Ancient Rome: Vocabulary

- A group of territories and people under the rule of one state.
- Latin for 'our sea' (Roman term for Mediterranean Sea)
- Roman peace which existed within their borders between 30BCE-180CE (over 200 years of peace and prosperity in the Roman Empire)
- The small state (lowlands) in which Rome was located
- Rule by one person, usually a heredity king.
- A form of government in which the people choose their leaders, usually in an election.
- A person who seizes power and rules as a despot (tyrant)

War between groups in the same country or nation.

- Absolute ruler over many different peoples and places.
- Title by which the emperor was usually known by (means worthy of reverence, majesty)
- Name given to all non-roman people living outside the roman empire.
- The main unit in the Roman army, consisted of 5000-6000 legionaries.
- Soldiers who fought on foot (foot soldiers), heavy infantry of the Roman army who were well protected and and armed.

Latium

Augustus

Legion

Emperor

Empire

Legionary

Mare Nostrum

Civil war

Barbarians

Pax Romana

Republic

Monarchy

Dictator

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Ancient Rome: Vocabulary

- Soldiers who fought on horseback.
- An elite group of (about 10 000) troops which stayed close Rome to guard the emperor.
- High ranking soldier in the Roman army.
- Non-citizens recruited mostly from the provinces.
- A town or fort is surrounded and cut off by an attacking force.
- Buildings which housed soldiers.
- Roman tax collectors.
- Messengers who deliver government orders (traveled up to 300 km a day)
- A stone channel (bridge structure) to carry water to a town.
- Beautiful circular temple in Rome, dedicated to all gods.(built in 27 BCE)

Coins used to facilitate trading and exchange.

- A member of the powerful landowning upper class in Rome.
- Common or ordinary citizens of Rome, the poor power class.

Siege
Aqueducts
Plebeians
Calvary
Publicans
Couriers
Praetorian Guard
Currency
Centurion
Auxiliaries
Barracks
Pantheon
Patricians

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Ancient Rome: Vocabulary

- Crowded apartment blocks.
- Public washrooms or latrines.
- Richer people who support other people, a person who sponsors or helps less fortunate individuals.
- A public meeting place where there was as much open discussion.
- A huge stadium which could hold around 50 000 spectators to watch combats, games & shows in Ancient Rome.
- A slave forced to fight, usually to their death.
- Daily distribution of bread, wine and money.
- Contribution (or tax forced to pay) taken from the conquered by the conqueror.
- A period when prices rise rapidly and the value of money goes down.
- Dishonest, disloyal, open to bribery and dishonest acts.

What is handed down, left for posterity (descendants)

Legacy

Forum

Inflation

Insulae

Dole

Tribute

Patron

Lavatory

Colosseum

Gladiator

Corrupt

LIVEWORKSHEETS