

Roman Literature, Language, Law, and Structures

Matching: Match the terms on the left with their correct meanings on the right

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|-------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. ___ Aqueducts | 10. ___ Decemvirs | 18. ___ Latin |
| 2. ___ 13BC | 11. ___ Underground sewers | 19. ___ Bridges |
| 3. ___ Arches | 12. ___ Pantheon | 20. ___ Christianity |
| 4. ___ Eternal City | 13. ___ Arches | 21. ___ The Arch and Concrete |
| 5. ___ Latin | 14. ___ Bridges | 22. ___ Customs and Traditions |
| 6. ___ Concrete | 15. ___ Underground sewers | 23. ___ Decemvirs |
| 7. ___ Temples | 16. ___ Roman System of Laws | 24. ___ Roadways |
| 8. ___ Greek scholars | 17. ___ Customs and Traditions | 25. ___ Justinian Code |
| 9. ___ Roman Literature | | 26. ___ St. Peters & St. Sophia |

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| A. language of the Romans | T. Roman Law, the legal code of ancient Rome that was the basis for many modern systems of civil law language |
| B. Roman literature was influenced by ___ | U. influenced by Greek Scholars |
| C. Roman laws were based on ___ | V. Ten men who were appointed to prepare a code of laws |
| D. Ten men who were appointed to prepare a code of laws | W. equal rights, fair trial, and all persons were equal before the law |
| E. The Roman emperor Justinian arranged all of the laws of Rome known as the ___ | X. two achievements of Roman engineering |
| F. equal rights, fair trial, and all persons were equal before the law | Y. supported structures like bridges and aqueducts |
| G. two achievements of Roman engineering | Z. provided strong building material for walls and vaults |
| H. supported structures like bridges and aqueducts | AA. temple for the Gods, one of the first structures to be built with a dome |
| I. provided strong building material for walls and vaults | BB. Rome was known as the ___ |
| J. temple for the Gods, one of the first structures to be built with a dome | CC. paved with durable materials and have been around for 2000 years |
| K. Rome was known as the ___ | DD. means "Water Carriers" in Latin, used to bring water into the city |
| L. paved with durable materials and have been around for 2000 years | EE. built to cross a river or valley |
| M. means "Water Carriers" in Latin, used to bring water into the city | FF. The first Roman aqueduct was built in ___ |
| N. built to cross a river or valley | GG. used to carry off dirt and waste water and empty it somewhere that would not do any harm or cause sickness. |
| O. The first Roman aqueduct was built in ___ | HH. A structure built by the Romans for worship |
| P. used to carry off dirt & waste water and empty it somewhere that would not do any harm or cause sickness. | II. The state religion of the Roman Empire |
| Q. A structure built by the Romans for worship | JJ. Churches built in Rome and Constantinople |
| R. The state religion of the Roman Empire | KK. the legal code of ancient Rome that was the basis for many modern systems of civil law |
| S. Churches built in Rome and Constantinople | |