

## Grammar tests Texts ZNO Task 6 (1).

### Why Do We Sleep?

So why do we sleep? This is a question that (1) \_\_\_\_\_ scientists for centuries and the answer is, no one (2) \_\_\_\_\_ really sure. Some believe that sleep gives the body a chance (3) \_\_\_\_\_ from the day's activities but in reality, the amount of energy saved by sleeping for even eight hours is minimal, the same amount of energy in a piece of toast. We (4) \_\_\_\_\_ to sleep because it is essential to maintaining normal levels of cognitive skills like speech, memory, innovative and flexible thinking. In (5) \_\_\_\_\_ words, sleep plays a significant role in brain development.

1	A	puzzles	B	has puzzled	C	puzzled	D	had puzzled
2	A	isn't	B	are	C	aren't	D	is
3	A	to recover	B	recovering	C	recover	D	recovers
4	A	can	B	should	C	ought	D	must
5	A	another	B	the other	C	others	D	other

### Crazy Barbershop in Tokyo

If you fancy (1) \_\_\_\_\_ a new look with a difference this party season, head to Japan where one hairstylist is offering free cuts, providing he can do (2) \_\_\_\_\_ he wants to your hair.

It's a bold move but the barber in Tokyo is offering impressive makeovers for those daring enough (3) \_\_\_\_\_ the cut. "It's the Christmas season and many of our customers say they want to cheer up their parties or make themselves (4) \_\_\_\_\_ out from the crowd." While being (5) \_\_\_\_\_ can be fun, it might not be so great if you get fired, as many companies in Japan have rules regulating certain hairstyles.

1	A	get	B	getting	C	to be getting	D	to get
2	A	whatever	B	however	C	wherever	D	whenever
3	A	have taken	B	taking	C	to take	D	being taken
4	A	stand	B	standing	C	to stand	D	stood
5	A	difference	B	differently	C	differ	D	different

### Boy Invents a New Way to Protect Cattle

While most boys spent their days studying and playing, Richard Turere of Kenya tried to protect his father's cows from lions. Richard (1) \_\_\_\_\_ the lions "very annoying". He tried (2) \_\_\_\_\_ from fires to scarecrows. Yet, the lions would find a way around because "they are very clever," he said. However, he noticed (3) \_\_\_\_\_ effective way was when he would walk around with a flashlight. After taking apart his mother's new radio, he made a machine that would flash a series of lights, tricking the lions into thinking someone (4) \_\_\_\_\_ around with a flashlight. It worked, and soon there were seven other homes (5) \_\_\_\_\_ his "lion lights".

1	A	found	B	find	C	have found	D	was found
2	A	everybody	B	something	C	everything	D	somebody
3	A	a much	B	the most	C	most	D	more
4	A	was walking	B	has been walking	C	are walking	D	have been walking
5	A	used	B	use	C	uses	D	using

### Bottlenose Dolphin

Bottlenose dolphins send messages to one (1) \_\_\_\_\_ in different ways. They squeak and whistle and use body language. Dolphins also produce (2) \_\_\_\_\_ frequency clicks, which act as a sonar system telling (3) \_\_\_\_\_ the shape, size, speed, distance, and location of the object. They also have a sharp sense of hearing. Scientists believe that the sounds travel through the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ lower jaw to its inner ear and then (5) \_\_\_\_\_ to the brain for analysis.

1	A	another	B	other	C	the other	D	others
2	A	high	B	heighten	C	highly	D	height
3	A	their	B	they	C	them	D	themselves
4	A	dolphin	B	dolphins'	C	dolphin's	D	dolphins
5	A	are transmitted	B	is transmitted	C	transmitted	D	transmits



## Sleeping with a Phone in Your Bed Is the Worst Idea Ever

This might just be the **(1)** \_\_\_\_\_ thing you'll read today. Recent Twitter public service has drawn attention to falling **(2)** \_\_\_\_\_ with your cell phone in bed with you. While it may be convenient to sleep with your phone under your pillow, or to charge your phone next to you while you **(3)** \_\_\_\_\_ a rest, you'd better not. It may cause a fire.

When you keep your phone under your pillow, it causes the already hot batteries to heat up further and **(4)** \_\_\_\_\_ lead to your cell phone catching fire. Your phone has the potential to burn you if you **(5)** \_\_\_\_\_ it anywhere in your bed.

1	A	scary	B	scarier	C	scariest	D	much scarier
2	A	asleep	B	sleepy	C	sleep	D	sleeping
3	A	have had	B	had	C	are having	D	will have
4	A	must	B	should	C	could	D	need
5	A	has left	B	leave	C	were leaving	D	were left

## Dogs Driving Cars

For the past two months, animal trainer Mark Vette **(1)** \_\_\_\_\_ three dogs to drive. The lessons are part of a campaign by the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals meant **(2)** \_\_\_\_\_ up stereotypes about rescue dogs. Sometimes people think, because they're getting an animal that **(3)** \_\_\_\_\_, that somehow it's a second-class animal. Driving a car **(4)** \_\_\_\_\_ demonstrates to potential dog adopters that you **(5)** \_\_\_\_\_ teach an old dog new tricks. The way all three rescue dogs have taken to training really proves that intelligent creatures adapt to the situation they're in.

1	A	has been teaching	B	was teaching	C	taught	D	teaches
2	A	clear	B	to be cleared	C	be clearing	D	to clear
3	A	has been abandoned	B	has abandoned	C	were abandoned	D	abandoned
4	A	activation	B	activate	C	actively	D	active
5	A	ought	B	can	C	must	D	will

## Andrea Bocelli

Blinded at 12, Bocelli cannot see (1) \_\_\_\_\_ work of art - except in memory.

