



ENGLISH FOR X GRADE



NARRATIVE TEXT



TUJUAN PEMBELAJARAN

Memahami struktur teks naratif dalam memberi dan meminta informasi terkait legenda rakyat
Memahami unsur kebahasaan dari teks naratif dalam memberi dan meminta informasi terkait legenda rakyat
Membacakan legenda dengan intonasi, ucapan dan tekanan kata yang benar, dengan saling mengoreksi

3.8 4.8 Entertaining introducing moral values, and appreciating cultural values (folktales)

NAME :

CLASS :

SMK BUNGA PERSADA CIANJUR

Jenis-jenis Narrative Text

Narrative text bisa berbentuk imajiner atau pun faktual. Berikut adalah contoh genre dari Narrative text:

- Fairy tale
- Mystery
- Science fiction
- Romance
- Horror
- Fable
- Myth and legend
- History
- Slice of life
- Personal experience
- dan lain sebagainya

Ciri-ciri Narrative Text

- Menggunakan Action Verb dalam bentuk [Past Tenses](#).
- Menggunakan Noun tertentu untuk sebagai kata ganti orang.
- Menggunakan [Adjective](#) yang membentuk Noun Phrase.
- Menggunakan [Conjunction](#) untuk mengurutkan kejadian-kejadian.

Struktur Narrative Text

Struktur dari narrative text berfokus pada serangkaian tahapan yang diusulkan untuk membangun sebuah teks ini sendiri. Secara umum, terdapat empat tahapan dalam Narrative text, yaitu:

1. Orientation

Orientation atau biasa disebut dengan pendahuluan, berisi tentang siapa, kapan, di mana suatu cerita ditetapkan.

2. Complication

Complication menceritakan awal masalah yang menyebabkan puncak masalah atau yang biasa disebut dengan klimaks. Bagian ini biasanya melibatkan karakter utama dari cerita tersebut.

3. Resolution

Bagian ini adalah akhir dari cerita atau berupa solusi dari masalah yang terjadi. Masalah dapat diselesaikan dapat menjadi lebih baik atau malah lebih buruk yang nantinya akan membuat cerita berakhir dengan bahagia atau sebaliknya.

Terkadang, ada beberapa resolusi yang berupa masalah lain untuk dipecahkan. Hal ini sengaja dibuat oleh penulis untuk menambah dan mempertahankan minat dan ketegangan bagi pembacanya. Biasanya, jenis resolusi ini terdapat pada genre mysteries dan horror.

4. Re-orientation

Bagian adalah penutup dari suatu cerita yang bersifat opsional. Re-orientation bisa berisi tentang pelajaran moral, saran atau pengajaran dari penulis.

Contoh Narrative Text

Contoh Narrative Text Singkat 1 (tentang Cinderella)

Cinderella

Once upon a time, there lived a girl named Cinderella. She lived with her step mother and two step sisters. The step mother and her two daughters didn't like Cinderella. They treated Cinderella very bad. Cinderella usually did the hardest works in the house; such as scrubbing the floor, cleaning the pot and pan and preparing the food for the family, and so on.

One day, a ball was to be held by the royal family of the kingdom to find the Prince's spouse. Cinderella wanted to go to the ball but her step mother asked her to stay at home and do the house works. Cinderella cried. Then there was a fairy godmother standing beside her.

"Why are you crying, Cinderella?", the fairy godmother asked.

"Because I want to go to the ball but my step mother insists me to stay at home. Besides, I don't have any beautiful dress" said Cinderella.

Then the fairy turned Cinderella's ugly dress became the most beautiful dress and with beautiful slippers. The fairy also turned a pumpkin into a parking coach and the mice become six white horses. Cinderella finally could go to the ball but she had to come back before midnight before the spell ended.

At the ball, Cinderella amazed everybody there include the Prince. The Prince asked her to dance. Cinderella had a wonderful time at the ball. But, all of a sudden, she heard the sound of a clock, the first stroke of midnight. Remembered what the fairy had said, Cinderella ran back to go home. But she lost one of her slippers in ballroom. The Prince picked up her slipper and would search for the girl whose foot fitted with the slipper.

A few days later, the Prince proclaimed that he would marry the girl whose feet fitted the slipper. Her step sisters tried on the slipper but it was too small for them, no matter how hard they squeezed their toes into it. In the end, the King's sorder let Cinderella try on the slipper. She stuck out her foot and the page slipped the slipper on. It fitted perfectly.

Finally, she was driven to the palace. The Prince was overjoyed to see her again. They were married and live happily ever after.

COMMON IRREGULAR VERBS (Write the Past Simple and Past Participle forms of given verbs.)

Bare Form (Infinitive)	Past Simple V ₂	Past Participle V ₃		Bare Form (Infinitive)	Past Simple V ₂	Past Participle V ₃
be				keep		
become				know		
begin				leave		
bite				lend		
break				lose		
bring				make		
build				meet		
buy				pay		
catch				put		
choose				read		
come				ride		
cost				rise		
cut				run		
dig				say		
do				see		
draw				sell		
drive				send		
drink				sing		
eat				sit		
fall				speak		
find				spend		
fly				swim		
forget				take		
get				teach		
give				tell		
go				throw		
grow				wake		
have				win		
hear				write		