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Class: S7

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GLOBAL ENGLISH 7: UNIT 3 – WHAT WE WEAR, WHAT WE WASTE GRAMMAR 2

A. NEW LESSON

Lưu ý: Các từ vựng mở rộng thầy cô cho ghi trong vở (nếu có) và các từ vựng mở rộng trong phiếu để có chủ thích nghĩa: Con về nhà chép mỗi từ 1 dòng để ghi nhớ nhé.

I. Động từ khuyết thiếu và động từ bán khuyết thiếu

1. Động từ khuyết thiếu

- Động từ khuyết thiếu diễn tả khả năng xảy ra cái gì, ý định, khả năng làm việc gì hoặc sự cần thiết. Chúng được dùng với động từ chính và sẽ thay đổi nhẹ ý nghĩa của động từ.

- Vì là động từ trợ, chúng không thể đứng một mình. Một động từ khuyết thiếu có thể đứng một mình khi ta đã biết đâu là động từ chính từ ngữ cảnh.

- Có 9 động từ khuyết thiếu gốc: **will, shall, can, could, may, might, must, would, should**. Hôm nay ta sẽ học 8 từ đầu tiên.

2. Động từ bán khuyết thiếu

- Động từ bán khuyết thiếu có những đặc điểm của cả động từ khuyết thiếu và động từ chính.

- Có 5 động từ bán khuyết thiếu chính: **need, ought to, have (got) to, dare, used to**. Hôm nay ta sẽ học 3 từ đầu tiên.)

CẤU TRÚC CHUNG CỦA MODAL VERB

Khẳng định: S + Modal Verb + V-inf + O.

Phủ định: S + Modal Verb + (not/n't) + V-inf + O.

Nghi vấn: Modal Verb + S + V-inf + O?

* **Notes:** S: chủ ngữ; V-inf: động từ nguyên thể; O: tân ngữ

Types	Modal verbs	Examples
Strong obligation (bắt buộc mạnh)	must, will, have (got) to	Will you turn down the volume, please?
Weak obligation (bắt buộc yếu)	should, ought to, might	Might I help you?
Necessity (sự cần thiết)	don't have to, needn't, need to	You don't have to wake up early today.
Possibility (sự có thể)	can, could, may, might	It could get very hot in Hanoi.
Prohibition (sự cấm đoán)	mustn't, can't	You can't go to the cinema with John.
Suggestion (sự gợi ý)	should, shall	Shall we hang out tonight?

II. MADE FROM và MADE OF

- Ta dùng **"made from"** khi nguyên liệu gốc đã thay đổi hoàn toàn.

Ex: Paper is **made from** trees. (Sau khi được thành phẩm là giấy, ta không thể thấy được hình dạng ban đầu của gỗ nữa.)

- Ta dùng **"made of"** nếu ta vẫn có thể nhìn nhận ra nguyên liệu gốc trong sản phẩm.

Ex: This house is **made of** bricks. (Ta vẫn nhận ra được những viên gạch được dùng để xây nhà.)

B. HOMEWORK

I. Complete the sentences with CAN / CAN'T / COULD / COULDN'T and the following words

eat	come	hear	run	sleep	wait
-----	------	------	-----	-------	------

0. I'm afraid I can't come to your party next week.

- When Dan was 16, he _____ 100 meters in 11 seconds.
- 'Are you in a hurry?' – 'No, I have got plenty of time. I _____.'
- I was feeling sick yesterday. I _____ anything.
- Can you speak a little louder? I _____ you very well.
- 'You look tired.' – 'Yes, I _____ last night.'

II. Choose the correct forms (DON'T HAVE TO, MUSTN'T) to complete the sentences below

- You don't have to apologise; it is not necessary.
- You _____ smoke in here; smoking is not allowed in this restaurant.
- Visitors that come to the zoo _____ feed the animals.
- You _____ put salt in her food; the doctor said she couldn't eat salt.
- I _____ wear a tie. However, I wear it because it makes me feel more mature.
- I _____ be late. It is the most important meeting of the year.

III. Circle the correct answer

- I couldn't sleep _____ night because of the noise.
A. in B. on C. at
- Plastic is made _____ oil.
A. of B. from C. in
- Nicole has a car, but she _____ drive. She has to learn how to drive it.
A. can't B. can C. must
- Mary: Where's Ben?
John: I'm not sure. He _____ in his office. I saw him there 10 minutes ago.
A. will be B. may be C. might be
- Sarah _____ play the piano when she was a kid. Now, she can't.
A. could B. can C. should
- She wore a beautiful necklace made _____ silver.
A. from B. of C. at

IV. Correct these underlined phrases (using short form). If the phrase is correct, write "OK"

- We have plenty of time. We don't need hurry. → We don't need to hurry
- Keep it a secret. You mustn't tell anybody. → _____
- You mustn't lock the door. It's alright to leave it unlocked. → _____
- You mustn't wait for me. You go on and I'll join you later. → _____
- I needn't say anything, so I keep quiet. → _____
- You needn't to shout. I can hear you perfectly. → _____

V. Complete these sentences using MAY / MIGHT and the following words. Capitalize the first letter if necessary

be	broken	ask	go	have	make
----	--------	-----	----	------	------

- I'm not sure but I think my camera might be broken.
- I don't know where your gloves are. They _____ in the kitchen.

2. _____ I _____ your attention, please?
3. _____ I _____ you a question?
4. You _____ one telephone call.
5. _____ I _____ out, please?

