ear'  
hearing hold listen look lose sensation  
see sight smell sound taste  
tone-deafness touch watch

### Sensations and experiences

amazing awful delicious disgusting  
exhausted fascinating furious miserable  
terrifying wonderful

## Senses

### 1 Complete the sentences with words from the summary.

- 1 Alison remembers all the songs. She's got a g \_\_\_\_\_ e \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 James can't see the difference between blue and green. He suffers from c \_\_\_\_\_ - b \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 After 20 minutes of cycling in the cold rain, Phoebe began to l \_\_\_\_\_ s \_\_\_\_\_ in her fingers.
- 4 I can't sing very well. I have t \_\_\_\_\_ - d \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 The woman next to me has very strong perfume. I can s \_\_\_\_\_ it from my seat.
- 6 Please don't t \_\_\_\_\_ my white jacket. Your hands are dirty.
- 7 You have to speak louder. My grandma has problems with her h \_\_\_\_\_.
- 8 My s \_\_\_\_\_ isn't very good. I have to start wearing glasses.

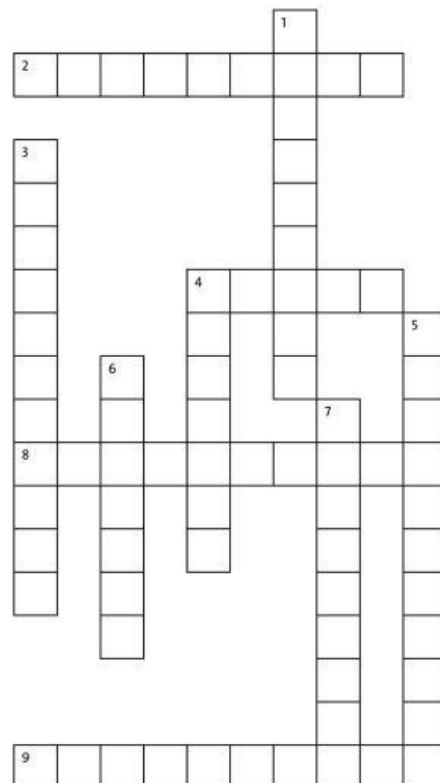
### 2 Choose the correct words.

Welcome to the interactive history museum, where you can experience history with all your senses.

- ★ <sup>1</sup>See / Look our new exhibition – a house from the 1950s.
- ★ <sup>2</sup>Watch / Look TV and check what programmes they had in the 1950s.
- ★ <sup>3</sup>Listen / Hear to the radio in the kitchen. These songs were popular in the 1950s.
- ★ Listen to the <sup>4</sup>sight / sound of a vacuum cleaner.
- ★ <sup>5</sup>Feel / Taste a typical English breakfast from the '50s.
- ★ Walk around and <sup>6</sup>touch / sight everything. Feel at home in our museum!

## Sensations and experiences

### 3 Complete the crossword with words from the summary.



#### Across

- 2 tasty
- 4 bad
- 8 scary
- 9 tired

#### Down

- 1 nice
- 3 interesting
- 4 good
- 5 horrible
- 6 angry
- 7 sad

### 4 Match 1–6 with a–f.

1 I was working hard all day.	a I feel wonderful.
2 This has been the best day ever.	b They're terrifying.
3 I really liked the cake.	c It was delicious.
4 I didn't like the pizza.	d They're fascinating.
5 I'm interested in snakes.	e I'm exhausted.
6 I'm afraid of big spiders.	f It was disgusting.

## Present perfect simple and present perfect continuous

### 1 Write sentences or questions using the present perfect continuous.

we / walk / for two hours / .

We have been walking for two hours.

I / not live / in this town / for long / .

I haven't been living in this town for long.

you / wait / for me / ?

Have you been waiting for me?

1 the boys / not play / on games consoles / .

2 Zoe / listen / to music / this morning / .

3 I / learn / English / for three years / .

4 how long / the baby / sleep / ?

5 the teacher / talk / about the class trip / for the whole lesson / ?

6 we / not study / all morning / .

### 2 Complete the sentences using the present perfect simple or present perfect continuous form of the verb in brackets.

My friends have been swimming (swim) in the lake all summer.

