

WEEK 29

10th

NAME:

GRADE:



ENGLISH ACTIVITIES

TEACHER: MARGARITA BARCIA



ACTIVITY 5

Use **if** como la condicional del resultado o efecto en una oración del presente, no use la *coma* (,) si el resultado (oración en presente) se encuentra antes del condicional

READ AND ANALYZE THE FOLLOWING GRAMMAR TIP:



When you express a general condition and the result of that condition, you use:

If + presente tense (conditional), present tense (result)

Example: If I am tired, I sleep.

Si estoy cansada, duermo.

The position of the clauses does not change the meaning.

Example: I sleep if I am tired

Duermo si estoy cansada

Do **not** use **comma** (,) to separate the two clauses if the result clause is first as in the last example.



2. According to the table above, complete sentence using conditional IF.

De acuerdo a lo de arriba, complete usando el condicional IF.

a.

_____, you die.

If you don't eat/If you want to play/If you drink/If my husband cooks

b.

Take a ball _____.

If you don't eat/If you want to play/If you drink/If my husband cooks

c.

_____, he burns the food.

If you don't eat/If you want to play/If you drink/If my husband cooks

d.

_____, you don't drive.

If you don't eat/If you want to play/If you drink/If my husband cooks



VOCABULARY



Take: tomar (coger cosas)
Drink: beber
Die: morir
According: de acuerdo
Table: cuadro, mesa
above: arriba
Complete: completar
Conditional: condicional
Ball: balón, pelota
burn: quemar
Food: comida
Drive: manejar, conducir
Sentence: oración
Husband: esposo
Cook: cocinar
If: si (gramática de condicionales)
Eat: comer
Famous: famoso
Clauses: clausulas

Music: música
Call: llamar
Friend: amigo
My: mi (de pertenencia)
Best: mejor
Ask: preguntar
Teacher: profesor (a)
Sad: triste
Understand: entender
Feel: sentir
Turn on: encender
Suscribers: suscriptores
Lots of: mucho de algo
Right: correcto
Pair: pareja, par
Bellow: abajo
Analyze: analizar
Express: expresar
Sleep: dormir



Change: cambiar
Use: usar
Meaning: significado
Tip: recomendaciones de algo
Grammar: gramática
Read: leer
Following: siguiente
First: primero
Students: estudiantes
Contact: contactar
Help: ayudar
Holidays: fiestas
Happy: feliz
Be (am, is, are): ser o estar (soy, es, son)
Want: querer
Comma: coma (,)
Last: último
Tired: cansado (estado de ánimo mental o físico)
Example: ejemplo



IF YOU WANT TO HELP, CONTACT
TO ME BY WHATSAPP.

**THANK YOU
SO MUCH!**

HAPPY HOLIDAYS!

