



Cung cấp giáo viên gia sư các môn chất lượng
Cam kết chất lượng giáo viên - kiểm soát hiệu quả dạy học -
bảo hành trọn đời - món quà cho quý phụ huynh bận rộn

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian giao đề

Họ, tên thí sinh:

Số báo danh:

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 1. A. workshop B. worm C. worry D. wordless

Question 2. A. borrowed B. helped C. dismissed D. booked

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the rest in the position of the main stress in each of the following questions.

Question 3. A. dissolve B. household C. confide D. approach

Question 4. A. determine B. argument C. counterpart D. marvelous

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 5. Let's begin our discussion now, _____?

A. shall we B. will we C. don't we D. won't we

Question 6. John and Karen persuaded me _____ the conference.

A. attending B. attended C. to attend D. to have attended

Question 7. If she _____ a car, she would go out in the evening.

A. have B. has C. has had D. had

Question 8. By the time the boss comes back from England, the work _____.

A. will have been finishing B. will be finishing

C. will have been finished D. will be finished

Question 9. Thirty-one people have been injured in _____ incidents throughout the day.

A. violent B. violence C. violently D. violate

Question 10. What chemical is this? It's _____ a horrible smell.

A. giving over B. giving off C. giving down D. giving up

Question 11. Mary will have finished all her work _____

A. as soon as her boss returned B. until her boss will return

C. by the time her boss returns

D. when her boss will return

Question 12. The patients__with the new drug showed better signs of recovery than those receiving conventional medicine.

A. treated

B. having treated

C. treating

D. who treated

Question 13. It is probably impossible for life to ever exist on Venus_____its intense surface heat.

A. because

B. although

C. despite

D. due to

Question 14. If you cannot improved sales figures this month, you will be_____sacked.

A. promise

B. conduct

C. regulate

D. deliver

Question 15. We were expecting beautiful weather at the beach, but it was so cold and rainy that, _____getting a suntan, I caught a cold.

A. compared to

B. just as

C. in case of

D. instead of

Question 16. I think Trump can easily win the election. He is a man of the_____.

A. community

B. society

C. country

D. people

Question 17. Overcrowded slums are often considered as breeding ground_____crime.

A. of

B. to

C. for

D. towards

Question 18. After a momentary___of concentration, Simon managed to regain his focus and completed the test.

A. failure

B. lapse

C. fault

D. error

Question 19. Did you read_____book I lent you last week?

A. a

B. the

C. an

D. no article

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 20: The number (A)of students (B)attending universities to study (C)economics (D)have increased steadily in the last few years.

Question 21: Though (A) formally close friends, they (B) have now been estranged from (C) each other due to some (D) regrettable misunderstandings.

Question 22: The (A)happy, anxiety and worries were (B)all mixed up and (C)made me unable to sleep or eat for (D)days.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 23. It would have been better if he had told us his new address.

A. He might have told us his new address.

- B. He should have told us his new address.
- C. He shouldn't have told us his new address.
- D. It doesn't matter that he didn't tell us his new address.

Question 24. She knows more about it than I do.

- A. I know as much about it as she does.
- B. She knows as much about it as I do.
- C. I don't know as much about it as she does.
- D. She doesn't know as much about it as I do.

Question 25. "Why don't you participate in the volunteer work in summer?", said Sophie.

- A. Sophie suggested me to participate in the volunteer work in summer.
- B. Sophie asked me why not participate in the volunteer work in summer.
- C. Sophie suggested my participating in the volunteer work in summer.
- D. Sophie made me participate in the volunteer work in summer.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 26: He didn't take his father's advice. That's why he is out of work.

- A. If he had taken his father's advice, he would not have been out of work.
- B. If he took his father's advice, he would not be out of work.
- C. If he had taken his father's advice, he would not be out of work.
- D. If he takes his father's advice, he will not be out of work.

Question 27: His wife gave birth to their first child. He understood what true responsibility meant.

- A. Never has he understood true responsibility before he became a parent himself.
- B. Were his first child not to be born, he wouldn't understand true responsibility.
- C. Hardly had he understood true responsibility when their first child was born.
- C. Not until he became a parent did he understand what true responsibility meant.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 28. - Laura: "What a lovely cat you have!"