1 My sister \_\_\_\_\_ (try on) new clothes all afternoon.

2 I \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) very busy this morning.

3 Gus and Xavier \_\_\_\_\_ (jump) on their beds for thirty minutes.

4 \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (see) my hat?

5 My parents \_\_\_\_\_ (take) us to the beach twice this week.

6 We \_\_\_\_\_ (sit) by the river all day.

7 \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (bake)? It smells so nice in here.

8 I \_\_\_\_\_ never \_\_\_\_\_ (cycle) down this mountain.

## Present perfect simple + just

### 3 Write sentences with a similar meaning. Use the present perfect simple and just.

Sarah bought new boots two hours ago.

Sarah has just bought new boots.

1 I spoke to Alfie this morning.

2 We hiked across the rainforest at the weekend.

3 Carl tweeted some photos ten minutes ago.

4 The girls played football and now they're in the changing room.

5 You heard the news a few moments ago.

6 We chose the name for our team today.

## Present perfect simple + still, yet and already

### 4 Replace the bold words with the correct ones.

I have **still** taken a photo. already

1 She **yet** hasn't asked for help. \_\_\_\_\_

2 Have you smelt this new perfume **still**?

3 I haven't eaten breakfast **already**. \_\_\_\_\_

4 Matilda has **yet** gone for a walk in the valley.

5 Zach **already** hasn't changed his clothes.

6 We've **still** visited the volcano. \_\_\_\_\_

### 5 Complete the text using the present perfect form of the verbs in the box and *still*, *yet* or *already*.

not be buy decide not do  
not find pack visit

I want to go on a hike with my friend Jessica and her parents. We have already decided that we'll go to the Lake District.

1 \_\_\_\_\_ there \_\_\_\_\_, but Jessica <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ the Lake District twice. Jessica's dad <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ the train tickets – we're leaving next Saturday.

Jessica and I need to prepare a list of things to take, but we <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ it \_\_\_\_\_. It's funny, but I can hear my mum's voice in my head: 'Amy,

<sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ your suitcase \_\_\_\_\_?' My mum doesn't know that I <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ my hiking boots. They must be somewhere in my room!

## Summary

### Natural features

beach cave cliff desert dune lake  
mountain ocean rainforest river sea  
valley volcano (water)fall wave

### Extreme adventures

climb (up) cycle (down) dive (off) hike (across)  
jump (out of) kayak (over) parachute (down)  
sail (around) surf swim (under)

## Natural features

1 Read the sentences and write *true* or *false*. Then correct the false sentences.

An ocean is **bigger** than a river. \_\_\_\_\_ **false**

1 A valley is usually at the top of a mountain.  
\_\_\_\_\_

2 Snakes and parrots live in a rainforest.  
\_\_\_\_\_

3 There are big dunes in the sea. \_\_\_\_\_

4 There's a lot of sand in a desert. \_\_\_\_\_

5 It's usually cold and dark in a cave.  
\_\_\_\_\_

6 You can swim on a cliff. \_\_\_\_\_

7 A beach is usually next to a volcano.  
\_\_\_\_\_

8 There aren't any waves in a mountain.  
\_\_\_\_\_

2 Choose the correct words.

- Felix is hiking in the **rainforest** / **desert**.  
He can see trees and animals.
- We're swimming in the **lake** / **beach**.
- Maisie wants to see the **dunes** / **volcanoes** in the desert.
- I was too scared to look down from the top of the **sea** / **cliff**.
- Tyler dreams of sailing on the **valley** / **ocean**.
- I think spending a night in a **wave** / **cave** is really terrifying.
- This is the biggest **mountain** / **waterfall** in Europe. Do you know how many litres of water come down here every minute?
- Let's cycle along by the **river** / **desert** on Sunday. It's so relaxing to look at the water.

## Extreme adventures

3 Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences using the correct form of the extreme adventure words.



1 Max has been \_\_\_\_\_ the waves all day.



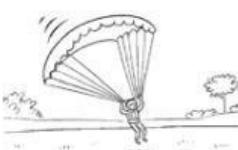
2 They are \_\_\_\_\_ the fall.



