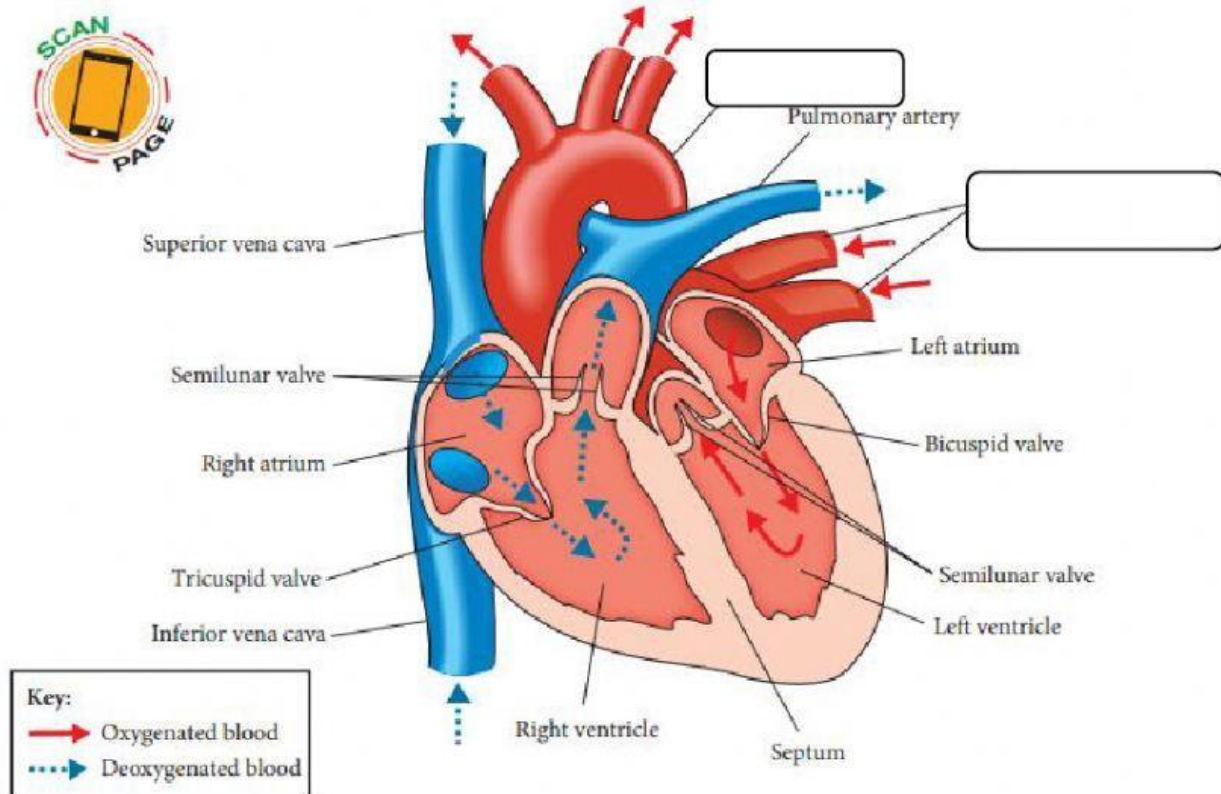


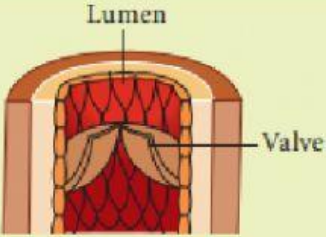
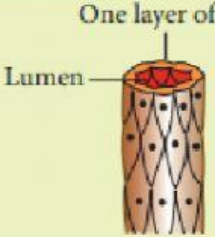
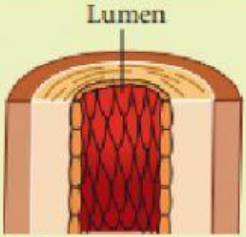
CHAPTER 3: TRANSPORTATION



1. Label the blood vessels in the structure above.
2. Drag and drop the correct answer.

left ventricle	vena cava
valve	pulmonary vein

- a. Oxygenated blood is transported from the lungs to the heart through _____.
- b. Deoxygenated blood from the whole body excepts the lungs enters the right atrium through _____.
- c. The _____ allow the flow of blood in one direction.
- d. The _____ has the thickest muscular wall to transport oxygenated blood to the whole body.

Type of blood vessel	Vein	Capillary	
Structure	 • Thin, less muscular and less elastic wall to facilitate blood flow under low blood pressure • • Large lumen	 • Thinnest wall which is one cell thick without any muscle or elastic tissue • No valves • Smallest lumen	 • and muscular wall with a lot of elastic tissues to withstand high blood pressure • No valves • Small lumen
Functions	• Transports deoxygenated blood back to the heart from the whole body except the lungs • Pulmonary vein transports oxygenated blood from the lungs to the heart	• Allows the of gases, food and waste products between the blood and body cells via diffusion through the thin wall of the capillary	• Transports oxygenated blood from the heart to the whole body except the lungs • Pulmonary artery transports deoxygenated blood from the heart to the lungs
Circulation of blood	• Slow blood flow under low blood pressure • No pulse	• Slow blood flow under decreasing blood pressure • No pulse	• Rapid blood flow under high blood pressure • Pulse detected