

Suma las fracciones heterogéneas. Simplifica si es necesario

$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{9}{20} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

$$\frac{5}{12} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

$$\frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

$$\frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{14} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{15} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

$$\frac{5}{9} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{5} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$



