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GLOBAL ENGLISH 4

UNIT 3 – HOMES: GRAMMAR 1

Lưu ý: Các từ vựng mới rộng thầy cô cho ghi trong vở (nếu có); con về nhà chép mỗi từ **1 dòng** để ghi nhớ nhé.

A. GRAMMAR

I. Infinitive of purpose (Nguyên mẫu chỉ mục đích)

- **Cách dùng:** thường được dùng để giải thích mục đích của một hành động hoặc của một việc nào đó.
- **Ví dụ:**

Action	Why?
– They used recycled materials ... (Họ đã sử dụng vật liệu tái chế ...)	→ ... to build the house. ... để xây dựng ngôi nhà.)
– The house has got solar panels ... (Ngôi nhà đã có tấm pin mặt trời ...)	→ ... to provide energy and save money. ... để cung cấp năng lượng và tiết kiệm tiền.)

II. Yes / No questions in Present Simple (Be / Do / Does) (Câu hỏi Yes / No trong thì Hiện tại đơn (Be / Do / Does))

	BE (am / is / are)	DO	DOES
Cách dùng	Dùng để hỏi về nhân dạng, hình dạng, nơi chốn và những hoạt động và tình huống ở hiện tại.	Dùng để hỏi về những sự thật/thực tế về người, nơi chốn hay vật (thường đi với các chủ ngữ như I, They, We, You ; danh từ số nhiều).	Dùng để hỏi về những sự thật/thực tế về người, nơi chốn hay vật (thường đi với các chủ ngữ số ít như He, She, It ; danh từ số ít; danh từ không đếm được).
	Đóng vai trò vừa là động từ chính vừa là trợ động từ trong câu, dùng để kết nối chủ ngữ với tính từ/ danh từ/ cụm giới từ (at home, on the table, etc.), mang nghĩa “là, thì, ở”.	Đóng vai trò là trợ động từ nghi vấn của câu chứa động từ chỉ hành động.	
Công thức	To be + S + Adj / N?	Do + S + V-inf?	Does + S + V-inf?
	→ Yes, S + to be.	→ Yes, S + do.	→ Yes, S + does.
	→ No, S + to be + not.	→ No, S + do + not.	→ No, S + does + not.
Ví dụ	Are these flowers beautiful?	Do you smoke?	Does running hurt your knees?
	→ Yes, they are.	→ Yes, I do.	→ Yes, it does.
	→ No, they are not.	→ No, I do not.	→ No, it does not.

❖ **Note:** Adj = Adjective: Tính từ, N = Noun: Danh từ, V-inf = Infinitive: Động từ nguyên mẫu.

B. HOMEWORK

I. Match the two halves of the sentence.

~~0. The house has got solar panels~~

1. Why do you turn off the lights?
2. Ben is catching a train
3. Why is Alex buying flowers?
4. I am working hard
5. In class, we work in groups

A. to pass my exams.

~~B. to provide energy and save money.~~

C. To give to his mum.

D. to share our ideas.

E. to visit his grandma.

F. To save energy.

Your answer

0 - <u>B</u>	1 - _____	2 - _____	3 - _____	4 - _____	5 - _____
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II. Complete the text with the words in the box.

water	learn	relax	grow	to	to	play
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My favorite place at school is the area outside. It has something for everyone! There is a big field to (0) play football and do other sports. There is a playground (1) _____ play games and run around, and a small garden with picnic tables to (2) _____ and talk with our friends. We have another garden to (3) _____ vegetables and there is a big water tub (4) _____ collect rainwater. We collect rainwater to (5) _____ the vegetables. We also have some chickens to provide eggs. Our teacher says the garden and chicken help us to (6) _____ where food comes from!

III. Fill in the blanks with the Yes/No question structure. (Con không sử dụng dạng viết tắt của các trợ động từ ở thể phủ định.)

0. Is your aunt a nurse? - Yes, she is.

1. _____ you have a pet? - No, _____.
2. _____ those shoes beautiful? - Yes, _____.
3. _____ your sister like pizza? - No, _____.
4. _____ Linh's sisters at home? - Yes, _____.
5. _____ you a teacher? - No, _____.

IV. Join two sentences using an infinitive of purpose.

0. They used recycled materials. They wanted to build the house.

→ They used recycled materials to build the house.

1. Lina always unplugs (rút phích cắm) her charger. She wants to save energy.

→ _____.

2. There are solar panels on the roof. They provide energy for heating.
→ _____.
3. The builders used mud (*bùn*) and stone. They wanted to build a wall.
→ _____.
4. I went to Japan. I wanted to learn Japanese.
→ _____.
5. She made a cake. She wanted to please her friend.
→ _____.

V. Choose the underlined part in each sentence (A, B or C) that needs correcting.

0. They used recycled materials to building the house.

- A. recycled B. to **C. building**

1. They study a lot get good marks.
A. study B. get C. good marks
2. Lola are saving money to buy her mum a present.
A. are B. to C. buy
3. Do she collect wood to build a treehouse?
A. Do B. collect C. to build
4. Ravi closed the window keeping his bedroom warm.
A. closed B. keeping C. warm
5. Does the house has a window in the roof to let in more light?
A. Does B. has C. to let

VI. Choose the correct the answer.

0. _____ your aunt a nurse?

