

UNIT 9: THE MIDDLE AGES AND THE MODERN AGE

1. Write T or F. Si es verdadero escribe T si es falso escribe F.

Sources of historical information can be oral or written. _____

It is important to protect the cultural heritage of a place. _____

The Middle Ages started in 474, with the fall of the Roman Empire, and ended in 1.492, when America was discovered. _____

The Middle Ages have two periods: the Early Middle Ages and the Late Middle Ages. _____

In the Middle Ages the society was feudal. _____

The Visigoths created a kingdom in the Iberian Peninsula and named it Al-Andalus. _____

Islamic armies gradually reconquered the territory from the Christians until 1.492. _____

The modern Age begin in 1.492 with the French Revolution and ended in 1789 when America was discovered. _____

In the Modern Age the printing press was invented, and many Europeans explored new territories in other continents. _____

In the Modern Age society was divided into the privileged and non-privileged classes. _____

In the Modern Age nobility was more powerful than monarchs and some members of the bourgeoisie. _____

From a cultural point of view, we divide the Modern Age into two periods: the Renaissance and the Enlightenment. _____

Carlos I and Felipe II were the descendants of the Catholic Monarchs. _____

In Spain in the 17th century there was a big economic crisis and the monarchs lost power. _____

In Spain during the 10th century the monarchs had absolute power. _____

At the end of the Modern Age in Spain the monarchs made some reforms that modernised their countries. _____

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2. Cultural heritage. Complete with TANGIBLE - INTANGIBLE - NATURAL

BUILDINGS	
TRADITIONS	
LANGUAGE	
MONUMENTS	
BIODIVERSITY	
TRADITIONAL DANCE	
LANDSCAPES	

3. Feudal society. Complete with PRIVILEGED - NON-PRIVILEGED

PEASANTS	
BOURGEOISIE	
CLERGY	
NOBLES	

4. Architectural style. Complete with ROMANESQUE - GOTHIC



Well done!

