

II. VOCABULARY AND EXPRESSIONS**A**

Directions: Choose the correct answers to complete the dialog.

Sandy: Hi, Tony, what a surprise to see you here. Where are you going?

Tony: Well, actually I want to **21.** (A) borrow some books
(B) prevent
(C) lend
from the library.

Sandy: Great. I'm going there, too. I need to **22.** (A) extend this book
(B) return
(C) explore
because it is due today. I haven't finished reading it, but I want to
avoid paying a **23.** (A) roller.
(B) deck.
(C) fine.

Tony: Can I see the book? Wow, it's in French, right? Can you read it?

Sandy: In fact, I can. I've **24.** (A) disturbed a French course near
(B) cradled
(C) attended
my house for almost a year now. I still have some trouble, but I want
to finish the book. I like the story. It's **25.** (A) disappointing.
(B) fascinating.
(C) exhausting.

Tony: Anyway, are you a new member of the library? I mean, I've never
seen you there before.

Sandy: I just **26.** (A) persuaded as a member three days ago.
(B) registered
(C) received

The **27.** (A) librarian told me I could use my card starting
(B) visitor
(C) attendant
today. I need to get some information for my homework.

Tony: Don't worry, I'm sure you'll find what you're looking for there. If not, you can **28.** (A) search for the information in the
(B) allow
(C) ride

Internet in the library. You only need to use your library membership number to **29.** (A) check out.
(B) wade in.
(C) log in.

Sandy: I'm not really good with computers. But, you will help me, right?

Tony: **30.** (A) Sorry, anything for a friend.
(B) Sure,
(C) Really,

Sandy: Thanks, buddy. I can't wait to get there. Let's go!

B.

Directions: Choose the correct answers to complete the letter.

Hi, Mandy, how are you and your family in Reno? Did you enjoy your holiday? My family and I made a/an **31.** (A) entrance to Bunaken,
(B) platform
(C) journey

a national marine park in North Sulawesi. We almost **32.** (A) missed
(B) drowned
(C) spit

the trip because of a traffic jam. When we arrived at the airport, it was

33. (A) stranded with people who also wanted to go on holiday.
(B) reserved
(C) crammed

When we arrived at our **34.** (A) destination, we could not
(B) remains,
(C) courage,

directly **35.** (A) get across into our hotel because there was a
(B) look for
(C) check in

problem with our **36.** (A) audience. It was already nine o'clock in
(B) reservation.
(C) performance.

the morning and we had to wait for three hours, before we could get into our rooms.

The next morning, we finally saw the beach. It was **37.** (A) magnificent.
(B) overdue.
(C) severe.

We had a lot of fun there. My sister and I went diving. But before that, we took a very short diving course so that we could see the beautiful

38. (A) bonfire in the clear sea water. We did not have to pay
(B) coral reefs
(C) breeding place

a **39.** (A) money order because it was part of the hotel service. We
(B) price tag
(C) course fee

really enjoyed ourselves there.

That's it from me right now. I'm still tired from the trip. Please tell me about your holiday.

Yours,
Anita

P.S. I've bought some beautiful postcards for you. I'll **40.** (A) send
(B) receive
(C) boast
them by mail tomorrow morning.

III. GRAMMAR

A.

Directions: Choose the answers which best complete the sentences.

41. My mom tells me that for our next vacation we (A) go
(B) will go
(C) were going
to Lombok.

42. The Borobudur Temple (A) was built by the Syailendra Dynasty
(B) was building
(C) is built
centuries ago.

43. The festival makes the street crowded not only with local people
(A) and also with tourists.
(B) but with tourists, too.
(C) but also with tourists.
44. My brother thinks that comic books are (A) interesting
(B) more interesting
(C) the most interesting
than novels.
45. Wisnu and Wina (A) were doing (B) are doing (C) did
their homework when the
phone rang.

B.

Directions: Choose the correct answers to complete the dialog.

Situation: *It's Monday morning. Sean, an exchange student from Australia, arrives at school after a long weekend. He meets his Indonesian friend, Tami.*

Tami: Hi, Sean. How was your weekend? Hey, you look exhausted.

Sean: My family and I just 46. (A) come (B) came (C) comes
back from our vacation
very late last night. I'm still tired.

Tami: Where did you go?

Sean: We 47. (A) spends (B) spend (C) spent
the weekend in Ujung Kulon. We got there
on Friday and had loads of fun. It was 48. (A) amazing (B) more amazing (C) the most amazing
vacation I've ever had.

