

1 Find seven words in the wordsearch to match the definitions. Look →, ←, ↑ and ↓.

N	A	B	L	O	G	H	R	R
E	J	V	W	E	I	Y	E	R
W	E	B	S	I	T	E	P	I
S	T	R	J	P	E	R	A	N
P	O	D	C	A	S	T	P	U
R	F	G	E	R	A	W	S	A
E	O	I	D	A	R	U	W	I
S	P	H	A	C	R	T	E	D
S	M	A	G	A	Z	I	N	E
P	I	O	L	R	T	Y	I	M

- 1 *website* – a place on the Internet with information about a particular subject, person, organisation, etc.
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ – a website containing short articles called posts that are changed regularly
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ – a multimedia file, e.g. a radio programme, that can be downloaded or listened to online
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ – a large thin book with reports, photographs and stories, usually published once a month
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ – information and programmes that you can listen to at home or in the car
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ – radio, television, newspapers, the Internet and magazines, considered as a group
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_ – news, articles and other information, printed on paper and published every day

2 Choose the correct options.

**Have your say**

Do you read newspapers? Where do you get the news from?

**Danny G** I watch the news on TV because it  
1 *provides / delivers* updates daily. Online sites aren't always  
2 *reliable / straight* and sometimes they don't check the  
3 *headlines / sources* of their stories carefully, so what they say might not be true.

**Hatti Porter** I read serious newspapers, but I never read the  
4 *updates / tabloids*. They sometimes have quite funny  
5 *facts / headlines*, but they rarely get the facts  
6 *accurate / straight*.

**Amy Ann** I'm interested in newspapers, and I would love a career in journalism. I'd be happy to work for a newspaper or a TV or radio station, so I follow  
7 *current / breaking* events. People often criticise the broadcast media, but I think they allow everyone to know what is happening in the world.

**3** Translate into English.

- 1 Do you prefer reading interviews or articles (czytać wywiady czy artykuły)?
- 2 It is sometimes difficult (odróżnić fakty od fikcji)
- 3 The strikes were reported (przez większość serwisów informacyjnych)
- 4 What shall we put (na stronie tytułowej)
- 5 I mainly (czerpię informacje z mediów elektronicznych)
- 6 My grandparents (czytają regularnie dziennik)

basis

**4** Answer the questions.

- 1 Do you think that journalism would be an interesting career? Why/Why not?
- 2 What do you think is difficult about being a reporter?
- 3 As a TV interviewer, who would you like to choose for your interviewee? Why?

**5★** Complete the definitions with the names of people. Then match the names of people with what they say.

A person who

- a writes a blog is a blogger.
- b interviews someone is an interviewer.
- c answers questions during an interview is an interviewee.
- d reads the news is a newspaper reader.
- e reports current events is a journalist.

1 e:

'My job is to talk to different people and find out all the facts about a news story.'

2   :

'It's really difficult to think of good answers to questions when you're nervous!'

3   :

'I have my own website, and I write about different things each week. I have lots of followers online.'

4   :

'I have to think of the right questions to ask, so the people I'm talking to give the right information.'

5   :

'It's important for me to speak slowly and clearly, so everyone who is watching me can understand what I'm saying.'