- A. Is** B. Are C. Am

1. _____ there a restaurant near your house?
A. Do B. Is C. Are
2. Is your room _____? - No, it is not. It is small.
A. beautiful B. nice C. big
3. _____ your mother work at school? - No, she does not. She works in the hospital.
A. Does B. Do C. A & B
4. _____ you read book after school? - No, I do not. I do my homework.
A. Is B. Are C. Do
5. That building looks interesting. Is it a museum? - _____.
A. Yes, it are. B. No, it does not. C. No, it is not.

Look at the picture and read the story. Write some words to complete the sentences about the story. You can use 1, 2, 3 or 4 words.

Robert and the cave house



Last year, Robert went on holiday to a very old village near the mountains. It was famous because, a long time ago, people lived in caves there. When Robert and his parents arrived at their hotel, they found some photos of the cave houses in their room. They looked very interesting and the next morning they got up early to go and visit them.

When they went inside the first cave house, Robert was unhappy because it was very dark inside. But after a few minutes, he could see the old rock walls and some funny rock stairs too. It was very interesting.

Suddenly, Robert heard something above his head. He looked up and saw three bats. 'Mum! Dad! There are bats in this cave,' he whispered.

'Well, bats like living in caves too,' his mother answered. 'It's OK. They won't hurt you. Come and look at this.' Robert's mother took a big torch out of her rucksack and pointed it at one of the walls. There were some beautiful paintings of the people and the animals that lived there thousands of years ago.

'Wow!' said Robert. 'Would you like to live in a cave, Mum?'
'No!' she laughed. 'I don't want to live in a cold, dark place like this,' she said. 'It smells horrible in here too. I like my nice new house. Come on! Let's go back to the hotel.'

Examples

The village that Robert visited was near mountains

Some people lived in caves there a long time ago.

Questions

- 1 In the hotel room, there were of cave houses.
- 2 Robert and his parents the next morning because they wanted to go and see the caves.
- 3 Robert felt when he first went into the cave.
- 4 Robert saw and heard some, which lived in the cave.
- 5 Robert's mother had a in her rucksack.
- 6 The paintings were on inside the cave house.
- 7 Robert's mum prefers living in her

Look at the picture and read the story. Write some words to complete the sentences about the story. You can use 1, 2, 3 or 4 words.

The family in the tree



William loves going to stay with Grandma and Grandpa. They live on a farm in the countryside. Last summer when he was there, his grandpa helped him to make a house in one of the trees. They put a little chair into it and William played in his tree house every day.

William and his parents went to the farm again last weekend. William ran to the tree to see his house. It was full of leaves so he had to get a brush and clean the floor. When William looked in the corner of the house he saw five small eggs, which were on some dry grass on a little chair.

He climbed down the tree and ran to get his grandpa. 'Come and see,' he shouted.

Grandpa came to see the eggs. 'Can I take them back to your house?' asked William. 'No,' Grandpa said. 'Let's wait for the mother bird.'

William and his grandpa sat quietly in the tree house and waited. Then a grey and white bird came back to the eggs.

William had to go home the next day, but three days later his grandma phoned him, 'Come back to the farm quickly!' she said.

William's mum took him to the farm in the car after school. They climbed the tree very quietly and they looked into the tree house very carefully. There were five little baby birds on the chair.

Examples

William's grandparents live on a farm

When William visited his grandparents, he made a tree house
with his grandpa.

Questions

- 1 Last weekend William had to brush a lot of
..... off the floor.
- 2 After William cleaned the tree house, he saw some
..... on the dry grass on the chair.
- 3 didn't let William take them home.
- 4 The bird that came back to the eggs was
.....
- 5 phoned William a few days after he
went home.
- 6 William and his mum went to the farm by
.....
- 7 When William went to the farm again, he saw
..... in the tree house.

I. Fill in the gaps with the COMPARATIVE or SUPERLATIVE forms of the adjectives in brackets to complete the following sentences.

0. Pluto is the iciest (icy) planet in the solar system.

1. His illness is _____ (serious) than we thought at first.
2. My friend is much _____ (pretty) than me.
3. The summer this year is _____ (dry) ever.
4. This athlete is _____ (strong) than his competitor.
5. In my childhood, my aunt was _____ (thin), but now she is rather fat.

II. Write sentences with the given words.

0. He / like / play / all kinds of sports.

→ He likes playing all kind of sports.

1. Jenny / love / plant trees / her free time.

→ _____.

2. They / enjoy / listen to the radio / Saturday.

→ _____.

3. Bob / hope / travel / to Europe / next time.

→ _____.

4. We / keen on / cook / Vietnamese food.

→ _____.

5. I / into / read / comic books.

→ _____.