

THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE LIGHTBULB

Words

Look for the following words as you read the passage. Match each word with its correct definition.

Words

1. back
2. clamp
3. critical
4. current
5. derive
6. device
7. entrepreneur
8. file
9. infringement
10. inspiration
11. invalid
12. inventor
13. investor
14. patent
15. ransack
16. refinement
17. ruling
18. specifically
19. suitable
20. unveil

Definitions

- A. n., an action that breaks a rule or law
- B. n., a flow of electricity, water, or air
- C. v., to hold tightly
- D. adj., appropriate, acceptable for something
- E. v., to search thoroughly, often violently or carelessly
- F. n., a legal decision
- G. v., to support, esp. financially
- H. n., somebody who starts a business
- I. v., to officially record something
- J. n., a person who creates new things
- K. n., a person who puts money into a business
- L. adv., exactly; for a particular reason
- M. n., a right to an invention granted by the government
- N. n., a machine or tool
- O. adj., very important
- P. v., to make public; uncover
- Q. n., improvement
- R. v., to get something from something else, originate
- S. n., a sudden good idea; a role model for creativity
- T. adj., not legal or correct

Reading

The Development of the Lightbulb

Thomas Edison is generally credited with the **invention** of the lightbulb. In fact, he was just one **inventor** among many involved in the process of moving the concept of incandescent light from **inspiration** to marketable reality. What he actually **invented** in 1879 was a carbon filament that lasted for forty hours. In 1880, he improved his idea, producing a filament **derived** from bamboo that burned for 1,200 hours.

The first person to successfully produce light with electricity was Humphry Davy, who connected a carbon filament to a battery in 1809. Other **inventors** worked on **refinements** of this idea. In 1835, James Lindsay **unveiled** an electric lamp, which cast enough light to read a book one and a half feet away. In 1854, Henrich Globel created the first actual lightbulb—a glass bulb containing a filament that glowed when electrical **current** passed through it. However, it burned out too quickly to have any commercial value. Then, Hermann Sprengel developed the Sprengel Pump, a **device** that used mercury to create a vacuum. Reducing the oxygen in the bulb allowed the filament to glow longer before burning out.

In 1874, Henry Woodward and Matthew Evans **filed** a **patent** for a light **specifically** described as “a shaped piece of carbon held between two electrodes enclosed in a glass vessel.” Woodward and Evans attempted to raise the necessary money to improve and market their **invention**; however, as **entrepreneurs**, they had little success finding anyone to **back** them financially. Eventually they sold the rights to their **patents** to Thomas Edison.

Edison had already been working on the same idea, but for him money was not a **critical** issue. He was no longer a solitary **inventor** working in his basement, but the head of a laboratory with the support of **investors**. He worked to refine the Woodward and Evans light because its filament burned out too quickly. Edison set about testing every material possible for use as a filament. “Before I got through,” Edison recalled, “I tested no fewer than 6,000 vegetable growths, and **ransacked** the world for the most **suitable** filament material.” He even considered using tungsten, which is the material **currently** used. Eventually, Edison tried a carbonized cotton thread filament **clamped** to platinum wires. When tested, it lasted forty hours. In 1880, he received a **patent** for this **invention**. By the end of the year, Edison had perfected a sixteen-watt bulb that lasted for 1,500 hours.

At the same time, Sir Joseph Swan was working on similar ideas in England. In 1860, he obtained a **patent** for a carbon filament incandescent lamp, and in 1878, another for an improved version of his lightbulb.

He presented it in a public lecture in 1879. In 1882, Swan sued Edison for patent **infringement**. As part of the settlement, Edison had to take Swan as a partner in his British electric works. Also, in 1877 and 1878, William Edward Sawyer and Albon Man were granted **patents** for electric lamps. Based on these **patents**, the U.S. Patent Office ruled in 1883 that Edison's patents were **nvalid**. Edison fought to appeal that **ruling**, and in 1889, the court determined that his patents were indeed valid.

Edison is famous for having said, "Genius is one percent inspiration and ninety-nine percent perspiration." It is an understandable statement coming from someone whose laboratory tested more than 6,000 filament possibilities. Nevertheless, one might also consider the adage "History is written by the winners." Edison may not have been the actual **inventor** of the lightbulb, but he was the man who had the genius, the business sense, and the financial **backing** to invent the first one that was commercially viable.

Answer the questions about **The Development of the Lightbulb**.

Questions 1-5

Complete the summary using the list of words below.

In the 1800s, many **1**..... experimented with using electrical **2**..... to produce light. James Lindsay **3**..... his version of an electric light in 1835. It was bright enough for reading a book. Henrich Globel developed the first lightbulb in 1854. His **4**....., unfortunately, did not have commercial value. It needed **5**..... because it burned out very quickly.

backers
clamped

current
device

filed
inventors

refinement
unveiled

Questions 6–9

Choose an ending from the list to complete each sentence. There are more endings than sentences, so you will not use them all.

- A** a cotton thread filament that he clamped to wires.
- B** a filament derived from bamboo.
- C** a tungsten filament like those used today.
- D** a long-lasting lightbulb filament.
- E** a filament that burned out very quickly.
- F** the most suitable material for a lightbulb filament.

_____ 6. Edison did not invent the lightbulb in 1879; he invented

_____ 7. Edison ransacked the world searching for

_____ 8. Edison's first lightbulb consisted of

_____ 9. Edison later refined his idea with the development of

My Words

Write the words that are new to you. Look them up in the dictionary and write their definitions.

Words	Definitions
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