

Constantine The Great

Fill-in-the-Blank

Constantine was known as the Emperor who made _____ the main religion of Rome.

As a child Constantine was sent to Nicomedia, modern day Turkey, where he witnessed ruthless and fierce _____ of Christians. He was named emperor after his father's death in _____ in York, Britian.

Before the Battle of Milvian Bridge, Constantine had a vision where Jesus promised to protect his armies through the vision of the cross followed by the words, "_____". So Constantine ordered that a cross be painted on all of his soldier's shields. He attributed the victory of this battle to the _____.

In _____, Constantine, now a Western Emperor, met with the Eastern Emperor, Licinius and together they agreed to the *Edict of Milan*, a ground breaking proclamation for _____ to all people. This proclamation effectively _____ Christianity as a religion.

In 320 Licinius resumed his persecution of Christians, creating a new _____ by 324, in which Constantine _____ as sole Roman Emperor. He reunited the empire under the banner of Christianity. He attributed all of his success to Christianity. He named himself the "_____".

WORD BANK:

Civil War	Christian faith	The Equal of the Apostles	313
legalized	persecution	by this sign you will conquer	306
triumphed	Christianity	freedom of worship	

Matching: Match the word with the correct definition on the right.

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| 1. ___ Constantinople | A. established that Jesus was a divine being |
| 2. ___ The Nicene Creed | B. most powerful city in the world |
| 3. ___ Edict of Milan | C. born in 280 AD |
| 4. ___ Constantine | D. freedom of worship |
| 5. ___ Battle of Milvian Bridge | E. defeated his brother-in-law, Macentius |