3 Paul is \_\_\_\_\_ the bridge.



4 My friends are \_\_\_\_\_ the world.



5 I'd like to go \_\_\_\_\_ to Earth.



6 They've been \_\_\_\_\_ Europe since May.

4 Find words and phrases in the wordsearch to complete the table.

S	J	J	U	M	P	O	U	T	O	F
W	H	I	K	E	A	C	R	O	S	S
L	S	C	K	I	R	J	M	B	K	A
M	U	P	A	R	A	U	F	E	A	I
B	R	S	L	I	C	G	E	S	Y	L
C	F	D	I	V	H	P	E	W	A	A
C	L	I	M	B	U	P	U	I	K	R
A	A	C	C	R	T	O	S	M	O	O
T	T	A	Y	A	E	K	A	U	V	U
C	Y	C	L	E	D	W	N	E	N	
F	G	I	V	A	O	B	S	D	R	D
S	H	C	Y	L	W	O	E	R	T	
M	A	R	T	D	N	U	N	R	E	R

Activities you do in the air	Activities you do in the water	Activities you do on land
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

## Quantifiers

1 Read the sentences. Replace *a lot of* with *many* and *much*, where possible.

1 There aren't *a lot of* presents under the tree.

2 I've got *a lot of* homework tonight.

3 There isn't *a lot of* chocolate in the fridge.

4 We need *a lot of* bread for the sandwiches.

5 Does your car use *a lot of* fuel?

6 My sister eats *a lot of* pasta.

2 Complete the sentences with *enough*, *a few* and *a little*.

I'm still hungry. I haven't eaten enough.

1 There was        rain last night. But it wasn't        to water all the flowers in the garden.

2 Luke spends        time every day writing emails to his friends.

3 There are        pictures in this book, but I think there should be more of them.

4 Mum bought        comics for my brother. They should be        to keep him busy during our long car journey.

5 You don't eat        vegetables. You should eat at least        carrots or tomatoes every day!

6 Damian and        of his friends are coming to my house on Saturday morning. They'll stay all day, so we'll have        time to play on the games console.

3 Correct the bold words.

You should drink **a few** water after you wake up.  
a little

1 There are **a little** chairs in our classroom. This means that everyone has a place to sit.

2 I've got **many** of jeans. Maybe even 20 pairs!

3 How **much** maths exercises have you done today?       

4 There are **a lot of** cars in the street. I can see two or three.       

5 We use **enough** electricity, but not too much.

6 We throw away too **a few** plastic. We need to reduce it!       

## Question tags

4 Complete each question tag in the dialogue with one word.

Lewis I can't wait until tomorrow.

Erin What's happening tomorrow?

Lewis We've got a school trip. We're going to a museum,<sup>1</sup>        we?

Erin Oh, yes! I almost forgot.

Lewis But you've given Mrs Andrews the money for the trip,<sup>2</sup>        you?

Erin I think I have. I brought it on the same day as you,<sup>3</sup>        I?

Lewis Yes, I think so.

Erin We aren't having any lessons then,<sup>4</sup>        we?

Lewis Only the first one. The bus should come at 10, shouldn't<sup>5</sup>       ?

Erin And the first lesson is English,<sup>6</sup>        it? We haven't got any homework,<sup>7</sup>        we?

Lewis Mrs Andrews asked us to read a short story,<sup>8</sup>        she?

Erin What?! I completely forgot. It isn't too long,<sup>9</sup>        it?

Lewis It shouldn't take you more than an hour to read it.

Erin I should get a calendar and write everything down. I'm really bad at remembering things,<sup>10</sup>        I?

Lewis Well, kind of ...

5 Complete the sentences with question tags.

Caitlin can't swim very well,        can she?

1 This gadget is very useful,       

2 They increased the prices,       

3 Sophie hasn't taken the dog for a walk,       

4 We often run out of orange juice,       

5 Isaac and Toby won't do their homework,       

6 I'm wasting a lot of time,       

7 Mum shouldn't help us,       

8 Your camera is digital,

## Summary

### The environment and consumerism

afford damage destroy develop increase  
 pollute power produce protect provide  
 recycle reduce run out of save throw away  
 use waste

### Adjectives: describing objects

automatic digital ecological electronic  
 hi-tech home-made multi-functional  
 natural recycled second-hand smart solar  
 useful waterproof

