

Mark the letter a, b, c or d to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences.

1. Elizabeth was writing a note to her friend. The train arrived.
 - a. Elizabeth was writing a note to her friend as soon as the train arrived.
 - b. After the train arrived, Elizabeth was writing a note to her friend.
 - c. The train arrived while Elizabeth was writing a note to her friend.
 - d. Elizabeth was writing a note to her friend whenever the train arrived.
2. The water is very cold in January. We go swimming anyway.
 - a. When the water is very cold in January, we go swimming anyway.
 - b. As the water is very cold in January, we go swimming anyway.
 - c. The water is very cold in January if we go swimming anyway.
 - d. Although the water is very cold in January, we go swimming anyway.
3. The water was very rough. The lifeguards made all of the swimmers leave the water.
 - a. Since the water was very rough, the lifeguards made all of the swimmers leave the water.
 - b. The water was very rough so that the lifeguards made all of the swimmers leave the water.
 - c. The water was very rough because the lifeguards made all of the swimmers leave
 - d. The lifeguards made all of the swimmers leave the water though the water was very rough.
4. Mike goes jogging two miles every morning. Then he gets ready for work.
 - a. Mike goes jogging two miles every morning after he gets ready for work.
 - b. Mike goes jogging two miles every morning before he gets ready for work.
 - c. Mike goes jogging two miles every morning as soon as he gets ready for work.
 - d. Mike goes jogging two miles every morning when he gets ready for work.
5. Ticket prices might be more expensive. Going to the movies is still much cheaper than going to a concert.
 - a. Ticket prices might be more expensive then going to the movies is still much cheaper than going to a concert.
 - b. Ticket prices might be more expensive that going to the movies is still much cheaper than going to a concert.
 - c. Going to the movies is still much cheaper than going to a concert since ticket prices might be more expensive.
 - d. Going to the movies is still much cheaper than going to a concert although ticket prices might be more expensive.
6. We went to Dong Xuan Market. We flew back to Ho Chi Minh City at 7pm.
 - a. We went to Dong Xuan Market while we flew back to Ho Chi Minh City at 7pm.
 - b. Before we flew back to Ho Chi Minh City at 7pm, we went to Dong Xuan Market.
 - c. We went to Dong Xuan Market in order that we flew back to Ho Chi Minh City at 7pm.
 - d. As we went to Dong Xuan Market, we flew back to Ho Chi Minh City at 7pm.
7. You need to plan your trip to South America carefully. You don't spend all your money too quickly.
 - a. You need to plan your trip to America carefully so that you don't spend all your money too quickly.
 - b. You need to plan your trip to America carefully although you don't spend all your money too quickly.
 - c. You need to plan your trip to America carefully as you don't spend all your money too quickly.
 - d. Even though you need to plan your trip to America carefully, you don't spend all your

- money too quickly.
8. Richard is very wealthy. He can afford to buy almost anything he wants.
- Although Richard is very wealthy, he can afford to buy almost anything he wants.
 - Richard is so wealthy that he can afford to buy almost anything he wants.
 - Richard is very wealthy so that he can afford to buy almost anything he wants.
 - Richard can afford to buy almost anything he wants, but he is very wealthy.
9. Lacquering is a uniquely-performed _____ in Viet Nam.
- tradition
 - production
 - culture
 - craft
10. The drawing and printing techniques have been _____ and inherited over many generations.
- preserved
 - stored
 - prevented
 - treated
11. There is a _____ of employment opportunities in a city.
- type
 - variety
 - group
 - change
12. Skillful hand-weaving techniques of the local _____ make Dinh An sedge mats a wonderful souvenir for visitors.
- artists
 - actors
 - artefacts
 - artisans
13. Maybe we are worried about something so our _____ keeps wandering over to a particular issue.
- brain
 - heart
 - feeling
 - mind
14. The bamboo used to make conical hats must be split into very thin strings and _____ then put into water _____ they can avoid tearing and any breakage.
- because
 - because of
 - so that
 - therefore
15. To consider an idea or a suggestion before deciding to accept it is to _____.
- look it up
 - look through
 - think it over
 - take it up
16. "Do you _____ your new classmate, or do you two argue?"
- get on with
 - think it over
 - face up to
 - keep up with
17. All of my teachers, friends and relatives are asking me continually what careers I am interested in and I'm struggling to _____ a decision.
- do
 - answer
 - take
 - offer
18. I am unsure as to _____ fashion designing is the right career for me.
- whether
 - what
 - where
 - how
19. Studies show that having good conflict _____ skills is associated with various positive outcomes.
- resolutorial
 - resolving
 - resolve
 - resolution
20. For most of us, however, positive thinking and _____ can be learned.
- self-awareness
 - self-abuse
 - self-access
 - self-analysis