

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

1. A. challenge B. ethnic C. explore D. orphan
2. A. establish B. recognize C. survival D. dependent

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

3. A. adored B. disturbed C. resolved D. worshipped
4. A. decade B. decorate C. wilderness D. educate

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the most suitable answer to each of the following questions.

5. I _____ our teacher tomorrow, so I will give him your note.
A. am going to see B. shall have seen C. will be seeing D. have seen
6. This is _____ university in our town. We are proud of it.
A. a B. an C. the D. ✕
7. I find horror films really _____.
A. disgust B. disgusts C. disgusting D. disgusted
8. We can't _____ to go abroad this summer. It's too expensive.
A. decide B. afford C. have D. want
9. We are really _____ about going camping by the river this weekend.
A. excited B. interested C. amused D. pleased
10. The safety committee's report recommended that all medicines should be kept out of the _____ of children.
A. hold B. hand C. reach D. grasp
11. Is this the address to _____ you want to have the package sent?
A. where B. which C. that D. whom
12. If it rains on Sunday, we shall have to _____ the football match for a week.
A. bring on B. take off C. put off D. put away
13. They _____ their living by catching fish in the ocean every day.
A. did B. made C. tried D. had
14. My sister looked frightened _____.
A. where she saw the big spider B. being seen the big spider
C. when she saw the big spider D. when the big spider seen

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

15. We store our winter clothes in the garage during the summer.
A. keep B. buy C. throwaway D. put the car
16. In 1964, the English took over the city and renamed it New York.
A. removed B. got control of C. divided into D. arranged

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

17. He decided not to buy the fake watch and wait until he had more money.
A. authentic B. forger C. faulty D. original
18. The number of people who went to see that film increased rapidly.
A. quickly B. gradually C. suddenly D. annually

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

19. - "Would you like some milk in your coffee?" - "_____"
A. Oh no. Why so? B. Yes, I would. C. Yes, thank you, only a little. D. That's a good idea.
20. - Hana: "The book is really interesting and educational." - Jenifer: "....."
A. I'd love it. B. That's nice of you to say so.
C. I couldn't agree more. D. Don't mention it

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

People who use the Internet too much may have mental health problems. They may have problems if they cannot get online regularly. A survey from a Canadian university looked at the Internet (21) _____ of 254 students and their mental health. Researchers said 107 students were addicted or had problems like depression or anxiety (22) _____ their Internet use. We know little about the dangers of Internet addiction and need to do more research.

A researcher explained (23) _____ problems there are. He said: "We found that students addicted to the Internet had significantly more trouble dealing with their day-to-day activities, (24) _____ life at home, at work or at school." He added: "People with Internet addiction also had significantly higher amounts of depression, and problems with time management." We also need to (25) _____ if mental health problems cause Internet addiction.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|
| 21. A. habits | B. traditions | C. customs | D. lifestyles |
| 22. A. instead of | B. because of | C. thanks to | D. in addition |
| 23. A. which | B. that | C. what | D. whether |
| 24. A. making | B. including | C. counting | D. excluding |
| 25. A. look at | B. deal with | C. turn down | D. find out |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

The teddy bear is a child's toy, a nice soft stuffed animal suitable for cuddling. It is, however, a toy with an interesting history behind it.

Theodore Roosevelt, or Teddy as he was commonly called, was the president of the United States from 1901 to 1909. He was an unusually active man with varied *pastimes*, one of which was hunting. One day the president was invited to take part in a bear hunt; and as Teddy was President, his hosts wanted to ensure that he caught a bear. A bear was captured, and tied to a tree; however, Teddy, who really wanted to hunt a bear, refused to shoot the bear and, in fact, demanded that the bear be extricated from the ropes; that is, he demanded that the bear be set free.

The incident attracted a lot of attention among journalists. First a *cartoon* drawn by Clifford K. Berryman to make fun of this situation appeared in the Washington Post, and the cartoon was widely distributed and reprinted throughout the country. Then toy manufacturers began producing a toy bear which they called "teddy bear". The teddy bear became the most widely recognised symbol of Roosevelt's presidency.

26. According to the first paragraph, what is a teddy bear?

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| A. A plaything | B. A gentle animal | C. The US president | D. A famous hunter |
|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|

27. The word "pastimes" in the passage could best be replaced by _____.

- | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| A. past events | B. leisure activities | C. previous jobs | D. hunting trips |
|----------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|

28. Which of the following is true, according to the second paragraph?

- | | |
|--|---|
| A. Theodore Roosevelt's only pastime was hunting. | B. Theodore Roosevelt actually caught a bear. |
| C. The bear that Theodore caught was tied to a tree. | D. Theodore wanted the bear to be set free. |

29. The word "cartoon" in the passage could best be described as _____.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| A. a newspaper article | B. a newspaper | C. a type of teddy bear | D. a drawing with a message |
|------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|

30. The text most likely discusses _____.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| A. president Roosevelt's pastimes | B. the fun of hunting | C. the history of a popular toy | D. toy manufacturing |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

31. Do you sometimes go to fish with your dad on the weekend?

- | | | | |
|-----------|------------|-------------|----------------|
| A. Do you | B. to fish | C. your dad | D. the weekend |
|-----------|------------|-------------|----------------|

32. When you get burns, you should putting the affected part under a running cold tap.

- | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------|----------|
| A. get burns | B. should putting | C. affected | D. under |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------|----------|

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.

33. Dangerous driving causes many accidents.

- | |
|---|
| A. Causes of many accidents are being driven. |
| B. Accidents are caused by many dangerous driving. |
| C. Many accidents are caused by dangerous driving. |
| D. Many are causing accidents by dangerous driving. |

34. In spite of not speaking English, Macron decided to settle in Melbourne.

- | |
|---|
| A. Macron didn't speak English, and so he decided to live in Melbourne. |
| B. Macron decided to settle in Melbourne because he didn't speak English. |
| C. Macron wanted to settle in Melbourne though he didn't speak English. |
| D. Although Macron didn't speak English, he decided to live in Melbourne. |

35. The doctor advises us to spend more time playing outdoors.

- | |
|--|
| A. I don't think we must spend more time playing outdoors. |
| B. The doctor says we should spend more time playing outdoors. |
| C. Spending more time playing outdoors is a must. |
| D. The doctor should spend more time playing outdoors. |

36. The number of people using the internet is increasing in our country.

- | |
|---|
| A. There is a decrease in the number of people using the internet in our country. |
|---|

- B. There is an increase in the number of hours using the internet in our country.
- C. There are more and more people using the internet in our country.
- D. The people using the internet are taller and taller in our country.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is best written from the words/phrases given.

37. telephone/apologize/come late

- A. He telephoned me apologising for coming late.
- B. He telephoned me to apologise for coming late.
- C. He does not telephone to apologise for coming late.
- D. He telephones me for apologising coming late.

38. millions /people / watch /popular TV programme / every week

- A. Millions people watch the popularTV programme every week.
- B. Millions people watched that popularTV programme every week.
- C. Millions of people are watching popular TV programme every week.
- D. Millions of people watch this popular TV programme every week.

39. not see / her/ since / leave school

- A. We didn't see her since we have left school.
- B. We haven't seen her since we have left school.
- C. We haven't seen her since we left school.
- D. We won't see her since we have left school.

40. know/telephone number/give her/ring

- A. If I knew her telephone number, I would give her a ring.
- B. I know her telephone number, I would give her a ring.
- C. To know her telephone number, I don't give her a ring.
- D. Knowing her telephone number, I didn't give her a ring.