

1. The RDBMS terminology for a row is
 - A. A tuple. (B) relation.
 - C. attribute. (D) degree.

2. The full form of DDL is
 - (A) Dynamic Data Language
 - (B) Detailed Data Language
 - (C) Data Definition Language
 - (D) Data Derivation Language

3. A set of possible data values is called
 - A. attribute. (B) degree.
 - B. tuple. (D) domain.

4. NULL is
 - a) the same as 0 for integer
 - b) the same as blank for character
 - c) the same as 0 for integer and blank for character
 - d) not a value

5. An attribute is also known as a _____.
 - A) TABLE
 - B) RELATION
 - C) ROW
 - D) COLUMN

6. DML is provided for
 - A) Description of the logical structure of a database.
 - B) The addition of new structures in the database system.
 - C) Manipulation & processing of the database.
 - D) Definition of a physical structure of the database system.

7. In the relational model, cardinality is termed as:
 - A) A number of tuples.
 - B) A number of tables.
 - C) A number of attributes.
 - D) A number of constraints.

8. The database schema is written in
 - (A) HLL
 - (B) DML
 - (C) DDL
 - (D) DCL