

VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

1 Elige la palabra que no pertenezca

- 1 have lunch • have breakfast • have a shower • have dinner
- 2 old • big • long • tall
- 3 brother • aunt • uncle • grandfather
- 4 chicken • ham • rice • hamburger
- 5 computer technology • art • music • drama
- 6 surf the web • ride a bike • chat online • play computer games

2 Elige la opción correcta.

- 1 This food is liquid.

a potato	b soup	c tomato
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- 2 You learn multiplication and division in this school subject.

a literature	b geography	c maths
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- 3 This person is the child of your aunt and uncle.

a cousin	b mother	c sister
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- 4 This is the opposite of *beautiful*.

a young	b ugly	c curly
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- 5 This is a way to communicate with people.

a send messages	b go shopping	c do sport
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- 6 This is the first thing you do in the morning.

a go home	b cook a meal	c get up
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3 Completa las oraciones con las siguientes palabras.

grandmother • science • dark • thin • juice • French

- 1 Her hair isn't light. It's
- 2 I want to drink some, please.
- 3 Olivia wants to study because she wants to live in Paris.
- 4 My has got two children – my father and my aunt.
- 5 My brother isn't fat. He's
- 6 Lucy wants to be a teacher. She really likes biology.

4 Escribe oraciones en Afirmativa, negativa o interrogativa. Usa TO BE /TO HAVE GOT

- 1 Owen / Spanish (to be - AFFIRMATIVE)

.....

- 2 my friends and I / an exam today (have got - AFFIRMATIVE)

.....

- 3 Peter / short (to be - NEGATIVE)

.....

- 4 Suzie and Tamara / long hair (have got - NEGATIVE)

.....

AM --- IS --- ARE

HAVE GOT --- HAS GOT

5 my grandfather / at home on Saturdays (to be - INTERROGATIVE)

6 the children / a schoolbag (have got - INTERROGATIVE)

5 Elige la opción correcta.

- 1 I am / are / have got two pencils.
- 2 Lola isn't / aren't / hasn't got in my class.
- 3 Is / Am / Are these your pens?
- 4 Louis is / has got / have got a new schoolbag.
- 5 You have got / You haven't got / Have you got a ruler?
- 6 I am / are / has got a student.

6 Completa con la forma correcta de "to be" o "to have got".

- 1 My mother's hair long and curly. It's beautiful!
- 2 Tom's father short, dark hair.
- 3 you a rubber?
- 4 Where my maths notebooks?
- 5 My dog small. It's got a big body and long legs.
- 6 Why she two rulers in her schoolbag?
- 7 How old your father?
- 8 I a new friend. Her name is Lucy.

7 Completa las oraciones con los verbos entre paréntesis. Usa el PRESENTE SIMPLE

- 1 Kay usually (watch) films at home.
- 2 My brothers (not read) magazines.
- 3 Gary and Jack (call) their grandmother every Sunday.
- 4 I rarely (ride) my bike.
- 5 Gloria's uncle (not drive).
- 6 My friends and I (not buy) fast food.
- 7 Terry (study) at his friend's house on Tuesdays.
- 8 My sister (not bring) lunch to school.

8 Completa las oraciones con los verbos entre paréntesis. Usa el presente simple en NEGATIVA

- 1 Mr Richardson (teach) on Thursdays.
- 2 I (go) to the cinema with my friends.
- 3 We (do) sport at the weekend.
- 4 My friend (eat) breakfast at home.
- 5 Brenda's mother (cook) chicken or fish.
- 6 The children (have) a shower in the morning.

9 Escribe preguntas con las palabras a continuación. Usa el PRESENTE SIMPLE.

1 you / play / computer games

2 where / Stacey / go / shopping

3 what / the children / eat / in the afternoon

4 how often / you and Jessica / play / football

5 where / your cousin / live

6 Anthony / often / meet / friends

10 Elige la opción correcta

1 Andrew studies English every afternoon. Andrew ... studies English in the afternoon.

- a rarely
- c sometimes
- b always
- d never

2 I often do my homework in the afternoon. I do my homework in the afternoon

- a every day
- c on Mondays
- b four times a week
- d twice a month

3 Gemma goes to school at 8.00 every morning. She ... goes to school at 9.00.

- a always
- c often
- b usually
- d never

4 My friends sometimes watch TV at my house. My friends watch TV at my house

- a five times a week
- c twice a week
- b every evening
- d once a year

11 Escribe oraciones en Afirmativa, negativa o interrogativa. Usa el presente simple

1 Owen / rarely / listen / to music (AFFIRMATIVE)

2 my friends and I / do / homework / usually (AFFIRMATIVE)

3 Peter / teach / history / twice a week (NEGATIVE)

4 Suzie and Tamara / walk / the dog (NEGATIVE)

5 our grandfather / cook / dinner / on Saturdays (INTERROGATIVE)

6 the children / make / a snack / in the afternoon (INTERROGATIVE)

WRITTEN COMPREHENSION (20 points)

understand essential information • understand specific information

1 Read the web page. Then tick (✓) the sentences T (true) or F (false). (10 points)

What do you do after school? Most teenagers surf the web, meet friends or play football. But two brothers in Texas, USA, do something different. Nigel and Shane Mushambi make cakes in their free time.

Nigel and Shane are only 12 and 13 years old, but they've got their own cake company, called 2 Bros in the Kitchen. They make beautiful cakes from their home and sell them on their website. The brothers often use their grandmother's recipes to make their cakes, but they also like trying new recipes.

For Nigel and Shane, making cakes isn't only fun. It's also important. When the brothers sell their cakes, they use some of the money to help people. They give meals to families with no food. They buy schoolbags and notebooks for children.

Nigel and Shane haven't got time to play computer games or watch TV, but they're happy. Their cakes change people's lives.



	T	F
1 Nigel and Shane play football after school.		
2 People can buy the brothers' cakes on the Internet.		
3 Nigel and Shane only use their grandmother's recipes.		
4 The brothers help people with no food.		
5 Nigel and Shane don't play computer games.		

2 Complete the sentences. (10 points)

- 1 The brothers have got a cake
- 2 The brothers make cakes in their
- 3 Nigel and Shane sometimes use new to make their cakes.
- 4 The brothers' company helps to buy notebooks and for students.
- 5 Nigel and Shane are about their company.