

Prepositional phrases

F Complete using the words in the box. Add any other words you need.

board • bus • coast • foot • holiday • schedule

- 1 When you go, it always takes a few days to completely relax.
- 2 I hope our plane arrives I'm bored just sitting here, waiting.
- 3 If you come, don't forget to get off at the stop outside the bank.
- 4 Living is great. I love walking on the beach every morning.
- 5 The cowboys got off their horses and went the rest of the way
- 6 Now we're the ship let's have a look around.

Word formation

G Use the word given in capitals at the end of each line to form a word that fits in the gap in the same line.

Going abroad

Up until the 1960s, not many British people had (1) abroad for their holidays. Although the idea was (2), flying was still too expensive for most people. The only (3) people had was to go to British resorts. Instead of flying, families (4) to the British coast. Places like Blackpool and Brighton had millions of (5) every year. During the 60s and 70s, prices dropped and (6) began to visit places like Spain. At first, hotels were (7), but they slowly got better. These days, the (8) lounges at airports are full and people travel (9) and forwards across the world for work and on holiday. Every summer, tourists go in all (10) in search of the perfect beach and the perfect resort.

FLY
ATTRACT
CHOOSE
DRIVE
VISIT
TRAVEL
COMFORT
DEPART
BACK
DIRECT

Word patterns

H Write one word in each gap.

- 1 Sydney is famous its harbour. You should also look the Opera House and the bridge while you're there.
- 2 We arrived the hotel and they provided us a map of the area.
- 3 When you're preparing a holiday, pack clothes that are suitable the place where you're going.
- 4 I prefer to be far other people when I'm on holiday. I don't like being close crowds of tourists.
- 5 While we were waiting our train, I asked someone the delay.
- 6 Will was late his appointment so he asked me some money for a taxi.

C Grammar exercises

C1 Complete these sentences with a comparative adjective.

- 1 My teacher is friendly but my sister's teacher is friendlier.
- 2 My bike is big but my brother's bike is
- 3 This biscuit tastes nice but those cakes taste
- 4 Geography is interesting but history is
- 5 I felt nervous but my friend felt
- 6 Tim is rich but John is
- 7 This exercise is easy but the next one is
- 8 Madrid is hot but Bangkok is

C2 Write sentences comparing these things.

- 1 Football / exciting / volleyball. Football is more exciting than volleyball.
- 2 Golf / safe / horse-riding.
- 3 Water-skiing / difficult / swimming.
- 4 Motorcycling / noisy / cycling.
- 5 Rugby balls / heavy / tennis balls.

Rewrite your answers above in two different ways.

- 6 Volleyball isn't as exciting as football. Volleyball is less exciting than football.
- 7
- 8
- 9
- 10

C3 Change the adjective in brackets into an adverb.

- 1 She designed the clothes (*careful*) She designed the clothes carefully.
- 2 She coloured the drawings (*neat*)
- 3 She explained her designs (*good*)
- 4 She sewed her clothes (*beautiful*)

Here are the results of a competition for fashion students. Complete sentences 5–8 about Daisy, Jill and Paola using *more* and *the most* with the adverbs in sentences 1–4.

	Daisy	Jill	Paola
designed her clothes	★★★	★★	★
coloured her drawings	★	★★	★★★
explained her designs	★	★★★	★★
sewed her clothes	★★	★★★	★

- 5 Jill designed her clothes more carefully than Paola but Daisy designed hers the most carefully.
- 6 Jill coloured her drawings than Daisy but Paola coloured hers
- 7 Paola explained her designs than Daisy but Jill explained hers
- 8 Daisy sewed her clothes than Paola but Jill sewed hers

C4 Match the words on the left with their opposites on the right.

expensive near old small tidy

big cheap far new untidy

Look at the pictures of three houses for sale and correct the sentences below.

A



Built 1887 £200,000
Two bedrooms,
one bathroom, sitting
room, kitchen, 5kms
from city centre

B



Built 2004 £155,000
Three bedrooms, two
bathrooms, sitting
room, kitchen, in city
centre

C



Built 1934 £325,000
Five bedrooms, three
bathrooms, sitting room,
dining room, kitchen,
2 kms from city centre

- 1 C is the smallest house. C is the biggest house.
- 2 A is the newest house. A is.
- 3 B has the most untidy garden. B has.
- 4 B is the most expensive house. B is.
- 5 A is the nearest to the city centre. A is.

Now complete these sentences about the three houses using *more*, *most*, *fewer* or *fewest*.

- 6 B has rooms than A. 9 A has the bedrooms.
- 7 C has the rooms. 10 C has bathrooms than B.
- 8 B has bedrooms than C.

D Exam practice

Writing Part 1

Here are some sentences about a radio station.

For each question, complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first.

Use no more than three words.

Example:

0 Radio 255 is my favourite radio station.

I think Radio 255 is better than the other radio stations.

1 Other radio stations have fewer listeners than Radio 255.

Radio 255 has listeners than other radio stations.

2 Steve Wood is funnier than all the other disc jockeys.

Steve Wood is the disc jockey.

3 I find the sports programmes interesting.

I in the sports programmes.

4 The music programmes are less popular than the news programmes.

The music programmes aren't the news programmes.

5 I entered a competition but I'm unlikely to win.

I entered a competition but I likely to win.

Grammar focus task

Sentences 0, 1, 2 and 4 test comparisons.

Can you complete each of these sentences in a different way so it still means the same?

0 Other radio stations aren't Radio 255.

1 Radio 255 has the listeners.

2 The other disc jockeys aren't Steve Wood.

4 The news programmes are than the music programmes.