


### Complex Sentence

- Contains an independent clause and a dependent clause.
- The dependent clause begins with a subordinating conjunction.

Example: Because the boys went to the park, they did not go to the zoo.

The boys did not go to the zoo because they went to the park.

Tip: Look for these subordinating conjunctions: after, before, because, although, when, since, if, whenever, unless, while, so that, even though.



## Directions:

- Review the following **complex sentences**.
  - Decide if the sentence has correct **comma usage** or not. Write **"yes"** if the sentence is **correct**.
  - Write **"no"** if the sentence is **incorrect**.
- When I study literature, I look for themes in the story.
  - Identifying themes in literature is helpful if you want to deepen your comprehension of a text.
  - Because figurative language is indirect description, readers have to infer the meaning.
  - Readers have to infer the meaning of figurative language, because it is indirect.
  - When you analyze a character in a story you should look for clues about their personality and motives.
  - When you interpret a metaphor, you have to think about what is being compared.
  - If you want to deepen your understanding of literature, pay attention to language and description.
  - Pay attention to language and description if you want to deepen your understanding of literature.
  - When you read literary texts on a test like the GED think about the strategies we learned in class.

