

EXAM: UNIT 3

SOCIAL SCIENCE

NAME: _____

TOTAL SCORE: _____ / 50

1. Answer the following questions about Spain: (10 points)

a) When was our current constitution approved?

1789 1978 1879

b) What other name does our Parliament have?

Congress of deputies Senate Cortes generales

c) How old must you be to be able to vote?

19 16 18

d) How many seats are there in Congress?

176 325 350

e) What form of government does Spain have?

Republic Parliamentary Monarchy Dictatorship

f) How is Spain divided into?

17 autonomous communities and 2 autonomous cities

17 provinces and municipalities

179 municipalities

g) How often are general elections celebrated?

Every 2 years Every 4 years Every 5 years

h) Who does it choose the President in Spain?

The Congress of deputies The citizens The monarch

i) Who does it chose the ministers?

The citizens The monarch The President

j) What is the name of the document that includes the laws of an autonomous community?

Constitution Ballot Statute

2. What are these buildings? Who gather in them? (4 points)



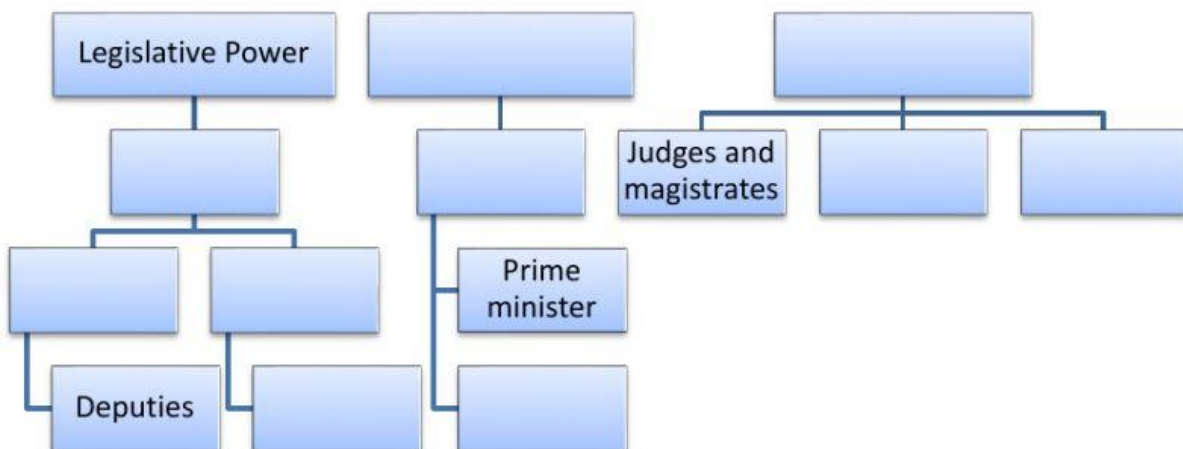
3. Name the three Constitution's values. (3 points)

4. Are the following Spanish Citizens' Rights or Responsibilities? (2 points)

Participate in the democratic process

Respect the rights, beliefs, and opinions of others

5. Complete the following chart about Spanish State Powers. (10 points)



6. Circle the correct answers about Spain. (10 points)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Citizens can choose their representatives, so Spain is based on | 6. The lower chamber of Parliament is... |
| a) Republic | a) The Cortes Generales |
| b) National sovereignty | b) The Senate |
| c) Secret ballot | c) The Congress |
| 2. The Crown of Spain is... | 7. Senators can... |
| a) From father to son | a) Pass and veto laws |
| b) hereditary | b) Veto laws |
| c) parliamentary | c) Pass laws |
| 3. Provinces are divided into... | 8. The President is selected by... |
| a) villages | a) Members of the Congress |
| b) municipalities | b) Members of the Senate |
| c) districts | c) The ministries |
| 4. Paper ballots for general elections are... | 9. The Judicial power refers to... |
| a) white and green | a) Congress and Senate |
| b) sepia and white | b) President and ministries |
| c) pink and black | c) Courts and tribunals |
| 5. The Spanish parliament is... | 10. Who decides if a law violates the Constitution? |
| a) unicameral | a) The Senate |
| b) bicameral | b) The Constitutional court |
| c) trilateral | c) The government |

7. Decide if the following sentences are true or false. (5 points)

- a) Princess Sofia will be the next monarch of Spain. TRUE FALSE
- b) Felipe V became king when his father abdicated. TRUE FALSE
- c) The Constitution only allows boys to become the monarch. TRUE FALSE
- d) The period before an election when the political parties explain their electoral programmes is called Electoral Campaign. TRUE FALSE
- e) The Parliament has three chambers. TRUE FALSE

8. What are the official languages of Spain? (5 points)

9. Choose what body is related to the following functions. (6 points)

- A. He or she selects the Ministers. _____
- B. They can start legal proceedings against ministers, senators and even the Prime Minister if necessary. _____
- C. They can pass laws but they cannot veto them. _____
- D. Make sure Autonomous Communities follow the Constitution. _____
- E. He/She is the Head of the State. _____
- F. They ensure that laws are obeyed and judge who do not obey them.

10. Circle the correct words. (5 points)

- a. One of the functions of Parliament in Spain is to represent **Spanish / foreign** citizens.
- b. The Supreme Court and the Constitutional Court are the **highest / lowest** courts in Spain.
- c. The Constitution establishes **two / three** independent powers of the state.
- d. The Prime Minister is voted in by **judges / deputies**.
- e. The Spanish people accepted the Constitution in a referendum on **6 / 8** December 1978.