VI. Rearrange these words into meaningful sentences

0. umbrella / an / It / with / go out. / rain / you / Take / might / you / later. / when

→ _____ **Take an umbrella with you when you go out. It might rain later.** _____

1. Bill / get / He / at / four. / has to / starts work / up / at 5 a.m.

→ _____

2. not working / so / tomorrow, / I'm / have to / get / don't / early. / I / up

→ _____

3. now / or / You / to bed / you / should go / late / tomorrow. / will be

→ _____

4. You / our plan. / mustn't / about / anyone / tell

→ _____

5. must / the / We / not / children. / wake

→ _____

PART 2 Questions 6-10

For each question, choose the correct answer.

The people below all want to do a part-time course at college. There are eight reviews.
Decide which course would be the most suitable for each person below.



6. Jack is eighteen. He works in a supermarket but he'd really like to get a job in a bank. He'd like to do a course that will help him get a better job.

6



7. Cathy is a police officer. She would like to do something relaxing that will take her mind off her work. She would enjoy doing something creative but without having to use her brain too much.

7



8. Daniel is 36 years old. He spends all day sitting at a computer and is putting on a lot of weight. He'd like to do something to help him lose weight and also sociable in order to meet people.

8



9. Debbie has two children who have just started school. She regrets not going to college and hopes to get a job when her children are older. She would like to work with children.

9



10. Rupert is 68 years old. He has retired but he used to be an architect. He has just bought a cottage in the countryside which he is slowly renovating because it is in bad condition.

10

College Courses

A. Chess for beginners

A great pastime for all ages. Come and exercise your mind and make new friends at the same time. Learn from an ex-British chess champion who has played against some of the greatest players.

Classes every Monday evening from 7-9 p.m., or Wednesday morning 9.30-11.30 a.m.

B. Basketball (for men and women)

Come and have a great workout as well as a lot of fun.

We offer beginners and advanced classes.

Experienced instructors.

Join the team and take part in weekend league competitions.

Transport provided, free of charge, to games.

Tues/Thurs evening 7-9 p.m.

League matches, Sunday afternoons.

C. Gardening

Make your garden a paradise to be proud of. In this course you will not only learn how to grow plants but you will also learn which plants go well together, both aesthetically and naturally. You can then create the 'perfect garden'. All your neighbours will be jealous of your new garden!

Mon and Fri 9 a.m. - 12 p.m.

D. Fine Art

This course will give you a taste of drawing, painting, sculpture and even pottery. You will be given basic guidance and then encouraged to develop your own ideas and creative skills.

All materials are provided as part of the course.

Tues and Friday mornings 10 a.m. - 1 p.m.

E. Becoming a Teaching Assistant

This course will prepare you for many aspects of life in the classroom. You will learn about teaching basic reading, writing and mathematics at primary level; that is ages 4 to 11. You will get to spend some mornings in a local primary school, working with experienced teachers. This is an excellent choice for those who want to become qualified teachers in the future.

F. Basic car maintenance

Learn how to fix small problems on your car. Basics, such as checking the oil and changing a tyre, are all covered. You will also learn how to detect potential problems. Make your car safer and save yourself money by doing this highly practical course.

Weds and Fri afternoons 3-6 p.m.

G. Basic Computing

This course starts at two levels. The first is for absolute beginners who have never used a computer, and the second level is for people who have a very basic knowledge of computers but want to develop their skills for home, study or work reasons.

Monday and Wednesday evenings 7-10 p.m.

H. Creative Writing

Find the poet or novelist hidden deep inside you. In this course you will be taught by a published poet and a published author. They will offer you guidelines on how to improve and develop your writing skills as well as tips on how to approach publishers or agents. Only for serious professionals.

Mon, Weds, Thurs afternoons 2-5 p.m.

PART 4 Questions 20-25

For each question, choose the correct answer.

Con hãy làm bài nghe theo link sau (từ 24p26s – hết):

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MR-YbZMMoX4&t=603s>

You will hear a radio interview with a young sports star, called Michael.

- 20. When Michael got his first bike**
- A. he fell off it all the time.
 - B. he rode it whenever he could.
 - C. he went for rides with his big brother.
- 21. What does Michael say about his cycling career?**
- A. It's always been easy for him.
 - B. He almost gave up.
 - C. He couldn't have done it without his parents.
- 22. What is the most difficult thing for Michael?**
- A. not seeing his friends very often
 - B. getting up early in the morning
 - C. going to the gym every day
- 23. What does Michael say a professional athlete must do?**
- A. eat healthy food
 - B. sleep a lot
 - C. go to the gym every day
- 24. What does Michael sometimes do to relax?**
- A. read a book
 - B. play sports
 - C. watch films
- 25. In the future, Michael plans to**
- A. give up being involved with cycling.
 - B. train young cyclists.
 - C. win as many competitions as possible.

I. Write the correct English meaning of the Vietnamese word or phrase

No.	Vietnamese	English
1.	dây đeo (n)	s _____
2.	áo khoác có mũ (n.phr)	h _____ j _____
3.	quần thể thao (n.phr)	t _____ b _____
4.	vòng cổ (n)	n _____
5.	cổ áo (n)	c _____

II. Circle the correct answer

1. I didn't _____ what he said so I discussed it further with him.

A. look up

B. agree with

C. consist of

2. My father always taught me to _____ elderly people.

A. do up

B. look up

C. look up to

3. She _____ going out of the home with no hat on. It was sunny and she regretted it.

A. insisted on

B. took off

C. tried on

4. _____ your coat and hang it on the rack over there.

A. Put off

B. Take off

C. Turn off

5. You can use a calculator to _____ the math solution.

A. bring out

B. turn out

C. work out

Lưu ý: Với những từ con không nhớ và viết sai, con chép từ đó vào vở 2 dòng.