

III. Match to make meaningful sentences.

0. Even one screen-free day in a week can make	a. depend entirely and directly on the <i>rainfall</i> (lượng mưa).
1. Several times he had told the story in Clive's presence,	b. from water and wastewater, even in <i>trace quantities</i> (lượng rất nhỏ).
2. All Australian rivers, except the Murray and the Murrumbidgee,	c. sometimes in <i>Bengali</i> (tiếng Bengali), sometimes in Urdu, sometimes in English.
3. The Canadian government has <i>retreated</i> (rút lui)	d. understand speakers of Mandarin.
4. <i>Activated carbon</i> (than hoạt tính) has the ability to remove a wide variety of <i>organic compounds</i> (hợp chất hữu cơ)	e. children realize that the digital world is not everything.
5. Speakers of Cantonese often cannot	f. from a plan to kill 300 <i>wolves</i> (chó sói).

0 – e	1 –	2 –	3 –	4 –	5 –
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IV. Circle the underlined parts that need correction and correct them.

0. The lasering beam heals the eye painlessly.

A

B

C

→ laser

1. The narrow nationalism (chủ nghĩa dân tộc) attitude is hampering (cản trở)

A

efforts to turn Basa Malaysia into a unifying (thống nhất) language.

B

C

→ _____

2. It's important to focus in your strengths and to minimize your weaknesses.

A

B

C

→ _____

3. I know I haven't do enough revision for tomorrow's exam.

A

B

C

→ _____

4. Everything went accord to plan, and we arrived on time.

A

B

C

→ _____

5. Croatian is the officially language of Croatia.

A

B

C

→ _____

V. Complete the following sentences using the correct forms of the given words.

0. I found the test relatively easy. (RELATION)

1. Newborn babies must _____ from possible *contamination* (mầm bệnh). (ISOLATE)

2. The _____ of workers find it quite hard to live on the amount of money they earn. (MAJOR)

3. This discovery made them _____ their old ideas. (REVISION)

4. About 80 percent of the school's students are _____. (BILINGUALISM)

5. The white *rhino* (tê giác) is now almost _____. (EXTINCTION)

B. FCE PRACTICE

For questions 1–8, read the text below and decide which answer (A, B, C or D) best fits each gap. There is an example at the beginning (0).

Mark your answers on the separate answer sheet.

Example:

0 A degree B amount C scale D step

0	A	B	C	D
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Trampolining and its health benefits

When the North American Space Agency (NASA) famously used trampolines to train astronauts to a high (0) of fitness, the sporting world (1) note. NASA claimed that trampolining was the best all-round (2) of fitness, better even than swimming, running and cycling.

Experts agree that trampolining is excellent background training for sportspeople like sprinters and gymnasts, who need their leg muscles to react very fast. It also (3) the core very well and is good for balance and co-ordination. Also, if (4) made by trampolining manufacturers are to be believed, trampolining also (5) you strong bones and produces endorphins – chemicals which make you happy.

Mini trampolines, often with a handrail (6), are often used by sportspeople (7) from leg or foot injuries. Since you cannot bounce high on them, you can get gentle repetitive exercise for the muscles – without the strain of (8) on hard ground.

- | | | | | |
|---|------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1 | A made | B got | C took | D wrote |
| 2 | A way | B form | C manner | D condition |
| 3 | A runs | B plays | C functions | D exercises |
| 4 | A claims | B calls | C challenges | D concerns |
| 5 | A produces | B provides | C enables | D gives |
| 6 | A attached | B involved | C accompanied | D linked |
| 7 | A mending | B regaining | C improving | D recovering |
| 8 | A hitting | B coming | C landing | D putting |

Con hãy mở link nghe sau bằng máy tính nhé: <https://tinyurl.com/42xh6vhd>



You will hear people talking in eight different situations. For questions 1–8, choose the best answer (A, B or C).

