



CONDITIONAL TYPE 2

The type 2 conditional refers to an unlikely or hypothetical condition and its probable result. These sentences are not based on the actual situation. In type 2 conditional sentences, the time is **now or any time** and the situation is **hypothetical** (imagined or suggested but not necessarily real or true).

FORMATION

In a type 2 conditional sentence, the tense in the 'if' clause is the simple past, and the tense in the main clause is the present conditional.

IF	CONDITION	RESULT
If	Simple past	would + first form of verb
If	it rained,	you would get wet
OR		
RESULT	IF	CONDITION
would + first form of verb	If	simple past
You would get wet	if	it rained

Recap

First Conditional

Structure IF + Simple Present, Simple Future
(S + will/won't + V(bare form))

Usage To talk about possibilities in the present or in the future

Examples • If it rains, I will stay at home.
• If I wake up late, I will miss the bus.



REMEMBER:

- ✓ In type 2 conditional sentences, you can also use modals in the main clause instead of "would" to express the degree of certainty, permission, or a recommendation about the outcome.

EXAMPLES:

- ✓ We **might** buy a larger house if we had more money.
- ✓ He **could** go to the concert if you gave him your ticket.
- ✓ If he called me, I **couldn't** hear.

Complete the Conditional Sentences (Type II) by putting the verbs into the correct form.

EXAMPLE: If we (have) had a yacht, we (sail) would sail the seven seas.

1. If he (have) _____ more time, he (learn) _____ karate.

2. If they (tell) _____ their father, he (be) _____ very angry.

3. She (spend) _____ a year in the USA if it (be) _____ easier to get a green card.

4. We (help) _____ you if we (know) _____ how.

5. My brother (buy) _____ a sports car if he (have) _____ the money.