

One fact about every country in Africa

There are _____ officially
_____ African nations.

We will start with the smallest
and _____ populated
countries.

The Seychelles easily makes it
on the first spot on this list by only
counting some _____
people as their _____. The
archipelago of _____ islands which sits far off the
_____ coast of Africa is home to a variety of
different _____ and tortoise species, one of them
is the largest one in the world.

Island Nations

The former _____ colony of Sao Tome and
Principe is one of only three African nations which
ranks as a full _____ since _____, also making
it the oldest government of this kind on the African
continent.

The third least populated nation in Africa **Cape Verde**
is home to only a single _____ mammal
which is the long-eared bat. All other mammals like
goats, monkeys, rats or mongooses have been
_____ by humans.

The Comoros is an islamic country with an extremely high population _____
housing over _____ people on every square kilometer of its land. This makes the Comoros
as densely populated as the densest US state New Jersey.

Djibouti chose _____, the largest member of the deer family, as their national
animal _____ elks cannot be found in the natural wildlife of the country.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A41NswbWyKo&ab_channel=FactSpark

least
turtle
democracy
recognized
inhabitants
Portuguese
eastern
density
imported
elks
even though
indigenous

1:48

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Eswatini, formerly called Swaziland, is the last _____ absolute monarchy in Africa, which gives the monarch supreme authority over _____ and legislature.

Equatorial Guinea is a small country on the west coast

of the continent and the only non-island nation in the world with a _____ on an island, _____ km far off the EG.

Mauritius, the second largest island nation of Africa, is home to the only _____ majority in Africa.

Guinea-Bissau only has 23 _____ registered websites.

85 percent of **Gabon's** landmass is covered by _____, making it the country with the highest percentage of forested area in continental Africa. On a _____ perspective it is only passed by some small island nations like Palau

Micronesia, Tuvalu and the South-American country of Suriname.

The country border of the **Gambia** is _____ by the river Gambia giving it a very unique shape.

The _____ country of **Lesotho** is completely surrounded by South Africa and the entirety of the country lies high up on a mountain massive, making it the country with the highest _____ in the world. The lowest point of Lesotho measures

Hindu
officially
law
remaining
forest
capital city
landlocked
low point
dictated
global

_____ meters above the sea level making it higher than the highest point of countries such as the UK, Finland or Hungary.

3:31

Botswana was the first country to have developed out of the list of the least developed countries from the UN, _____ this upgrade in the year _____. It has only been followed by five countries after that.

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Namibia is a country of true geographic extremes it is so _____ populated that the only countries on earth with more space per _____ are Greenland and Mongolia. This is due to the country being made up of thousands of square kilometers of _____ desert, the largest canyon of the continent, 40 percent of _____ wildlife space and 700 kilometers of _____ coastline, also called the skeleton coast.

Liberia has its origins as _____ for freed American slaves from before the American civil war. Around 10 000 former American slaves made their way to the African west coast in the 1850s and _____ independence in 1847. This makes it the first African Republic, and Liberia managed to stay independent during the _____ of Africa from European powers.

inhabitant
sparsely
barren
achieving
declared
a refuge
uninhabitable
ban
conserved
property
colonization
crime

The capital of the Republic of Congo Brazaville ranks as one of the five worst cities when it comes to _____ prices to income ratio.

Mauritania is holder of the sad record of being the last country in the world to _____ slavery. This only happened in 1981 and took until 2007 to officially make it a _____.

4:59

Match the halves

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- The Central African Republic
- Libya
- Togo
- Sierra Leone
- Eritrea
- Burundi

- *used to be populated by 37 different _____*
- *there is no official language, which means that all languages are of the same value*
- *has the fifth lowest CO2 _____ per capita in the world.*
- *possesses bad soil and climate conditions, that 75 percent of the food has to be _____. One percent of the territory is arable land near the northeastern coast. This region used to be part of the _____ and Roman empires.*
- *more than a half of its population uses the radio daily.*
- *Drinking an alcoholic beverage from the same pot with a _____, by a large quantity of people*

Guess the countries

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_____ : the highest percentage of arable land



_____ : there's a lake which in the 1960s became the size of such African great lake as Lake Victoria.



_____ :
is the most populous country of all countries containing _____ in their name.



_____ :

Its rich and ancient history can be explored from eight UNESCO World Heritage sites.



_____ :

is home to the great mosque which is the largest mud-based structure in the world.