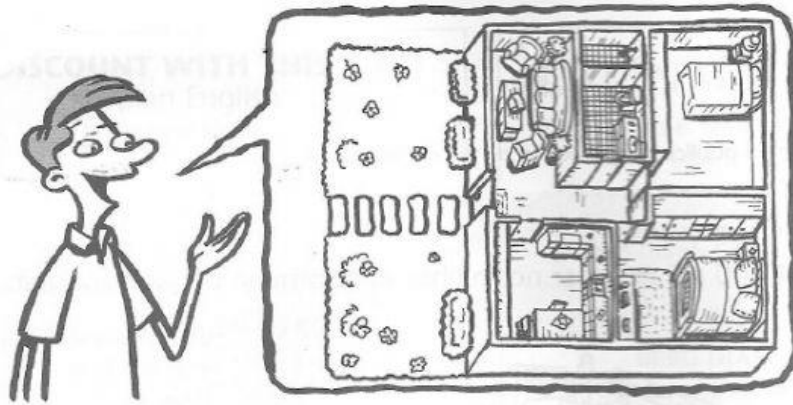


ETAPA IV
ATIVIDADES REMOTAS
SEMANA 31

Rafael fala da casa onde mora em Nova York.



This is my house. It isn't big but it's nice. I live with my parents. There are two bedrooms in my house. There is a living-room, a kitchen and a bathroom. There isn't a dining-room but there is a beautiful garden.

My bedroom is small but comfortable. My parents' bedroom is large. The living-room is nice, but my favorite room is the kitchen. Do you know why? Well, there is a big refrigerator there.

1. Marque V (verdadeiro) ou F (falso) de acordo com o texto.

- () A casa de Rafael é muito grande.
- () Há um bonito jardim na casa de Rafael.
- () O quarto de Rafael é pequeno.
- () Rafael gosta da sala, mas prefere a cozinha.

2. Escreva os nomes das partes da casa.

BEDROOM

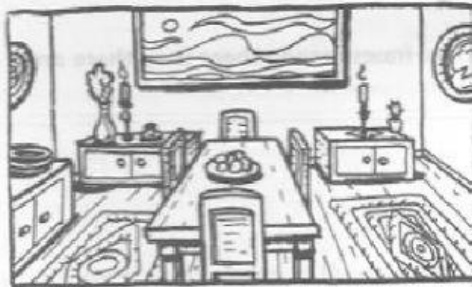
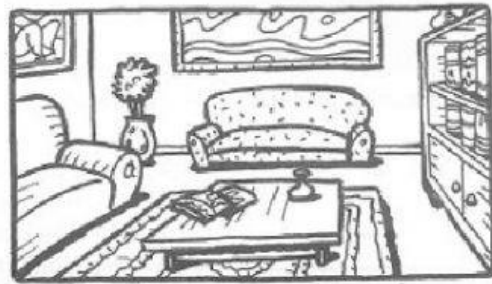
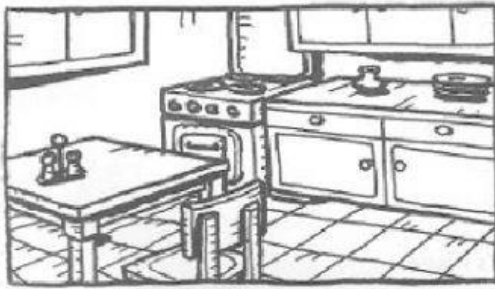
LIVING-ROOM

BATHROOM

KITCHEN

DINING-ROOM





Assista ao vídeo abaixo para aprender a usar THERE IS ou THERE ARE.

GRAMMAR POINT

THERE IS - THERE ARE

Observe os seguintes exemplos:

There is a living-room in my house.

There are two bedrooms in my house.

PODEMOS OBSERVAR que **there is** significa haver no _____
(singular / plural)

_____ significa haver no plural.

(there is / there are)

A forma negativa de **there is** é _____.

A forma negativa de **there are** é _____.

There isn't a garage in my house.

There aren't two kitchens in my house.

3. Complete as frases com THERE IS ou THERE ARE.

- a) _____ a bedroom in this house.
- b) _____ two bathrooms in Tom's house.
- c) _____ a garden in Rafael's house.
- d) _____ a large living room in Jane's house.
- e) _____ six students in the classroom.
- f) _____ four tables in Marek's house.

4. Escreva sobre a casa de Jane. Siga o exemplo.

bedroom: 3

There are three bedrooms.

living-room: 1

kitchen: 1

bathroom: 2
