

SPEAKING (20)

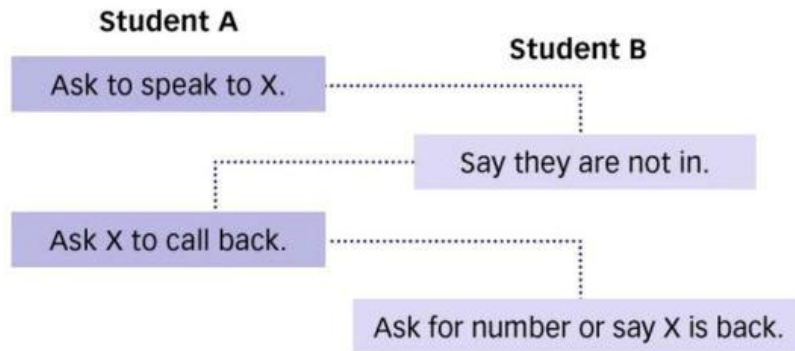
A. Work with a partner. Take turns to have two phone conversations. Use the prompts and the Language for speaking box to help you.

Conversation 1

Ask to speak to your friend, Misha.

Conversation 2

Ask to speak to the manager of a company.



LANGUAGE FOR SPEAKING on the phone

Informal
Hi (X), it's (Y). Is (Z) there?
I'm afraid she's not here at the moment.
Can you tell her to call me back, please?
Hang on a minute. I'll just get her.

Formal
Hello. Could I speak to the manager, please?
I'm afraid he's not available at the moment.
Could you ask him to call me back, please?
Could I have your number, please?

LISTENING (20)

B. Listen and circle the word you hear.

- | | | |
|------------|--------|-----------|
| 1. give | gave | given |
| 2. sing | sang | sung |
| 3. begin | began | begun |
| 4. drink | drank | drunk |
| 5. eat | ate | eaten |
| 6. speak | spoke | spoken |
| 7. draw | drew | drawn |
| 8. write | wrote | written |
| 9. see | saw | seen |
| 10. forget | forgot | forgotten |

C. Listen and circle the tense of the verb you hear.

1. present perfect / past simple
2. present perfect / past simple
3. present perfect / past simple
4. present perfect / past simple
5. present perfect / past simple
6. present perfect / past simple
7. present perfect / past simple
8. present perfect / past simple
9. present perfect / past simple
10. present perfect / past simple

WRITING/GRAMMAR (25)

D. Complete the text with the words in the boxes

Guan Jo

go go have play play

I learned to ¹ _____ the guitar when I was a child, but I didn't ² _____ in a band. I gave up the guitar when I was a teenager. Now I am older, my taste in music has changed. Nowadays I like more relaxed music, so I ³ _____ to classical concerts most weekends. I want to ⁴ _____ piano lessons because I love classical music. Next year, I'd like to ⁵ _____ to the annual classical music festival in Westerbridge Park.

E. Complete the text with the present perfect form of the verb in (brackets).

My family and art

My family all love art and we've done lots of different things over the years. My mother ¹ _____ (sing) in a choir for a long time now. They ² _____ (travel) all over the world and performed in many famous concert halls. Next year, they're going on a tour of Australia. And my father plays three instruments – the piano, guitar and saxophone. He ³ _____ (be) in a band for over twenty years, but they ⁴ _____ (not play) a concert for a long time. My sister and I aren't musical – we ⁵ _____ (not learn) to play any musical instruments very well. At school we were more interested in art. My sister became a graphic designer and she ⁶ _____ (work) for an animation company for five years. She ⁷ _____ (design) many cartoon animals for children's films. I studied painting at university, but I ⁸ _____ (not find) a job as a full-time artist because it's really difficult. Recently, I ⁹ _____ (start) working at a museum as a tour guide and I ¹⁰ _____ (sell) two of my paintings online.

F. Complete the conversations with the present perfect or the past simple form of the words in (brackets).

- A ¹ _____ (you / ever / go) to a book festival?

B Yes, I have. ² _____ (I / visit) Sydney last year and there was an international book festival.
- A ³ _____ (you / hear) the news about Steffen?

B No, what ⁴ _____ (happen) this time?

A Well, ⁵ _____ (he / drive) his car into the back of a bus yesterday evening on his way home from work.

B No way! That guy has so many accidents!

3. A My parents ⁶ _____ (live) in the same village since
⁷ _____ (they / meet) in 1967.
- B Really? That's amazing!
- A I know. ⁸ _____ (they / fall) in love with the place when they
 moved there and so ⁹ _____ (they / decide) to stay.
- B So, where do you live?
- A I live in a small town near my parents' village. I moved there when I was twenty-five
 and ¹⁰ _____ (I / live) there since then.

READING (20)

- G. Read the text. Decide if the sentences are true (T) or false (F). If there is no information about this, choose 'not given' (NG).**

Traditionally, when people think of art, they think of things like painting and drawing. However, nowadays there are many more forms of art and these new forms are becoming more popular. Here are some examples.

A. Sound art: This uses music or the sounds of nature to create art. It helps people enjoy the art through their feelings. Sound artists often put unusual sounds together to make new types of music which people haven't heard before. People listen to the sounds and think about how they make them feel.

B. Rock painting: This is a popular way to mix art and nature. Artists paint on rocks or stones they have found in the places near to where they live. The main idea is to help people feel more strongly about the natural world. Also, sometimes artists make models or objects with rocks.

C. Smoke art: This is a way of making pictures with smoke from oil lamps or candles. Many artists use smoke art to add light colours to their pictures and make them more beautiful. It is a difficult skill to learn.

D. Word art: Nowadays, many art galleries have pictures that use words. Artists like to use words to talk to the people that see their art. Sometimes people can write their own words and add them to the artwork or pictures.

1. New types of art are more popular than older forms. _____
2. People don't listen to sound art – they feel it. _____
3. Artists use rocks and stones to try to make others feel closer to nature. _____
4. Artists use smoke to make colours less dark. _____
5. In word art, artists speak about their art and explain it to people. _____

- H. Read the text again. Which art form matches each sentence? Write A, B, C or D. You need to use one art form twice.**

1. Artists use language on the paintings. _____
2. It uses things from nature to create new art. _____
3. People can close their eyes to experience a new kind of art for the first time. _____
4. This art form is not easy to do. _____
5. Artists use this to make their pictures more attractive. _____