- Maria: "_____."

- A. Of course not, it's not costly
- B. Thank you. Thank you. My father bought it for me
- C. I think so
- D. No problem

Question 29. - Janet: "Do you feel like going to the cinema this evening?"

- Susan: “_____”

A. I don't agree, I'm afraid

B. You're welcome

C. That would be great

D. I feel very bored

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

Question 30. she got up late and ruled to the bus stop.

A. came into

B. went leisurely

C. dropped by

D. went quickly

Question 31. School uniform is compulsory in most of Vietnamese schools.

A. divided

B. paid

C. required

D. depended

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

Question 32. I must have a watch since punctuality is imperative in my new job.

A. being courteous

B. being cheerful

C. being efficient

D. being late

Question 33. My sister lives in Alaska, so we can only see each other once in a blue moon.

A. occasionally

B. rarely

C. at night

D. frequently

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word for each of the blanks from 34 to 38.

VIRTUAL DOCTORS

Clare Harrison rarely falls ill and hates going to the doctors when she does. So when she recently (34) _____ out in a painful rash down one side of her body she emailed her symptoms, (35) _____ also included a (36) _____ fever, to e-doc, the internet medical service. Two hours later she was diagnosed as having shingles (Herpes Zoster) by her online doctor, who prescribed a special cleansing solution for the rash and analgesics to help relieve the pain.

Health advice is now the second most popular topic that people search for on the internet, and online medical consultation is big business. Sites vary enormously in what they offer, with services ranging from the equivalent of a medical agony aunt to a live chat with a doctor via email. They are clearly (37) _____ a demand from people who are too busy or, in some cases, too embarrassed to discuss their medical (38) _____ with their general practitioners.

Question 34. A. worked

B. passed

C. came

D. ran

Question 35. A. whose

B. which

C. who

D. that

Question 36. A. small

B. weak

C. mild

D. calm

Question 37. A. serving

B. meeting

C. creating

D. establishing

Question 38. A. harm

B. story

C. hardship

D. complaint

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 39 to 43.

Dolphins are one of the most intelligent species on the planet, which makes them a very interesting animal to scientists. In their natural habitats, dolphins use various vocalization techniques. They whistle and squeak to recognize members of their pod, identify and protect their young, and call out warnings of danger. They also make clicking sounds used for echolocation to find food and obstacles in dark and murky waters.

Amazingly, the whistling sound that the bottlenose dolphin makes has been found to have a similar pattern to human language. They always make conversational sounds when they greet each other. If you listen to dolphins' squeaks and squeals, it will sound like they are having a conversation.

Dolphins usually use both sound and body language to communicate with each other. It is through gesture and body language, however, that most of their communication with humans comes. Dolphins can be trained to perform complicated tricks. This suggests they have a high level of intelligence and communication capacity. If they work for a long time with a trainer, they are able to recognize and understand human commands.

A lot of dolphin communication has been studied using dolphins in captive environments. These studies have been criticized because some marine biologists believe that dolphins living in aquariums or research centers cannot be considered "normal." Even so, most believe that studying dolphin communication in captivity is useful for beginning to understand the complexity of dolphin communication. After all, dolphins are one of the most intelligent animals. Their ability to communicate is impressive and worthy of study.

Question 39. What would be the most suitable title for the passage?

- A. Communications in dolphins
- B. Intelligent mammals in captivity
- C. Dolphins' social tendencies with humans
- D. Complex patterns in dolphin life

Question 40. In line 2, the word vocalization is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. making gestures
- B. creating words
- C. producing sounds
- D. closing eyes

Question 41. According to paragraph 4, what do some marine biologists think about captive dolphins?

- A. Their relationships are too personal with marine biologists.
- B. They can't be considered accurate subjects for biological studies.
- C. They can communicate exactly the same as humans do.
- D. They easily demonstrate how dolphins act in the wild.

Question 42. All of the following are true about dolphin communication EXCEPT _____

- A. dolphins' squeals and squeaks sound conversational to the human ear
- B. dolphins' clicking sounds are sometimes used to greet humans
- C. communication using sounds and gestures occurs between dolphins
- D. body language and gestures are used for communication with humans

Question 43. In line 17, the word “most” refers to _____

- A. the majority of marine biologists
- B. a few bottlenose dolphins
- C. a lot of bottlenose dolphins
- D. the minority of marine biologists

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 44 to 50.

