



Name: _____ Date: _____

1. **Match to make sentences about al-Andalus.**

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| a) Al-Andalus was | the sacred book of Islam. |
| b) The Koran is | one god, called Alah. |
| c) Muslim empires | the Christians at the Battle of Guadalete. |
| d) Muslim believe in | a Muslim territory on the Iberian. |
| e) The Muslims defeated | were ruled by caliphs. |

2. **Write true or false. Correct the false sentences.**

- a) From 711 A.D. to 929 A.D. al-Andalus was an independent caliphate.

- b) Abderramán III established the Córdoba Caliphate.

- c) The Christian kingdoms became a centre of art and learning.

- d) The Alhambra in Granada is an example of Muslim architecture.

3. **Tick the things that Córdoba had in the 10th century A.D. Then complete the text.**

mosques	electricity	running water	street lights	library	skyscrapers
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Córdoba was a beautiful and very advanced city in the 10th century A.D. It had many facilities, such as _____ and _____.

It also had _____ and a _____.



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3. Choose the correct answer.

a) Why did the Christian kings need more land?

1. for hunting

2. for farming

b) How was the population of the Christian kingdoms changing at that time?

1. It was increasing.

2. It was decreasing.

c) Why was al-Andalus easy to conquer?

1. It was divided into small kingdoms.

2. There were Christian population.

d) How long did the Reconquista take?

1. about 100 years

2. about 800 years

e) What was the name of the last Muslim kingdom in the Iberian Peninsula?

1. Granada

2. Córdoba

3. Copy the events in the boxes and colour the timeline.

Conquest of Granada	Battle of Covadonga	Battle of Navas de Tolosa
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