[본문영상2 클릭] 영상을 보며 자신의 worksheet을 완성해 봅시다.

p19(아랫쪽).

13	"Life is C between B **(and / or)** D." It means "Life is C□□□□□ between <u>Birth and Death</u>." (Jean-Paul Sartre)	·between A and B: A와 B 사이에 ·birth and death: _____

Things (   ) Are Easy to Change (바꾸기 _____것들)

♧Your Underpants (당신의 _____)

14	If you **(change / will change)** ⓐ<u>them</u> every day, your mom <u>will not</u> tell you <u>one hundred and one times</u>.	·if절 안에는 _____ 시제를 쓴다. ·will not = won't ·one hundred and one times: _____

♧Your Friends (당신의 _____)

15	You can change your friends. Does it <u>sound strange</u>?	·sound+형용사: ~처럼 들리다
16	You <u>may</u> think **that** you have the <u>perfect</u> number of friends. ·may: _____ ·perfect: _____	·'that' 목적절을 이끄는 접속사 (생략가능)
17	**If** you <u>add</u> a new friend **to** the list, however, you will feel **even better than** before. ·add A to B: 'A를 B에 추가하다, 더하다 **·비교급:** '형용사/부사'의 비교급 + than + 비교대상	·If는 조건을 나타낼 때 쓰는 접속사 '만약~라면' ·even: 비교급을 강조 '훨씬' ·better: _____의 비교급

♧Your Mind (당신의 _____)

18	You thought one thing <u>at first</u>, and now you think <u>another thing</u>.	·at first: _____ ·<u>another thing</u>: _____ ∟another+단수명사
19	ⓑ**That** is okay. <u>As</u> someone said, "If you can change your mind, you can change your life."	·As: ~듯이(접속사)

1. 윗글 ⓐ와 ⓑ가 가리키는 것은?

    ⓐthem: _____

    ⓑThat: _____

2. 본문의 내용과 일치하도록 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 쓰시오.

    1) Family members should _____ _____ each other.

    2) Your mom will be happy if you change your _____ every day.

3. 다음 질문에 대한 답을 윗글에서 찾아 완전한 문장으로 적으시오.

    Question: If you can change your mind, what can you change?

        ⇒ _____   (*5단어 사용할 것)