## The environment and consumerism

### 1 Cross out the incorrect bold words.

recycle / throw away / **power** paper  
 1 **run out of** / damage / protect the environment  
 2 **throw away** / reduce / increase the use of energy  
 3 **destroy** / afford / save the rainforest  
 4 power / use / waste clean water  
 5 develop / provide / pollute a city  
 6 power / run out of / afford a computer  
 7 waste / recycle / produce food  
 8 afford / recycle / throw away rubbish

### 2 Complete the sentences. Use the words in brackets in the correct places.

Don't throw away plastic bags. You can use them again. (use / throw away)

- 1 Our city    too much rubbish. This    the land. (pollutes / produces)
- 2 Don't    all your rubbish. You can    some things. (recycle / throw away)
- 3 Don't    paper that you can recycle, so we don't    forests to make more new paper. (destroy / waste)
- 4 Cloth bags    the environment because you can    them many times. (use / protect)
- 5 We have to    our use of electricity because we can't    to pay the bills. (afford / reduce)
- 6 Teachers    each class with paper, but we    it very quickly. (run out of / provide)

## Adjectives: describing objects

### 3 Choose the correct answers.

- 1 My camera is   . I can take photos and see them on my computer immediately.  
 a natural b home-made c digital
- 2 Mum bought new    garden lights. They use energy from the sun.  
 a waterproof b solar c recycled
- 3 I bought this dress in a    shop. It was cheaper because it wasn't new.  
 a recycled b hi-tech c second-hand
- 4 We only eat    pizza. I don't like the ones you can buy in a shop.  
 a smart b home-made c ecological
- 5 This is the best    printer. It does everything – it can print, fax, copy and scan.  
 a multi-functional b automatic c useful
- 6 I only use    cosmetics because they don't have any chemical ingredients.  
 a digital b natural c smart
- 7 Josh's rucksack looks great and it's made from    plastic bottles.  
 a second-hand b multi-functional c recycled

### 4 Match the pairs of adjectives with the picture they describe best.

natural / home-made smart / multi-functional  
 solar / ecological recycled / useful  
 waterproof / second-hand



1 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_



2 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_



3 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_



4 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_



5 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

### First conditional with *if* and *unless*

#### 1 Complete the sentences with *if* or *unless*.

You will get wet unless you take an umbrella.

- I'll be cold if I don't take a jacket.
- Ed will lend me the money unless I give it back in a week.
- If we leave now, we'll be late.
- Your English will get better if you practise more.
- I won't visit her unless she invites me.
- If Dylan studies hard, he'll fail the test.

#### 2 Write sentences using the first conditional.

I / buy / a new phone / if / I / earn / enough money

I'll buy a new phone if I earn enough money.

1 if / you / add / onions / the salad / taste / better

2 Ben / have / a lot of free time / if / he / retire

3 unless / you / stop / wasting time / you / not / finish / your essay

4 Lily / not / feel / better / unless / she / take up / a new sport

5 if / we / not bring / our homework / our teacher / be / disappointed

### might vs. will

#### 3 Complete the sentences using the prompts in the box and *will*, *won't*, *might* or *might not*.

be hungry buy baggy jeans close the school  
fly to Paris play football visit me

Erin might not visit me tomorrow. She's got a lot of homework to do.

- Toby can't walk today. He hurt his leg in the last game and he can't walk at all.
- The city isn't definite, but look at all the snow in the street!
- I look again. I know I don't look good in them.
- Maisie and Luca eat after the swimming lesson. They always eat everything when they get home.

- We can't fly today. It's possible that the airport will be closed because of the bad weather.

### will and be going to

#### 4 Complete the sentences using the *will* or *be going to* form of the verbs in brackets.

We are going to spend (spend) two weeks of the summer holidays at the seaside.

1 We've bought tickets for the concert. We see (see) our favourite band.

2 My little brother is very good at drawing. I think he will be (be) an artist when he's older.

3 I have to get up at 5.30 a.m. tomorrow, so I go (go) to bed early tonight.

4 How many students do you think will pass (pass) the exam?

5 My uncle has got a new job. He teaches (teach) history at my school.

### Future continuous

#### 5 What will they be doing this time on Sunday? Look at the pictures. Write sentences using the future continuous form of the verbs in the box.

cycle do her homework hike  
play tennis play video games sleep



Poppy will be hiking this time on Sunday.

