

1. Grammar Summary



English



Korean

현재완료 Present Perfect		
긍정문 Affirmative	부정문 Negative	의문문 Question
I have She has lived here.	I haven't She hasn't lived here.	Have you Has she lived here?

A 현재완료의 형태

- ① 현재완료의 긍정문은 <have/has + 과거분사>를 쓴다.
- ② 현재완료의 부정문은 <have/has + not + 과거분사>를 쓴다.
- ③ 현재완료의 <Yes/No> 의문문은 <Have/Has>를 주어 앞에 놓는다. 대답은 다음과 같다.
Yes, she/he/it has. Yes, I/you/we/they have.
No, she/he/it hasn't. No, I/you/we/they haven't.

B 동사의 과거분사

- ① 규칙동사의 과거분사는 과거형과 형태가 같다.

work - **worked** travel - **traveled** visit - **visited** call - **called** finish - **finished**

- ② 불규칙 동사표

동사 원형	과거	과거분사	동사 원형	과거	과거분사
be	was, were	been	break	broke	broken
catch	caught	caught	do	did	done
eat	ate	eaten	have	had	had
know	knew	known	lose	lost	lost
meet	met	met	read	read	read

C 현재완료의 용법

현재완료는 과거에 시작된 일/동작이 현재까지 연결될 때 쓰이는 시제 표현이다.

We **have lived** here for two years. = We started to live here two years ago. We still live here.
(2년 전에 이곳에 살기 시작해서 지금 현재까지 살고 있음을 나타낸다.)

D 현대 영어에서의 현재완료

현대 영어에서는 현재완료가 예전만큼 엄격하게 쓰이지 않고 있다.

현재완료와 과거시제가 큰 구별 없이 함께 쓰이는 추세가 늘고 있다.

Have you had lunch yet? = Did you have lunch yet?

I have already finished my homework. = I already finished my homework.



2. Grammar Practice

English Korean

A Complete the chart with the correct forms of the words.

	Simple	Past	Past Participle		Simple	Past	Past Participle
1	catch			5	take		
2	see			6	break		
3	swim			7	ride		
4	wear			8	eat		

B Complete the sentence in the present perfect tense.

- live We in this house for five years now.
- visit Mike the Eiffel Tower in Paris.
- see you ever a kangaroo?
- not drive My grandma a car for a long time.
- know My parents my teacher since 2005.
- do your sister her homework?
- not speak The children to a foreigner before.
- be Julie to London twice already.

C Write the answers about you and your family.

- Have you had dinner yet?
- Have you ever ridden a horse?
- Have you ever gone camping in the woods?
- Has your family been to Hawaii?
- Has your father met your teacher?

D Complete the dialogue. Use the present perfect tense where possible.

1 A: That's an excellent movie.

..... you **see** it?

B: Yes, I

A: When did you **see** it?

B: I **see** it last month.



2 A: I'm hungry.

..... you **eat** lunch yet?

B: Yes, I

A: When did you **eat**?

B: I **eat** 20 minutes ago.



3 A: That's John.

..... you **meet** him before?

B: No, I

I **hear** a lot about him, though.



E Read and write the question.

1 A: Have you ever won a race before?

B: Yes, I have won a race before.

2 A:

B: No, my mom hasn't been to Egypt yet.

3 A:

B: Yes, the children have swum in the sea before.

4 A:

B: Yes, we have seen sunsets many times.



3. Grammar Link

English Korean

A Write the correct form of the verb. *Use the present perfect tense for (1) ~ (4).

- 1* live Helen in Korea since 2002.
- 2* make you a reservation for tomorrow?
- 3* not eat My parents Mexican food before.
- 4* hear you the news yet?
- 5 not take We a bus tomorrow morning.
- 6 work My uncle in Greece next year.
- 7 study John for the exam last night?

B Choose and write.

- 1 anything / nothing / someone Do you know about the new teacher?
- 2 isn't / wasn't / doesn't The teacher talking to the students now.
- 3 wasn't / doesn't / didn't The plane arrive on time. It was late.
- 4 takes / take / was taking When Jason called, Sally a nap.
- 5 aren't / won't / doesn't They go to the beach this weekend.
- 6 is / will / is going to My uncle leaving tomorrow.

C Check and correct the mistake. *There is one correct sentence.*

- 1 Have you have lunch yet?
- 2 Where is the men's restroom?
- 3 It won't going to be sunny tomorrow.
- 4 I am listening to music when mom came into my room.
- 5 The sun rise in the morning.