

## DAILY TEST OF NARRATIVE 01/X/II



In one village of North Sumatera, there lived a poor farmer named Toba. One day, he went fishing. Luckily, he got a beautiful goldfish. He carried it home then planned to cook it. When he got home, the fish turned into a beautiful woman.

The woman told him that she was cursed. She asked Toba to keep it as a secret. Toba agreed it only with one condition that she would marry him. Then they got married and soon had one child named Samosir. This boy liked to eat much food.

One day, mother asked Samosir to bring lunch to father. On the way to rice field, he stopped and ate most of food. After that, he gave the rest of food to his father. Toba was very angry and shouted at Samosir "You, a fish kid, you are so greedy!" Samosir cried and ran toward his mother. He asked mother why father called him a fish kid.

The woman was really upset that Toba broke his promise. Mother and son disappeared. Soon there were springs that caused a vast lake. It's called Toba Lake. A land in the middle of Toba Lake is called Samosir Island.

Number 1-4 refer to the text above.

1. From the first paragraph we identify that the main idea is....

- A. The orientation of the narrative
- B. Toba is a poor farmer.
- C. A beautiful fish is a man.
- D. Toba did not want to go home.

2. In the paragraph 2 we know that Toba's child name is....

- A. Samuel
- B. Boy
- C. Secret's man
- D. Samosir

3. From the third paragraph we conclude that Toba was angry to his son because....

- A. Toba did not eat the food.
- B. Samosir ate most food.
- C. His mother was angry
- D. His father was a good man.

4. From the paragraph 4 we see that...

- A. Mother and son forgave their father.
- B. A lake was created after the incident
- C. The lake was called Toba island
- D. Toba lake is located in the riverbank.

Number 5-9 refer to the following text.



Once upon a time, there was a powerful prince named Bandung Bondowoso. In a war, Bandung Bondowoso killed Prabu Baka. Then, Bandung Bondowoso fell in love with Prabu Baka's daughter named Roro Jonggrang.

Bondowoso wanted to marry this beautiful princess. However, princess hated him because he had killed her father. Roro Jonggrang was thinking of a way to refuse Bondowoso's marriage proposal. Finally, she decided to marry Bandung Bondowoso if he could build a thousand temples before dawn.

Being helped by genies, Bondowoso built many temples very fast. Roro Jonggrang wanted to fail him. She asked all women in her village to hit rice so rooster crowed signaling that morning was coming. All genies left their project until 999 temples. They thought morning came afterward.

Finally, Bondowoso knew that Roro Jonggrang tricked him. He got very angry so he cursed Roro Jonggrang into a rock **statue** "Arca". Roro Jonggrang statue is inside Candi Prambanan to complete the project of a thousand temples.

5. From paragraph 1 we know that the name of Prabu Baka's princess was....

- A. Roro Mendut
- B. Roro Jonggrang
- C. Bandung
- D. Boko

6. From paragraph 2 we conclude that....

- A. Bandung felt in love with Jonggrang
- B. Jonggrang loved Bondowoso very much
- C. Jonggrang did not want to marry Bondowoso
- D. Bondowoso and Jonggrang loved each other

7. From paragraph 3 we imply that....

- A. Roro Jonggrang failed in making the temples.
- B. Bondowoso let genies leave the temples
- C. Genies assumed that it had been morning so they left the works.
- D. The rooster did not help the women in the village.

8. From the last paragraph we identify that ....

- A. Arca statue was a proof of Bondowoso and Gennies
- B. Bondowoso was not angry to Roro Junggrang
- C. Bondowoso did not know how Roro Jonggrang tricked him.
- D. Jonggrang had been cursed to be a statue to complete the temples.

9. The synonym of *statue* in the last paragraph is ....

- A. Image
- B. Icon
- C. Figure
- D. temple

Number 10-14 refer to the following text



On a hill in area of Borneo, there lived a poor widow and her daughter. The girl was really beautiful. However, she was very lazy and spoiled. She loved to dress up every day, but never helped her mother.

One day, they went down to a village for shopping. A market was far away from their house. They walked there. The girl got dressed very nice and walked in front of her mother. While the widow walked behind, carried a basket, wore dirty clothes. Nobody knew they were mother and daughter.