What does it take to graduate from university with a First?

Mark McArdle, first-class degree holder from the University of Lancaster, tells how he did it.

Don't spend too much time at the student lounge, do turn up for most lectures and tutorials and do submit all coursework - eventually. That, I was told by a PhD student during freshers' week, was all I needed to do to get a 2:2. For a 2:1, I'd require a better attendance record and have to work harder, but not at the expense of being cut off from civilization. And for a First I would have to become some sort of social outcast, go to every lecture and tutorial (scribbling notes madly), spend every waking moment **immersed** in academic books, and be among the last to be thrown out of the university library at 10 pm closing time. Well, I did not give up my life for study. I didn't attend every lecture and tutorial. I didn't write down every word spoken in lectures. I didn't get 80% or more in every essay, project, test or exam. I was usually behind with my reading and occasionally mystified by the syllabus. Sometimes I couldn't be bothered to go to university and stayed at home instead. But I always knew where I was what I had to do and what not to bother with. And I always worked hard on the things that counted: assignments and exams.

Getting a degree is about learning, but it isn't just about learning biology, history, English or whatever. It's about understanding what you need to succeed - what, in fact, the university wants from you and what you will get in return. You have to have a feel for the education market and really sell your inspirations, what does the lecturer want? what is the essay marker searching for? Some students try to offer something not wanted. Others want to give very little - they steal the thoughts of others and submit them as their own. But they all want to be rewarded. Exchange, but don't steal, and you'll get a degree.

I could guarantee every book on my reading list was out on long loan from the university library within five seconds of the list being issued. This was worrying at first, but I quickly learned that it was impossible to read all of the books on an average reading list anyway. I sought shortcuts. Collections of selected readings or journal articles were excellent sources that often saved me the bother of reading the original texts. References in books dragged me all over the place but with all the courses I had to do, there

wasn't enough time to be dragged too far. I would **flick through** the book, read the introduction, note any summaries, look at diagrams, skim the index, and read any conclusions. I plucked out what was needed and made my escape.

I revised by discarding subject areas I could not face revising, reading, compiling notes, and then condensing them onto one or two sheets of A4 for each subject area. Leading up to the exam, I would concentrate on just the condensed notes and rely on my memory to drag out the detail behind them when the time came. I didn't practice writing exam questions, although it was recommended. I prefer to be spontaneous and open-minded. I don't want pre-formed conclusions filling my mind.

And nor should you; there is no secret to getting a First - this is just an account of how I got my First. Be a happy student by striking the right balance between working and enjoying yourself. Take what you do seriously and do your best. And, no matter what you do don't forget to appreciate every day of your university studies: it is one of the greatest periods of your life.

Glossary:

University degree classifications in the UK:

- *First class*
- *Upper second (2:1)*
- *Lower second (2:2)*
- *Third class (3)*

Question 44. What is the main purpose of the passage?

- A. To describe learning experience of an excellent student
- B. To emphasize the importance of higher education
- C. To suggest ways to deal with assignments at university
- D. To point out challenges of studying at university

Question 45. The PhD students who spoke to the writer _____.

- A. exaggerate the need to work hard
- B. succeeded in scaring the writer
- C. was uncertain how to help the writer
- D. thought the writer would get a First

Question 46. In the third paragraph, the writer warns against _____.

- A. offering money to academic staff
- B. trying to second-guess lectures
- C. expecting to be rewarded
- D. plagiarism in essays and exams

Question 47. The word "immersed" in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. ploughed
- B. absorbed
- C. sunk
- D. dipped

Question 48. Why did the writer not practice writing exam questions?

- A. He thought the practice was rather boring.
- B. He wanted to answer exam questions critically.
- C. He was advised not to.
- D. He thought it might prejudice staff against him.

Question 49. The word “flick through” in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. search quickly B. skim C. borrow D. read carefully

Question 50. All of the following are mentioned about factors that help the writer to succeed at university EXCEPT _____.

- A. an understanding of what was required B. regular attendance at lectures
C. selective reading D. well-organizing revision