

What is HTML?

Questions (choose the correct answer):

1. *What is HTML?*

- a) A programming language
- b) A text-based approach to describing a structure of a web page's content
- c) A browser
- d) A markup language

2. *What does HTML tell a browser?*

- a) How to display the text, images, and other elements on a web page
- b) How to create a web page
- c) How to code a web page
- d) How to design a web page

3. *What are tags in HTML?*

- a) Structural commands
- b) Images
- c) Text
- d) Links

4. *What does every HTML element have?*

- a) An opening tag, content in the middle, and a closing tag
- b) A closing tag
- c) An opening tag
- d) Content in the middle

5. *Can any text editor write or edit an HTML file?*

- a) Yes
- b) No

6. *Is HTML native to every browser?*

- a) Yes
- b) No

7. *Is HTML easy to learn?*

- a) Yes
- b) No

8. *Is HTML free to use?*

- a) Yes
- b) No

9. *Can HTML be integrated with other back-end programming languages?*

- a) Yes
- b) No

10. What are the limitations of HTML?

- a) It does not have dynamic functionality, limiting it to static web pages and requiring a separate component creation
- b) It cannot display images
- c) It cannot display text
- d) It cannot be used with other programming languages

Statements (true or false):

- 1. HTML is a visual approach to describing the structure of a web page's content.
- 2. HTML tells a browser how to display text, images, and other elements on a web page.
- 3. HTML relies on a special syntax comprised of tags or structural commands.
- 4. Every HTML element has an opening tag, content in the middle, and a closing tag.
- 5. HTML can only be written or edited using advanced programs like Dreamweaver.
- 6. HTML is not native to every browser.
- 7. HTML is a dynamic programming language.
- 8. HTML is free to use.
- 9. HTML can be integrated with other back-end programming languages.
- 10. HTML is compatible with all browsers.