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GLOBAL ENGLISH 6: UNIT 4 – INVENTIONS VOCABULARY 2

A. VOCABULARY

Lưu ý: Các từ vựng mở rộng thầy cô cho ghi trong vở (nếu có) và các từ vựng mở rộng trong phiếu để có chú thích nghĩa: Con về nhà chép mỗi từ 1 dòng để ghi nhớ nhé.

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	thrilled at (adj)	phấn khích về một điều gì đó	9	creative (adj)	sáng tạo
2	genius (n)	thiên tài	10	run a competition	tổ chức một cuộc thi
3	stride (v)	sải bước	11	display (v)	trưng bày
4	invention (n)	sự phát minh/ sáng chế	12	gasp in amazement (v)	thở gấp vì ngạc nhiên
5	device (n)	thiết bị	13	laugh at (phr.v)	cười nhạo
6	nasty (adj)	xấu xa	14	turn into (phr.v)	biến thành
7	out of sight	khuất khỏi tầm nhìn	15	think of/ about (phr.v)	suy nghĩ về ai/ điều gì
8	hostile (adj)	thù địch	16	sum up (phr.v)	tóm tắt, tổng kết

***Note:** *n = noun: danh từ; v = verb: động từ; adj = adjective: tính từ; phr.v = phrasal verb: cụm động từ*

***Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chỉnh phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ 1 dòng vào vở ghi.**

B. HOMEWORK

I. Fill in the blanks with the given words/ phrases in the box. Change the forms of the words if necessary.

out of	laugh	think	invention	stride	display
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- The students laughed at the funny story that the teacher told them.
- We _____ across the snowy fields yesterday.
- She's _____ of changing her job.
- She proudly _____ her certificate to her parents after she got home.
- John turned to look back, but by then Rosie was _____ sight.
- This new _____ has enormous (to lớn) sales potential (tiềm năng).

II. Match to make meaningful sentences.

0. We waved until	a. the car was out of sight.
1. She was thrilled at	b. an opportunity to display their work.
2. The exhibition gives local artists	c. think about other people?
3. Fax machines were a	d. the idea of flying to Europe.
4. Don't you ever	e. into an <i>advantage</i> (lợi thế).
5. The problem turned	f. wonderful invention at the time.

0- a	1-	2-	3-	4-	5-
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III. Circle the correct answer.

0. Let's take the kids to the science _____.

(A) fair

B. comfort

C. satellite

1. They use _____ ways to market their services to customers.

A. creative

B. thrilled

C. amazement

2. He was extremely _____ towards her. He's so rude!

A. genius

B. stride

C. hostile

3. Ralph _____ in amazement as they *announced* (công bố) him as the winner of the competition.

A. turned

B. gasped

C. strode

4. In a flash of pure _____, she realized the answer to the problem.

A. genius

B. device

C. invention

5. Don't be so _____ to your brother – he's four years younger than you!

A. ordinary

B. nasty

C. laugh at

IV. Complete the words/ phrases using the clues given.

0. an object or a piece of equipment that has been designed to do a particular job	D E V I C E
1. aggressive or unfriendly and ready to <i>argue</i> (cãi nhau) or fight	H _ _ _ _ L _
2. unusually great intelligence, skill or <i>artistic</i> (nghệ thuật) ability	_ E _ _ U _
3. to make somebody/ something seem stupid or not serious by making jokes about them/ it	L _ _ _ _ A _
4. to walk with long steps in a <i>particular</i> (cụ thể) direction	_ T R _ _ _
5. unkind; unpleasant	N _ _ _ Y

V. Put the letters in brackets into the correct order to complete the sentences.

0. You can't solve (E S V O L) anything by just running away.

1. I can't go into work looking like this - everyone will _____ (L U H G A) at me.

2. Do you have any ideas? You're the _____ (C E V E A T I R) one.

3. Can I just _____ (S M U) up what we've agreed so far?

4. He's not exactly _____ (L H R I T D L E) at the *prospect* (viễn cảnh) of working for his old *rival* (đối thủ).

5. This _____ (E C E D I V) allows deaf people to communicate by typing messages instead of speaking.

VI. Rearrange the words/ phrases to make meaningful sentences.

0. motivation / They / study. / to / lack

→ _____ *They lack motivation to study.* _____

1. a few / sentences. / up / in / summed / can / The storyline / be

→ _____

2. prisoner / looked / hostile / The / at him / silence. / in

→ _____

3. electronic device / It / an / many uses. / is / with

→ _____

4. the / display / They / which / the images. / look at / computer screens

→ _____

5. is thrilled / the news / is pregnant. / at / his wife / Brooks / that

→ _____

Part 4

Questions 16–20

Five sentences have been removed from the text below.

For each question, choose the correct answer.

There are three extra sentences which you do not need to use.

- A** They start by making sure the hive is kept clean and tidy.
- B** So most of the bees die during the summer.
- C** Then they'll act as nurse to newborn bees.
- D** They do this by controlling the temperature.
- E** Slowly they move further and further away from the hive.
- F** But you should always take care around worker bees.
- G** She can live for five years and lays eggs for future generations.
- H** They will make sure that only bees in the family enter

Honey Bees

Honey bees are incredible insects and the worker bee perhaps the most interesting of all. You can be forgiven for not knowing about the lifestyle of these creatures while you enjoy your honey at breakfast. So here are some facts to consider the next time you buy a jar.

We all know that activity in the hive focuses on the queen. **16** But it's the workers, who have much shorter lives during the summer period and may only survive for up to six weeks, who do all the work.

Worker bees are female and during the first few weeks of their lives, when they are referred to as 'house bees', they will take on many different duties. **17** For example, they'll clean the cells where they were born and make sure bees that have died are removed. **18** Finally, they'll make sure the needs of the queen bee are met.

Towards the second half of their lives, the focus of their duties changes. They'll begin by acting as guard to the hive. **19** Then they'll move on to becoming 'field bees' when they'll leave the hive to collect nectar. However, this journey doesn't start until they have made sure they'll recognise the hive on their return.

They start by taking a short flight in front of the hive, flying backwards and forwards, up and down, getting a clear idea of where the hive is and what it looks like. **20** This careful approach is probably very wise as their search for nectar will take them a long way from home.

PART 5

Con hãy làm bài nghe theo link sau:
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OihUhHvw4W8>

QUESTIONS 21–25

For each question, choose the correct answer.

You will hear Gregory talking to Angelika about some things he has bought for his new house. What is he going to put in each place?

Example:

0 garden

H

Places

21 dining room

22 bathroom

23 bedroom

24 living room

25 kitchen

Things

A bookcase

B clock

C cupboard

D curtains

E lamp

F mirror

G seat

H table

I. Write the correct English meaning of the Vietnamese word or phrase.

No.	Vietnamese	English
1.	xoa dịu, làm thoải mái (v)	c_____
2.	tuyệt vời, phi thường (adj)	f_____
3.	sự chế nhạo (n)	j_____
4.	há hốc mồm (vì bị sốc hay ngạc nhiên) (adj)	o_____ - m_____
5.	la bàn (n)	c_____

II. Circle the correct answer.

- Your daughter doesn't take _____ you at all.
A. in B. after
- She went over to the crying child and picked her _____.
A. on B. up
- I look forward _____ hearing from you.
A. to B. for
- He's amazingly cheerful despite all the things he's had to go _____.
A. back B. through
- Our car broke _____ and we had to push it off the road.
A. down B. up

Lưu ý: Với những từ con không nhớ và viết sai, con chép từ đó vào vở 2 dòng.