- Tami: Yeah, the place **49.** (A) is really beautiful, isn't it? Some
(B) be
(C) was
- parts of it **50.** (A) were still not explored and still very
(B) still do not be explored
(C) still are not explored
- natural.
- Sean: Exactly. It still is. We left Ujung Kulon right after breakfast yesterday.
- Tami: Wow, that early? What was the problem then?
- 51.** (A) Do you stop by some places?
(B) Did you stop by
(C) Will you stop by
- Sean: No. The problem was with the traffic. The first three hours was
smooth. But when we got to the toll road, we **52.** (A) were stuck.
(B) are stuck.
(C) stick
- There were cars as far as I could see. To make it
- 53.** (A) worse, two trucks broke down in the middle of the
(B) the worst,
(C) the worse,
- road. They blocked the way. That's why we arrived home very late.
- Tami: Oh, that's too bad!

C.

Directions: Choose the correct answers to complete the passage.

- The Taj Mahal is a mausoleum located in Agra, India. It
- 54.** (A) was built under Mughal Emperor Shah Jahan for his wife,
(B) was build
(C) was building
- Mumtaz Mahal. The Taj Mahal is considered the **55.** (A) fine example
(B) finer
(C) finest
- of all Mughal architecture. It combines elements from Persian, Turkish, Indian,
an Islamic architectural styles. In 1983, the Taj Mahal **56.** (A) become
(B) became
(C) becoming

a UNESCO World Heritage Site and was cited as "the jewel of Muslim art in India."

As a tourist destination, the Taj Mahal 57. (A) attracting two to
(B) attracted
(C) attracts

four million visitors each year, with more than 200.000 from overseas. Most tourists visit it in October, November and February, when the air is

58. (A) cool than in other months. Polluting traffic is not allowed
(B) cooler
(C) the coolest

near the complex. Tourists 59. (A) will either walk from car parks
(B) must
(C) has to

or get on an electric bus. For security reasons, only five items are allowed inside the Taj Mahal. They are water in transparent bottles, small video cameras, still cameras, mobile phones and small ladies' purses.

Visitors 60. (A) must not bring other items into the complex.
(B) don't have to
(C) haven't to

IV. READING COMPREHENSION

Directions: Read the following articles and a letter. Choose the correct options to answer the questions.

A.

Pisces is the twelfth astrological sign in the Zodiac. It is represented by a pair of fish that is swimming in opposite directions. Pisces has been traditionally ruled by the planet Jupiter, but since its discovery, Neptune has been considered a modern ruler of this sign.

Pisceans are gentle and patient. They have many generous qualities and are friendly, good-natured, kind and compassionate, and sensitive to the feelings of those around them. They are popular with all kinds of people. Their easygoing and affectionate natures are not a threat to people with stronger and more energetic characters. They accept the people and the situations around them rather than trying to adjust them to suit themselves. They patiently wait for problems to be solved rather than take the initiative in solving them. They are more concerned with the problems of others than with their own.

Directions: Choose the best answers.

61. What is the symbol of Pisces?
(A) One fish swimming to a direction.
(B) Two fish swimming different ways.
(C) Two fish swimming to a direction.
62. Since when has Neptune become the ruling planet of Pisces?
(A) Since Jupiter ruled Pisces.
(B) Since it was discovered.
(D) Since the discovery of Pisces.
63. What is NOT TRUE about Pisceans according to the text?
(A) They are energetic.
(B) They are generous.
(C) They are strong.
64. Pisceans are popular among people because...
(A) they are gentle and patient.
(B) they are friendly and generous.
(C) they are easy going and affectionate.

65. The word *compassionate* is best replaced by...
- (A) generous.
 - (B) energetic.
 - (C) kind.
66. Which of the following statements is **TRUE** about the Pisceans.
- (A) They make efforts to solve problems.
 - (B) They ask others to solve their problems.
 - (C) They pay more attention to other person's problems.

B.

A few years ago, a city in the Netherlands had a garbage problem. The city had become so dirty because people had stopped using the trashcans. Cigarette butts, beer bottles, chocolate wrappers, newspapers, and other trash were littering the streets. The sanitation department tried to find ways to clean up the city. One idea was to double the fine for littering from 25 guilders to 50 guilders for each offense. They tried this, but it had little effect. Then somebody asked the following question, "What if our trashcans paid people money when they put their trash in? We could put a device on each can to do the job. Whenever a person put trash in the can, it would pay him 10 guilders." The idea surprised everyone. If the city employed the idea, it would go bankrupt.