- 1 You hear a newsreader talking about his job.
He says that the most important thing about getting work as a newsreader is to
A practise your presentation skills.
B train to be a reporter first.
C be prepared to work unsociable hours.
- 2 You hear a man telling a friend about surfing.
What does he say?
A He still struggles to keep his balance.
B It was harder to learn than expected.
C He finds it less exciting to go surfing now.
- 3 You hear a nurse talking about healthy eating.
What is she doing as she talks?
A suggesting why some people have unhealthy diets
B describing typical health problems she sees in patients
C encouraging people to take responsibility for their health
- 4 You hear an advertisement for a game app.
Which feature of the game is being promoted?
A It is easy to play.
B It has multiple uses.
C It's a way to make friends online.
- 5 You hear two friends talking about their hobby of fishing.
What do they agree?
A Catching fish is not the most important thing.
B No two fishing experiences are the same.
C It is hard to define the perfect fishing trip.
- 6 You hear two friends discussing how their town has changed recently.
Why does the woman regret the changes?
A There are more traffic jams than before.
B Public transport is now less convenient.
C Journeys by car have become more complicated.
- 7 You hear an announcement about a TV programme.
What is the subject of the documentary?
A how to solve people's sleep problems
B why some of us have problems sleeping
C what happens in the brain when we sleep
- 8 You hear two teachers talking about children and reading.
What is the man's attitude to children's graphic novels?
A They help to motivate certain children to read.
B They can be used for teaching several subjects.
C They are unfairly criticised by his colleagues.



You will hear people talking in eight different situations. For questions 1–8, choose the best answer (A, B or C).

- 1 You hear two TV critics talking about presenters of science programmes.
During the conversation, the woman makes the point that
 - A criticism of current presenters is hardly ever justified.
 - B presenters tend to lack a background in science.
 - C TV audiences prefer presenters who are celebrities.

- 2 You hear a psychologist talking about friendship.
He says his best friends are people who
 - A he works with.
 - B he went to school with.
 - C he shares leisure interests with.

- 3 You hear two friends talking about holidays.
Why does the woman choose to visit small islands on holiday?
 - A to explore places that are remote
 - B to escape from an urban environment
 - C to experience a unique culture

- 4 You hear a man telling his wife about a product review he has read online.
How does she respond to what he says?
 - A She questions the reliability of the review.
 - B She revises her opinion of the product.
 - C She is amused by the content of the review.

- 5 You hear a woman leaving a voicemail message.
Why is she late for her appointment?
 - A She was held up at work.
 - B She has been stuck in traffic.
 - C She lost track of time.

- 6 You hear two students discussing their project on public parks.
What advice does the man decide to follow?
 - A to focus on one particular park
 - B to investigate the benefits of public parks
 - C to look at how parks have changed over time

- 7 You hear a woman talking about growing up with lots of cousins.
How does the woman feel now?
 - A sorry that she hardly sees them
 - B envious of her cousins' achievements
 - C convinced that it has influenced her as an adult

- 8 You hear a university student talking about his studies.
What does he say about his degree course?
 - A He thinks it's easy to transfer to another programme.
 - B He feels it could improve his employment prospects.
 - C He will be based in the same place throughout his degree.

I. Write the missing English letters that match the given Vietnamese meanings.

No.	Vietnamese	English
1.	có ít liên hệ với cái gì (phr.v)	h_____ l_____ c_____ w_____ s_____
2.	dựa theo (prep)	a_____ t_____
3.	độc lập (a)	i_____
4.	bị cách ly/ cô lập (phr.v)	b_____ i_____
5.	giáo dục trung học (n.phr)	s_____ e_____
6.	minh hoạ (v)	i_____
7.	đặc trưng (n)	f_____
8.	tỷ lệ phần trăm (n)	p_____
9.	trong giai đoạn đầu	i_____ t_____ e_____ s_____
10.	có nhiều khả năng làm gì hơn	(b_____) m_____ l_____ t_____

II. Choose the correct answer.

- London _____ the capital of the United Kingdom.
A. is B. was C. will be D. is being
- Someone _____ at the door. Can you hear it?
A. knocks B. is knocking C. will knock D. was knocked
- What are you cooking in that saucepan? It _____ good.
A. smells B. is smelling C. smelled D. has smelled
- "Does Tom own that car?" – "No, I think his brother _____ it now."
A. has owned B. is owning C. owns D. can own
- I _____ sunglasses today because the sun is very strong.
A. am wearing B. wear C. will wear D. have worn

** Lưu ý: Với những từ con không nhớ và viết sai, con chép từ đó vào vở 2 dòng.*