But perhaps it is this memory of community that has seen him succeed, becoming one of (2) \_\_\_\_\_ tenors in the world and selling over 150 (3) \_\_\_\_\_ records. Celine Dion, with whom he once (4) \_\_\_\_\_ a duet, said that "if God had a singing voice he (5) \_\_\_\_\_ like Andrea Bocelli".

1	A	such	B	any	C	no	D	some
2	A	a most famous	B	more famous	C	much famous	D	the most famous
3	A	millions of	B	millions	C	million	D	million of
4	A	sang	B	sings	C	has sung	D	sung
5	A	would sound	B	sounded	C	will sound	D	sounds

## Brainstorming

This is the most common problem solving technique. It is free and non-threatening for anyone to put up any idea. It (1) \_\_\_\_\_ involves a group of diverse people. (2) \_\_\_\_\_, brainstorming can also be done alone. The problem is given to a group and everyone (3) \_\_\_\_\_ to throw up ideas, no matter how ridiculous they are. Then all the ideas are discussed and analyzed to come up with a solution. When (4) \_\_\_\_\_ alone, one can come up with a number of ideas that are written down on a piece of paper in order to work out a solution from (5) \_\_\_\_\_ all.

1	A	much	B	more	C	most	D	mostly
2	A	However	B	Whatever	C	Somehow	D	Therefore
3	A	encourages	B	encourage	C	is encouraged	D	are encouraging
4	A	brainstorm	B	brainstorming	C	brainstormed	D	to brainstorm
5	A	they	B	them	C	their	D	theirs



### Flying alarm clock

This alarm clock will be sure to wake even (1) \_\_\_\_\_ of sleepers. The idea is simple; when the alarm (2) \_\_\_\_\_, part of the alarm will fly and land at some random location in your room. Only (3) \_\_\_\_\_ you place the piece back on the stationary alarm base will the alarm stop ringing. The flying piece takes to the air via rotating propeller blades which allow it (4) \_\_\_\_\_ flight. The only way to silence the alarm is to physically find the propeller and position it back on the alarm, thus forcing you (5) \_\_\_\_\_ your bed.

1	A	heavier	B	the heaviest	C	heavy	D	the heavier
2	A	will go off	B	is gone off	C	goes off	D	go off
3	A	since	B	while	C	when	D	unless
4	A	to achieve	B	achieves	C	achieving	D	achieved
5	A	to	B	out of	C	in front of	D	in

### The cabbies are Smarter than Google Maps

London has the most informed cab drivers in the world – and they've got the diplomas to prove it. To become a certified taxi operator in London, a driver must first pass "the Knowledge," an extraordinarily difficult exam that (1) \_\_\_\_\_ detailed recall of 25,000 streets and locations within a (2) \_\_\_\_\_ radius of London's Charing Cross railway station. Plus, they have to be fluent in English. Most drivers take three years (3) \_\_\_\_\_ the Knowledge, and many practice (4) \_\_\_\_\_ tracing the routes on a bicycle. Drivers must know their directions backwards and forwards, which is a (5) \_\_\_\_\_ task in the maze of London's one-way streets and blocked-off pedestrian zones.

1	A	involved	B	involves	C	involving	D	to involve
2	A	six-mile	B	six-mile's	C	six-miles'	D	six-miles
3	A	have mastered	B	be mastering	C	to master	D	master
4	A	over	B	for	C	with	D	by
5	A	complicating	B	complicated	C	complicate	D	complication

### This Smartphone case Doubles as an Espresso Machine

*Mokase* is the world's first smartphone case that also (1) \_\_\_\_\_ users a warm shot of espresso whenever they want. It's aimed at people who are always on the go, whose lifestyle prevents (2) \_\_\_\_\_ from stopping by a

coffee shop for a dose of caffeine. *Smart K*, the Italian company that came up with the concept for *Mokase*, claims that they were looking for a way to make coffee available (3) \_\_\_\_\_. Pairing an Espresso Machine with a smartphone just (4) \_\_\_\_\_ sense. "We thought, "how to make it always available? Why not (5) \_\_\_\_\_ it to a gadget that is already a piece of our lifetime?" The smartphone is the answer," *Smart K* stated in a press release.

1	A	serve	B	is served	C	serves	D	are serving
2	A	themselves	B	their	C	them	D	theirs
3	A	nowhere	B	anywhere	C	somewhere	D	elsewhere
4	A	had made	B	make	C	made	D	making
5	A	join	B	to join	C	joined	D	joins

### Why are Levi Denims Called “Jeans”?

In (1) \_\_\_\_\_, when Levi Strauss ran out of tent canvas for the pants he (2) \_\_\_\_\_ to California gold miners, he imported a tough material from Nomes in France called *serge de Nomes*. (3) \_\_\_\_\_, *de Nomes* became “denim”. The word “jeans” is from the French word for *Genoa*, (4) \_\_\_\_\_ the tough cloth was invented. Jeans became popular with teenagers after James Dean (5) \_\_\_\_\_ them in the movie

*Rebel without a Cause*.

1	A	1850s	B	the 1850s	C	1850th	D	the 1850th
2	A	has sold	B	was selling	C	was sold	D	has been selling
3	A	Americanizing	B	Having americanized	C	Americanized	D	To be americanized
4	A	while	B	where	C	when	D	whereas
5	A	wore	B	worn	C	wears	D	has worn