Fortunately, the people kept thinking and asked themselves, "What other ways are there for rewarding people who put their garbage in the trashcans?" This question led to the following solution. The sanitation department developed electronic trashcans that can detect when a piece of garbage was dropped. This would **activate** a tape-recorder that would play a recorded joke. In other words, joke-telling trashcans! Different trashcans told different kinds of jokes and soon they developed reputations. The jokes were changed every two weeks. As a result, people threw their trash in the trashcans, and the town became clean again.

Directions: Choose the best answers.

67. What had the garbage problem?
- (A) A place in the Netherlands.
 - (B) The country of Netherlands.
 - (C) A section of a town.

68. How much did people have to pay for trashing?
(A) 10 guilders.
(B) 25 guilders.
(C) 50 guilders.
69. How often did they put new jokes on the trashcans?
(A) Every week.
(B) Every two weeks.
(C) Every three weeks.
70. The idea of paying people for not littering could make...
(A) half of Europe follow the idea.
(B) the city go bankrupt.
(C) lose its employees.
71. The joke-telling trashcans...
(A) played a recorded joke if someone threw garbage.
(B) told jokes when there were people around.
(D) operated twice a week.
72. The word **activate** in the article means...
(A) make up
(B) turn on.
(C) come in.

C.

Wadi Rum, July 2

Dear Nia,

I've been in Wadi Rum, Jordan, for three days now. I'm here on holiday with my family.

I'm so happy I finally got to visit Petra, an ancient city called 'rose-red city, half as old as time.' It's not far to get to Petra from Wadi Rum. It takes only one and a half hours by minibus. On the first day we planned to leave early but it was delayed because of other tour groups coming the other way.

Petra was the capital of the Nabataean kingdom from around the 6th century BC. Unfortunately, its buildings and vital water management systems were destroyed by a terrible earthquake around AD 663 and Petra was abandoned altogether after 1189 and turned into ruins.

There is so much to see and do in Petra and a two-day journey is recommended. We began exploring Petra, now an archaeological park, by entering a long, winding sandstone canyon named the Siq. There are carvings throughout the Siq, but the most impressive sights are the colorful and unusual sandstone patterns in the rock walls.

The next thing to see was the Treasury or al-Khazneh in Arabic. It's such an amazing structure, and on top of it there is an urn, a kind of pot, that is rumored to contain a Pharaoh's hidden treasure. If you get to the place quite early, say 6 or 6.30 a.m., you may have the Treasure all to yourself or with less than 5-10 people around.

Directions: Choose the best answers.

73. What is **NOT** right about Petra?
(A) It is red.
(B) It is a park.
(C) It is in Wadi Rum.
74. How far is Petra from Wadi Rum?
(A) Three-day journey.
(B) Two-day journey.
(C) One and a half hour journey.

75. When did the writer arrive in Wadi Rum?
(A) June 3.
(B) June 30.
(C) July 2.
76. What happened to Petra after the earthquake?
(A) It became the capital of Nabataean.
(B) It turned into ruins.
(C) The buildings were destroyed.
77. What does **urn** mean?
(A) Structure.
(B) Treasure.
(E) Pot.
78. The sandstone patterns are impressive because they are...
(A) extraordinary.
(B) lengthy.
(C) common.
79. The word **carvings** is best replaced by...
(A) remains.
(B) sculptures.
(C) scenes.
80. How would you feel if you went to al-Khazneh at 6.15 in the morning?
(A) Quiet.
(B) Amazed.
(C) Relaxed.

PROMOTION TEST
ENGLISH FOR TEENS (ET-6)

PRE-INTERMEDIATE 2

(FORM B)

Time: 25 minutes

V. WRITING

20 points

Directions: Write a paragraph of 80 to 100 words. Your writing will be scored on grammar, vocabulary and the number of words you use. The highest score of your writing is **20 points**. Choose one of the situations below.

Situation A: Your friend is going to go on a trip to Machu Picchu. He/she needs some advice from you about the trip because you visited the place last year. Help your friend by telling him/her what to do. Write the tips through e-mail.

Situation B: Your friend loves basketball. However, playing basketball makes her sweat a lot and that makes her have body odor. Write your friend a letter telling her to use a product. You can recommend toiletries, such as soap, lotion and deodorant.

Situation C: Your school made a trip to Lombok. The trip was fun and you did a lot of activities there. Write a diary entry telling what you did in Lombok and what you saw. Also write about what you brought home from Lombok.

THIS IS THE END OF THE PROMOTION TEST.