1 Noah and James will be this time on Sunday.



2 Tyler will be playing tennis this time on Sunday.



3 Mia will be doing her homework this time on Sunday.



4 Ryan and his friends will be playing video games this time on Sunday.



5 Eva will be sleeping this time on Sunday.

## Summary

### Uses of *get*

get a bank account get a boyfriend / girlfriend  
 get a degree get a driving licence get a job  
 get married get a new hobby get old  
 get a pension get a phone get rich  
 get a social media account

### Lifestyle choices

earn money enjoy yourself  
 get involved with a charity have a family  
 have fun look after yourself  
 make a million dollars retire young  
 settle down spend some time abroad  
 start up your own business take some time out  
 take up a sport tie yourself down  
 travel around waste time

## Uses of *get*

1 Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box.

get a bank account get a driving licence  
 get a job get old get a new hobby  
 get a phone get married

My cousin is going to get married soon. She's asked me to help her choose her dress for the big day.

- 1 Jake wants to \_\_\_\_\_ so that his friends can call him anytime.
- 2 I'd like to \_\_\_\_\_ in a big company. I want to work as a secretary.
- 3 I think Tom should \_\_\_\_\_. He might like tennis.
- 4 My uncle doesn't want to \_\_\_\_\_. He's afraid that he'll lose his memory.
- 5 I want to \_\_\_\_\_ to help me save money.
- 6 I'm learning to drive. I will \_\_\_\_\_ in October if I pass the test.

2 Read the sentences and write *true* or *false*.

When you get a job you start earning money.  
true

- 1 To get a degree you must finish a university course. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 When you get a summer job, you get a pension. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 When people get rich they often buy expensive cars or bigger houses. \_\_\_\_\_

- 4 You can only get a bank account when you have a job. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 You have to pay a lot of money to get a social media account. \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 In the UK people usually get married before they finish school. \_\_\_\_\_

## Lifestyle choices

3 Complete each sentence with one word.

- 1 Diego earned some \_\_\_\_\_ when he worked in a grocery shop during the summer.
- 2 Jessie has got involved \_\_\_\_\_ a charity. She's collecting money to help sick children.
- 3 My uncle \_\_\_\_\_ young. He was only 40 when he stopped working.
- 4 I \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of time at the weekend. I just sat and watched TV most of the time.
- 5 My dad took some time \_\_\_\_\_ last week. He wanted to visit my grandparents.
- 6 Mrs Millar started \_\_\_\_\_ her own business last month. She opened a fitness club.

4 Choose the correct answers.

### Where will I be when I'm 30?

I hope I will <sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ in a nice small town and <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ : a husband and two kids. I want to stay fit, so I'll <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ myself. I'll <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ different sports with my friends. Some people say that I shouldn't <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ myself down to a family. Instead I should <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ the world and <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ myself. But that's not for me! I don't want to <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ either. I don't need to be rich, just happy.

- 1 a waste time b settle down c travel around
- 2 a have a family b have fun c spend some time abroad
- 3 a look after b tie down c earn money
- 4 a take out b take up c took after
- 5 a have b enjoy c tie
- 6 a spend some time b travel around c start up
- 7 a have fun b settle down c enjoy
- 8 a make a million dollars b get involved with a charity c waste time

**can, could, be able to**

1 Complete the sentences using *can, could* or *will be able to* and the verbs in brackets.

I will be able to finish (finish) the work by next Friday.

- 1 We \_\_\_\_\_ (spend) next weekend in the mountains.
- 2 I'm sorry but I \_\_\_\_\_ (not come) now. I've got other plans.
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ (you / do) a course in IT next month?
- 4 Hannah \_\_\_\_\_ (not help) me with the project. She was too busy.
- 5 I \_\_\_\_\_ (not meet) you tomorrow. I'm going to visit my grandparents.
- 6 My friend \_\_\_\_\_ (not lend) me his book today. He hasn't finished it.

2 Complete the text using the affirmative or negative form of *could, can* or *will be able to*.

Jason is my English friend. We first met about three years ago, in the queue for the cinema. I didn't have my wallet, so I<sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ buy a ticket. Jason bought one for me. The film was in Spanish and it didn't have any subtitles, but Jason<sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ understand all the words and I thought he was very clever. We both love films. When we haven't got any money and we<sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ go out, we watch films at home. Sometimes we go to special evenings at our local cinema where you<sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ watch two films, one after the other. But we don't agree on everything. We're going to the cinema tomorrow. He wants to watch a 3D film, but I'm not keen. I<sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ wear the glasses because they'll make me feel sick. But it's his birthday, so I mustn't complain. And it's OK because I<sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ choose the film next time!

