

# ĐỀ SỐ 9 - THI THỬ NGÔI SAO

**I. Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others by circling A, B, C, or D.**

1. A. <u>chann</u> el	B. <u>game</u>	C. <u>national</u>	D. <u>relax</u>
2. A. <u>show</u>	B. <u>programme</u>	C. <u>sport</u>	D. <u>most</u>
3. A. <u>thirty</u>	B. <u>theme</u>	C. <u>both</u>	D. <u>them</u>

**II. Find the word which is not the same with the others in a group.**

4. A. <u>boring</u>	B. <u>international</u>	C. <u>national</u>	D. <u>local</u>
5. A. <u>viewer</u>	B. <u>audience</u>	C. <u>watcher</u>	D. <u>director</u>

**III. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best completes the sentence.**

6. I want to watch the cartoon \_\_\_\_\_ I turn on the TV.  
A. but      B. so      C. although      D. because

7. Where are the children? They \_\_\_\_\_ in the yard.  
A. play      B. are playing      C. is playing      D. plays

8. VTV is a \_\_\_\_\_ television channel in Viet Nam, and it attracts millions of TV viewers in Viet Nam.  
A. wide      B. local      C. international      D. national

9. That TV programme is not only interesting \_\_\_\_\_ it also teaches children many things about family and friendship.  
A. but      B. so      C. and      D. because

10. Many people with different skills work hard \_\_\_\_\_ quality programmes for television.  
A. produce      B. to produce      C. producing      D. to producing

11. Have you ever \_\_\_\_\_ to London?  
A. be      B. being      C. been      D. gone

12. Britain's most common \_\_\_\_\_ activities are watching TV and films, and listening to the radio.  
A. free      B. leisure      C. good      D. popular

13. In team sports, the two teams \_\_\_\_\_ against each other in order to get the better score.  
A. are      B. do      C. make      D. compete

14. Super cars will \_\_\_\_\_ water in the future.  
A. go by      B. run at      C. run on      D. travel by

15. \_\_\_\_\_ pencils and rapper, every student will have a computer.  
A. By      B. Instead      C. Instead of      D. At

**IV. Use the words in the box to complete the sentences.**

<b>How long</b>	<b>How wide</b>	<b>How deep</b>	<b>How far</b>	<b>How heavy</b>
<b>How tall</b>	<b>How often</b>	<b>How high</b>	<b>How much</b>	

16. \_\_\_\_\_ are you? – One meter fifty centimeters.

17. \_\_\_\_\_ does he go swimming? – Three times a week.

18. \_\_\_\_\_ are these buildings? – Over 100 meters high.

19. \_\_\_\_\_ is it from here to the post office? – About one kilometer.

20. \_\_\_\_\_ is your brother? – 60 kilos.

21. \_\_\_\_\_ do you go to school? – By bicycle.

22. \_\_\_\_\_ did you stay in Nha Trang? – Two weeks.

23. \_\_\_\_\_ is it? – It's twenty thousand dong.

**V. Give the correct form of the verb in bracket.**

24. Look! The teacher (come) \_\_\_\_\_. She (have) \_\_\_\_\_ long black hair.

25. My father (drive) \_\_\_\_\_ me to school everyday.

26. Students must (go) \_\_\_\_\_ to school on time.

27. Susan (not know) \_\_\_\_\_ about the exam and she did very badly.

28. The boy (learn) \_\_\_\_\_ for three years, but he can't understand this letter.