

1.3 Grammar

to be negative

| Long form | Short form |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| I am not Spanish. | I'm not Spanish. |
| You are not Spanish. | You aren't Spanish. |
| He/She/It is not Spanish. | He/She/It isn't Spanish. |
| We/You/They are not Spanish. | We/You/They aren't Spanish. |

- 1 Rewrite the sentences using short forms of the verb to be.

1 My friends are not at home.

My friends aren't at home.

2 You are not right.

3 I am not a superhero.

4 Ben is not my friend.

5 She is not my aunt.

6 They are not my cousins.

- 2 Write negative sentences. Use the short form of the verb to be.



- 1 She's eleven.
She's at school.
She isn't eleven.
She _____.



- 2 They're happy.
They're at home.
They _____.



- 3 He's a teacher.
He's ready for school.
He _____.

- 3 Vocabulary Complete the words and write the nationalities.

1 Po l a n d Polish

2 F u e French

3 the U K UK

4 I u l Y Italian

5 C h a Chinese

6 the U S A American

7 S p a n Spanish

- 4 Write sentences that are true for you.

Write am, 'm not, are, aren't, is or isn't.

1 My school _____ in the USA.

2 My English teacher _____ British.

3 My friends _____ in China.

4 My parents _____ Polish.

5 I _____ Italian.

6 I _____ ten.

- ★ 5 Complete the dialogue with the verb to be. Use an affirmative form (✓) or a negative form (✗).



Kit: It ¹ is (✓) you, Dug! You ² are (✓) with your granddad and granny, right?

Dug: No, I ³ am (✗). They ⁴ are (✓) my parents. My dad ⁵ is (✓) British, but my mother ⁶ is (✗) British. She ⁷ is (✓) Polish.

Kit: It ⁸ is (✗) a new photo.

Dug: That's right. The photo ⁹ is (✓) very old.