**have to / need to / must / should**

3 Complete the sentences with *have to, should, shouldn't, must* or *mustn't*.

- 1 You \_\_\_\_\_ eat in class. It's against the school rules.
- 2 You \_\_\_\_\_ do your homework on the bus. It's better to do it at home or in the library.

3 At my school we \_\_\_\_\_ wear a school uniform. We aren't allowed to wear our own clothes.

4 You \_\_\_\_\_ go home now if you want to watch your favourite TV programme at 6.00 p.m.

5 We \_\_\_\_\_ bring any electronic gadgets to school. The school doesn't allow it.

6 Our school is very strict. We \_\_\_\_\_ stand up when the head teacher enters the classroom.

4 Complete the text using *have to* or *need to* and the verbs in the box. Use the symbols below to decide which verb to use.

cook do help put spend  
stay tidy wear wear

★ – have to ▲ – need to

Sometimes life isn't fair. I ★ have to wear a horrible school uniform, which I hate. My brother ▲ doesn't need to wear one because he's older and goes to a different school. But he<sup>1</sup>★\_\_\_\_\_ a lot of homework and he complains about that. He<sup>2</sup>▲\_\_\_\_\_ at home after school to study because he's got important exams soon. I'm younger, so I<sup>3</sup>★\_\_\_\_\_ so much time studying or doing homework. I can go out with my friends or relax. Of course, we both<sup>4</sup>▲\_\_\_\_\_ our bedrooms and we hate doing that! We also<sup>5</sup>★\_\_\_\_\_ our mum in the kitchen a bit. We<sup>6</sup>▲\_\_\_\_\_ the dinner – our mum does it – but we<sup>7</sup>★\_\_\_\_\_ the dirty plates into the dishwasher. Luckily it isn't much work.

5 Choose the correct words.

- 1 You **don't have to / must / should** have a driving licence to drive a car.
- 2 I **shouldn't / need to / don't have to** waste time playing video games before the exam next week.
- 3 Caleb **mustn't / should / doesn't need to** do well in this exam. He already has a college place for next year.
- 4 Students **mustn't / don't need to / have to** run in the classroom. It's against the rules.
- 5 Amy **has to / needs / mustn't** practise her Spanish every day. If she doesn't do it, she forgets a lot.

## Summary

### Schools and exams

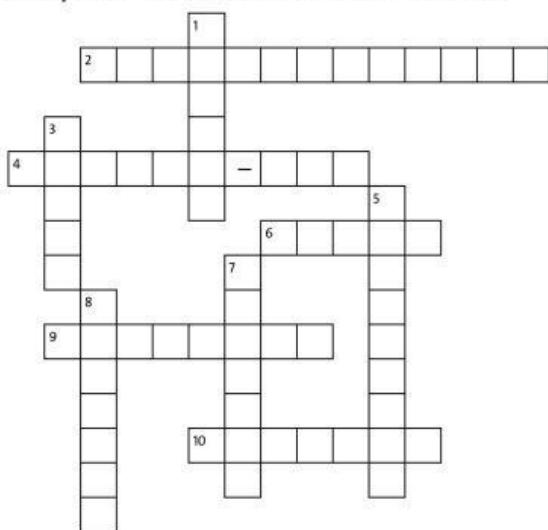
boarding school do homework enrol in  
 fail exams get good marks get a qualification  
 get into college go to lessons homeschooling  
 mixed school obey rules pass exams  
 primary school school holiday school leaver  
 school rules school uniform secondary school  
 single-sex school take classes

### Courses and careers

apply (for a course, etc.) attend (college, etc.)  
 do (a course, etc.) get (a job, etc.)  
 study (engineering, etc.)  
 train to be (a lawyer, etc.)  
 construction engineering entertainment  
 IT journalism law management nursing  
 science teaching

## School and exams

### 1 Complete the crossword with school words.



#### Across

2 \_\_\_ means learning at home with your parents.  
 4 \_\_\_ schools have only boys or only girls.  
 6 It's important to obey school \_\_\_.  
 9 I live at \_\_\_ school.  
 10 British children aged four to eleven go to \_\_\_ school.

