

Zadanie 1 Wpisz poprawną formę: A, B lub C

Przykład: Sorry, but I didn't _B_ your name. **A** take **B** catch

- | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 Which person is the same generation like you? | A mother | B half-sister | C grandpa |
| 2 The summer is over, but we'll keep in _____, right? | A chat | B contacting | C touch |
| 3 He started playing football at the _____ of 13. | A year | B years | C age |
| 4 _____ on passing your driving licence! | A Wishes | B Celebrations | C Congratulations |
| 5 Ironing, vacuuming – so much _____ to do! | A housework | B homework | C invitation |
| 6 He's your sister's husband, so he must be your _____. | A brother-in-law | B father-in-law | C sister-in-law |
| 7 She's wearing a _____ ring but her husband isn't. | A marry | B wedding | C marriage |
| 8 Let's play _____. | A chess | B a chess | C the chess |

Zadanie 2 Przeczytaj zdania i dopasuj do nich święta podane w ramce. Podano o dwie nazwy świąt za dużo.

Christmas Eve	Easter	Mother's / Father's Day	All Saints' Day
New Year's Day	New Year's Eve	birthday	wedding anniversary
			wedding reception

Przykład: They got married in a church and then had a party. wedding reception

- On that day, you visit graves to light candles. _____
- First you exchange wishes and then you sit down to eat twelve dishes. _____
- On that day you put candles on a cake and everyone wishes you all the best. _____
- People usually spend this day sleeping after a party on the last day of December. _____
- You say goodbye to the last year. _____
- It's in March or April and you eat lots of eggs then. _____

Zadanie 3 Wybierz poprawny wyraz w każdym zdaniu.

Przykład: Jack has been in his room for 2 hours. What's he **up / in** to? _up_

- Bob and I had an argument, but we've made **out / up** now.
- He never grew **up / out**. He was a silly boy before and he didn't change.
- You should get ready **for / to** school.
- Mary looked so sad so I tried to cheer her **at / up**.
- Mike got **up / to** know Mary better at the camp.
- Peter has never complained **on / about** his half-brother.
- Don't wake me **up / out** before 7 tomorrow!
- Don't put so many candles **in / on** the cake. Mary is only five.
- Help me do the washing **out / up**, please.
- Drake is unhappy because he's broken **out / up** with his girlfriend.

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- 11 Agnes looks **for / after** her younger brother when their parents go out.
 12 I'm sorry **about / for** your blouse. I didn't mean to ruin it.

Zadanie 4 Wybierz właściwą reakcję do podanej sytuacji. Zakreśl opcję: A, B lub C.

Przykład: Przyjaciele składają ci życzenia z okazji urodzin. Co usłyszysz?

 B

A Happy New Year!

B Happy birthday!

C Happy anniversary!

1. Życzysz koledze z USA szczęśliwego Nowego Roku. Jak to powiesz?

A Happy New Year!

B Happy New Year's Eve!

C Happy Year!

2. Kolega ma przed sobą trudny egzamin. Co mu powiesz?

A I wish you luck.

B Well done!

C Congratulations!

3. Nie dostałeś, co powiedział twój kolega. Jak zareagujesz?

A Sorry, I didn't apologise.

B Pardon? Sorry?

C No problem.

4. Kolega zgubił twój długopis. Nie stanowi to dla ciebie problemu. Jak zareagujesz na jego przeprosiny?

A Don't say sorry.

B No problem.

C Nothing terrible!

5. Pogratuluj koleżance zdobycia pierwszego miejsca na zawodach.

A The same to you!

B May all your dreams come true!

C Well done!

Zadanie 5 Uzupełnij luki w tekście poprawnymi formami czasowników w nawiasach w czasie Past Simple.

Example: Jack didn't open (not / open) the letter by mistake.

- 1 Mr Smith _____ (fly) to Hong Kong yesterday.
 2 _____ (the baby / cry) last night?
 3 Where _____ (you / go) after school yesterday?
 4 It was so dark that I _____ (not / see) the sign.
 5 The party _____ (finish) at 10 p.m. last night.

Zadanie 6 Uzupełnij luki w tekście poprawnymi formami czasowników w nawiasach w czasie Present Perfect.

Example: My sister has lived (live) in Italy since 2005.

- 1 Lucy _____ (have) a headache since she woke up.
 2 My sister _____ (not / clean) her room yet.
 3 _____ (you / finish) writing your essay yet?

- 4 The band _____ (give) concerts only in Europe so far.
5 My grandparents _____ (not/live) in that house for 40 years.

Zadanie 9 Przeczytaj tekst, z którego usunięto cztery zdania. Wybierz w luki litery, którymi oznaczono brakujące zdania (A–E), tak aby otrzymać logiczny i spójny tekst.

Uwaga! Jedno zdanie zostało podane dodatkowo i nie pasuje do żadnej luki/

A NOISY PARROT

Parrots make wonderful family pets. They are beautiful birds with colourful feathers. Their owners are usually very proud of their clever pets but they agree that noise can be a problem.

A few weeks ago Peter gave his old friend, John, a parrot named Pepe. John was happy to have a pet at home. When he heard the parrot shouting things like "Taxi for Govan road!", he was surprised, but then he discovered that the bird had lived in a taxi office before.

Pepe's shouting seemed funny to John but his neighbours got annoyed. "There's a very noisy office next door," he complained. The police officers were very surprised when they entered John's house and found only a big green parrot.

"Your pet mustn't scream all day," they warned the owner. Now the parrot is much quieter because John is giving Pepe some medicine to calm him down.

- A. One of them even telephoned the police.
- B. What's more, you can teach them to talk.
- C. They apologize for their pet's behaviour.
- D. To solve this noise problem, John took his pet to the vet.
- E. "This bird doesn't speak much," he explained to the new owner.