

Tabela Periódica - Professora Hipácia - revisão

Famílias com nomes especiais:

The periodic table is color-coded by groups. The elements are arranged in rows and columns. The colors are: Group 1 (H, Li, Na, K, Rb, Cs, Fr) is green; Groups 2 and 10 (Be, Mg, Ca, Sr, Ba, Ra) are yellow; Groups 3-10 (Sc to Zn, Y to Cd, La to Hg) are red; Groups 11-18 (Cu to Zn, Ag to Cd, Au to Hg) are blue; Groups 19-20 (Na to Mg, K to Ca, Rb to Sr, Cs to Ba, Fr to Ra) are orange; Groups 21-28 (Sc to Zn, Y to Cd, La to Hg) are light blue; Groups 29-36 (Cu to Zn, Ag to Cd, Au to Hg) are light green; Groups 37-38 (Rb to Sr, Cs to Ba, Fr to Ra) are light orange; Groups 39-46 (Y to Cd, La to Hg) are light purple; Groups 47-54 (Ag to Cd, Au to Hg) are light blue; Groups 55-62 (Ba to Ra, La to Hg) are light green; Groups 63-70 (La to Hg) are light orange; Groups 71-78 (Lu to Hg) are light purple; Groups 79-86 (Tl to Hg) are light blue; Groups 87-94 (Fr to Ra, Ac to Th) are light orange; Groups 95-102 (Pa to U) are light purple; Groups 103-110 (Np to Pu) are light orange; Groups 111-118 (Nh to Og) are light blue. Arrows point to specific elements: a green arrow points to H, a red arrow points to O, a blue arrow points to He, and a yellow arrow points to Li.

Número da família, subníveis associados à distribuição eletrônica:

Classifique os elementos conforme a cor:

