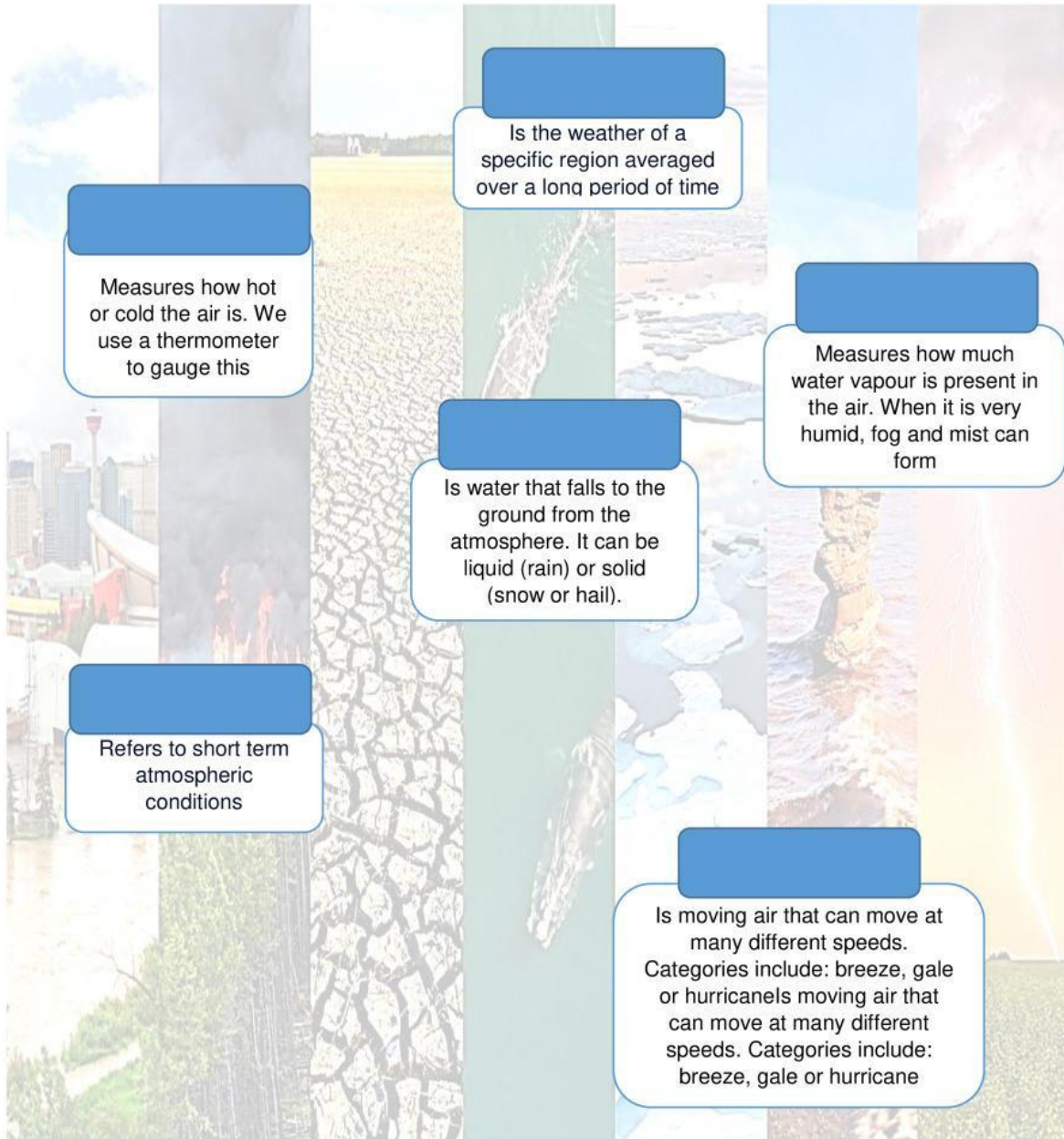


1. MATCH THE CONCEPTS TO THEIR DEFINITION.



TEMPERATURE	PRECIPITATION	WEATHER
WIND	HUMIDITY	CLIMATE

Is the weather of a specific region averaged over a long period of time

Measures how hot or cold the air is. We use a thermometer to gauge this

Measures how much water vapour is present in the air. When it is very humid, fog and mist can form

Is water that falls to the ground from the atmosphere. It can be liquid (rain) or solid (snow or hail).

Refers to short term atmospheric conditions

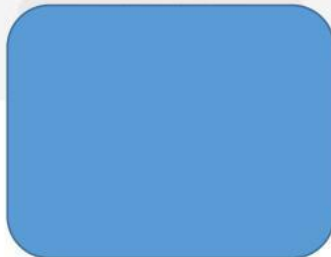
Is moving air that can move at many different speeds. Categories include: breeze, gale or hurricane

2. MATCH THE PHOTOS WITH THE CLIMATE

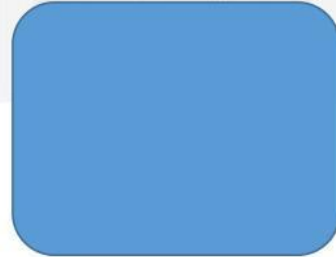
Tropical climates are hot and humid all year. Countries near the equator are in the tropical climate zone. They don't have four seasons: they only have rainy and dry seasons.



Temperate climates usually have winters that aren't very cold and summers that aren't very hot. Countries in the temperate climate zone have four seasons: winter, spring, summer and autumn.



Polar climates are cold all year and there is always snow and ice. In winter the temperatures can be as low as -50°C and it's dark all the time. In summer there is sun nearly all day, but it's very weak, so it's still cold.



3. READ THE TEXT AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS.

- A. Which climate zone has rainy and dry seasons? _____
- B. When is it dark all day in the polar climate zone? _____
- C. To see autumn, which climate zone should you visit? _____