#### Down

1 A school \_\_\_ has just finished school.  
 3 \_\_\_ schools have boys and girls.  
 5 You go to \_\_\_ school when you finish primary school.  
 7 I have to wear a school \_\_\_.  
 8 In the school \_\_\_ we often go camping.

### 2 Match 1–7 with a–g to make sentences.

1 I passed all my exams at school, so now   
 2 Kate failed an exam today –   
 3 I get good marks because   
 4 If you don't obey school rules,   
 5 Ben has enrolled in a French course because   
 6 If we go to lessons at 8.00 a.m.,   
 7 Every summer we take art classes, so now   
 a we're very sleepy.  
 b she only got twenty-one per cent.  
 c the teacher will talk to your parents.  
 d I work hard.  
 e we're very good at drawing.  
 f he wants to study in Paris.  
 g I've got a lot of qualifications.

## Courses and careers

### 3 Read the sentences and write true or false. Correct the false sentences.

1 You can apply for a position as a teacher when you are a secondary school student.  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 2 You do an apprenticeship to teach other people how to do a job.  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 3 If you like to dance, sing or act, you should work in entertainment.  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 4 First you train to be a lawyer, then you study law. \_\_\_\_\_  
 5 If you want to specialize in the construction of houses, you should train to be a physicist.  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 6 You attend university to do a degree.  
 \_\_\_\_\_

### 4 Answer each question with one word. What should you study if you ...

want to be a boss? management  
 1 want to build houses and other buildings?  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 2 plan to write articles for a newspaper?  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 3 like computers? \_\_\_\_\_  
 4 want to work in a school? \_\_\_\_\_  
 5 dream of helping sick people?  
 \_\_\_\_\_

**can / may / might / could;  
must / can't; perhaps**

**1 Write sentences with similar meanings using the words in brackets.**

It's possible that we will donate all our old clothes to charity. (may)

We may donate all our old clothes to charity.

1 It's exhausting to climb mountains on a hot day. (can)

2 It's impossible that Freya knows Zach. (can't)

3 It's possible that she will sign all the documents today. (might)

4 I'm sure Audrey is very clever. She teaches at the university. (must)

5 We might support their campaign. (perhaps)

6 I guess that Stella and Finn will be late to school today. (could)

7 You should take an umbrella. It looks like it's going to rain in the afternoon. (may)

**2 Choose the correct words.**

- 1 You've just eaten a sandwich. You **must / can't** be hungry now.
- 2 We **might / may not** stay at home tonight. We're very tired.
- 3 Going to a new school **can / can't** be stressful because you don't know anyone.
- 4 Tara is thoughtful and fair. Everyone **must / couldn't** like her.
- 5 Grandma **may / perhaps** lend you the money. She's very generous.
- 6 **Perhaps / Might** the head teacher will like our proposal for new afternoon classes.
- 7 We **could / mustn't** collect more signatures if you inform everyone about our protest on social media.

**Second conditional**

**3 Complete the second conditional sentences using the correct form of the verbs in the box.**

be fail not know feel find learn  
not be not do not go play tell ask

If I didn't know the answer, I would ask the teacher.

1 If we didn't have to go to school today, I \_\_\_\_\_ basketball with my friends.

2 Sienna \_\_\_\_\_ better if she \_\_\_\_\_ to bed so late every day.

3 If Theo \_\_\_\_\_ honest, he \_\_\_\_\_ us the truth.

4 I \_\_\_\_\_ to swim if I \_\_\_\_\_ afraid of water.

5 If Zoe \_\_\_\_\_ her homework every day, she \_\_\_\_\_ her maths exam.

6 What would you do if you \_\_\_\_\_ someone's wallet?

**4 Write second conditional sentences or questions.**

If / I / have more time / I / help you  
If I had more time, I would help you.

1 what / you / do / if / he / not support / your idea

2 I / not propose / this plan / if / I / not be sure / about it

3 if / I / be / you / I / try / to be / more confident

4 Xavier / believe / you / if / you / not lie / all the time

5 we / be / friends / if / Iris / live / closer

6 if / I / be / the head teacher / I / not ban / mobile phones