

## HSK 2 Lesson 11 texts 4 worksheets (c)

### 5 True/False questions

1. 来 → surname (xìng )

☐ True

☐ False

2. 认识 → to talk (shuō huà )

☐ True

☐ False

3. 就 → Precisely; exactly (jiù)

☐ True

☐ False

4. 去年 → last year (qùnián)

☐ True

☐ False

5. 前边 → front ( qián biān )

☐ True

☐ False

## 5 Multiple choice questions

1. 说话

☐ front ( qián biān )

☐ to know (somebody) (rènshi )

☐ last year (qùnián)

☐ to talk (shuō huà )

2. 姓

☐ to come (lái )

☐ surname (xìng )

☐ Precisely; exactly (jiù)

☐ new (xīn)

### 3. 新

- ☐ surname (xìng )
- ☐ new (xīn)
- ☐ Precisely; exactly (jiù)
- ☐ to come (lái )

### 4. 可能

- ☐ to know (somebody) (rènshi )
- ☐ possible, maybe (kě néng)
- ☐ last year (qùnián)
- ☐ front ( qián biān )

### 5. 两

- ☐ to come (lái )
- ☐ surname (xìng )
- ☐ Two, a couple of (liǎng)
- ☐ Precisely; exactly (jiù)

## 10 Matching questions

- |                                       |       |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| 1. _____ to know (somebody) (rènshi ) | A. 说话 |
| 2. _____ surname (xìng )              | B. 认识 |
| 3. _____ last year (qùnián)           | C. 两  |
| 4. _____ Precisely; exactly (jiù)     | D. 姓  |
| 5. _____ Two, a couple of (liǎng)     | E. 前边 |
| 6. _____ new (xīn)                    | F. 新  |
| 7. _____ to talk (shuō huà )          | G. 可能 |
| 8. _____ to come (lái )               | H. 就  |
| 9. _____ front ( qián biān )          | I. 去年 |
| 10. _____ possible, maybe (kě néng)   | J. 来  |

## 10 Written questions

1. Precisely; exactly (jiù)

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TYPE THE ANSWER

2. possible, maybe (kě néng)

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TYPE THE ANSWER

3. new (xīn)

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TYPE THE ANSWER

4. to talk (shuō huà )

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TYPE THE ANSWER

5. to know (somebody) (rènshi )

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TYPE THE ANSWER

6. last year (qùnián)

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TYPE THE ANSWER

7. 前边

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TYPE THE ANSWER

8. 姓

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TYPE THE ANSWER

9. to come (lái )

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TYPE THE ANSWER

10. 两

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TYPE THE ANSWER

Game time :

## Exercises 2

### HSK 2 Lesson 11

给下面的词语选择对应的图片

Match the pictures with the words/phrases.



- ① 跳舞 \_\_\_\_\_ ② 说话 \_\_\_\_\_ ③ 女 \_\_\_\_\_  
④ 孩子 \_\_\_\_\_ ⑤ 唱歌 \_\_\_\_\_ ⑥ 男 \_\_\_\_\_

## 在学校 In the school 11-4

### HSK 2 Lesson 11 texts 4

Listen and translate the text into English

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A: 前边 说话的那个人就是我的汉语

老师。你可能不认识她。

B: 是新来的汉语老师吗?

A: 是去年来的, 她姓王, 28岁。

B: 她比我们老师小两岁。

**比** - using "比" to make a comparison, The predicate of sentence can be an adjective.  
The negative form of "比" sentence is "A没有B....."

**可能** - It means "maybe" indicating an estimation. It can be used before the verb or subject of a sentence.

#### New Words

8. 说话 shuō huà v. to speak, to say, to talk  
9. 可能 kěnéng aux. maybe, perhaps, probably  
10. 去年 qùnián n. last year  
11. 姓 xìng v. family name, surname

Game time :