While entering village, people looked at them. Young men were so fascinated by girl's beauty. However, she was in contrast to a woman walking behind her. It made people wonder. Some young men asked her whether woman was her mother. But girl arrogantly replied that she was her maid. More people asked her along the way to market. She gave a same answer that widow was her slave.

Eventually, mother's heart hurt to hear her daughter's answer. Mother prayed to God to punish her ungodly daughter. Suddenly, girl stopped then slowly turned to be a stone. Daughter cried; she apologized to his mother. But it was too late. A pretty girl was turned into a stone but continued to tear; it's called A Crying Stone.

10. From paragraph 1 we can infer that....

- A. A poor widow lived on a hill area.
- B. A beautiful girl lived in Borneo.
- C. A girl and her poor mother lived on a hill.
- D. No one lived in the mountain

11. From paragraph 2 we identify that....

- A. Everybody knew that they were mother and her daughter.
- B. The market was close to mother's house.
- C. The girl was so kind that she loved her mom.
- D. The girl got dressed in such a nice gown that nobody knew their relationship.

12. From paragraph 3 we can infer that....

- A. The girl's mother wore a bad cloth.
- B. The girl did not wear a nice gown.
- C. The girl's mother was a real slave.
- D. The girl looked beautiful and she was kind.

13. From paragraph 3, the synonym of slave is....

- A. Laborer
- B. Servant
- C. Worker
- D. Victim

14. From the last paragraph we know that....

- A. The girl turned into a stone because of her bad attitude.
- B. Mother forgave her daughter's attitude.
- C. The statue girl kept laughing and crying.
- D. The girl liked to behave in a good manner.

Number 15-20 refer to the following text.



On a land of Parahyangan, there lived a beautiful princess named Dayang Sumbi. Because of her oath, she had to marry a dog named Tumang. Dayang Sumbi with her dog lived happily and blessed with a boy, Sangkuriang. The boy didn't know that their dog was his father.

One day, Dayang Sumbi asked Sangkuriang with his dog to hunt a deer. Sangkuriang got nothing. He did not want to disappoint his mother. He decided to kill his dog. Dayang Sumbi thought it was venison. After knowing the truth, Sangkuriang was hit and **expelled** by his mother.

Sangkuriang grew overseas into a powerful handsome man. Then, he met Dayang Sumbi then fell in love with her. One day before wedding, Dayang Sumbi realized that Sangkuriang was her son. Dayang Sumbi wanted to thwart their marriage. She gave a condition to make a dam that covered the entire hill and to make a boat during one night.

Sangkuriang agreed then worked with help of many genies. The dam and boat were almost finished. Dayang Sumbi prayed to God. The roosters crowed so all genies left that job. Sangkuriang

realized that he had been tricked. He was angry; he kicked that boat into the middle of a **forest**. Then, that boat shaped like a mountain. That is the legend of Tangkuban Parahu.  
<https://englishcoo.com/contoh-narrative-text-legend/>

15. From paragraph 1 we conclude that....

- A. Dayang Sumbi married Tumang.
- B. The boy was a son of Tumang.
- C. Tumang was a young nice boy.
- D. Tumang was not a man but a cow.

16. From paragraph 1 we know that the synonym of **oath** is ....

- A. Affidavit
- B. Testimony
- C. Vow
- D. pledge

17. From paragraph 2, we identify that....

- A. Nothing happened to Sangkuriang and his mom.
- B. Sangkuriang got some venison for his mom.
- C. Dayang Sumbi knew nothing
- D. Sangkuriang killed the dog

18. From paragraph 2, the synonym of “ expelled “ is....

- A. Removed
- B. Driven out
- C. Evacuated
- D. Dislodged

19. It is true from paragraph 3....

- A. Sangkuriang was a nice but short man.
- B. Dayang Sumbi and Sangkuriang loved each other previously.
- C. Realizing that Sangkuriang was her son, she did nothing.
- D. Sangkuriang had made a dam and a boat successfully.

20. From the last paragraph we can see that the synonym of **forest** is....

- A. Jungle
- B. Park
- C. Timber
- D. Thicket