

## GRAMMAR

### Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: My parents \_\_\_\_\_ in China.

A are born  B were born  C was born

- 1 I'd love to \_\_\_\_\_ ride a horse.  
A be able to  B can  C be possible to
- 2 You \_\_\_\_\_ use your mobile phone when you're in a 'quiet zone'.  
A haven't to  B mustn't  C don't have to
- 3 I've never \_\_\_\_\_ to dance salsa very well.  
A could  B be able  C been able
- 4 Hurry up! We \_\_\_\_\_ be late.  
A should  B mustn't  C don't have to
- 5 You \_\_\_\_\_ start eating before everyone else – it's bad manners.  
A are able  B don't have to  C shouldn't
- 6 I have a problem with my mobile phone. What \_\_\_\_\_ do?  
A should I to  B I should  C should I
- 7 My sister \_\_\_\_\_ play the violin very well when she was young.  
A can  B could  C is able to
- 8 Will you \_\_\_\_\_ pick me up at the airport tonight?  
A be able to  B can  C be able
- 9 You \_\_\_\_\_ pay to go in museums in Britain. They're usually free.  
A shouldn't  B don't have to  C mustn't
- 10 What time \_\_\_\_\_ we have to leave?  
A do  B are  C shall
- 11 I \_\_\_\_\_ able to read when I was four.  
A could be  B am  C was
- 12 You \_\_\_\_\_ touch that! It's dangerous.  
A have to  B don't have to  C mustn't
- 13 I hate not \_\_\_\_\_ able to say what I want in English.  
A being  B to be  C be
- 14 He couldn't find a taxi so he \_\_\_\_\_ walk.  
A had to  B must  C should
- 15 I've never \_\_\_\_\_ able to ice-skate well, but I keep practising.  
A be  B been  C to be
- 16 Why \_\_\_\_\_ work last weekend?  
A must they  B did they have to  C had they to
- 17 We're not allowed \_\_\_\_\_ in the office.  
A eating  B eat  C to eat
- 18 You \_\_\_\_\_ have to eat it if you don't like it.  
A mustn't  B can't  C don't
- 19 We \_\_\_\_\_ answer your call right now. Please try again later.  
A couldn't  B don't can  C 're not able to
- 20 If you really \_\_\_\_\_ smoke, do it outside.  
A must  B don't have to  C should

## VOCABULARY

### a Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with adjectives.

Example: This exercise is very \_\_\_\_\_.

A tiring  B tiring  C tired

- 1 When was the last time you felt \_\_\_\_\_ watching a film?  
A boring  B bore  C bored
- 2 I get very \_\_\_\_\_ in winter when it's cold and dark.  
A depressed  B depress  C depressing
- 3 What's the most \_\_\_\_\_ film you've seen?  
A frightening  B frightened  C frighten
- 4 Are you \_\_\_\_\_ in modern art?  
A interesting  B interested  C interest
- 5 I feel \_\_\_\_\_ if I can't do something.  
A frustrate  B frustrating  C frustrated
- 6 It's so \_\_\_\_\_ when you fall over in public!

A embarrassed  B embarrassing  C embarrassing

7 That was a \_\_\_\_\_ film. I didn't like it at all.

A disappointing  B disappointed  C disappointing

8 Swimming with dolphins was the most \_\_\_\_\_ experience I've ever had.

A amazed  B amazing  C amaze

**b Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with phone words.**

Example: My new phone has a \_\_\_\_\_ mode.

A text  B silent  C dial

9 You should use a \_\_\_\_\_ set when you're driving.

A no-hands  B hands-free  C hands-off

10 He didn't answer the phone so I \_\_\_\_\_.

A hung in  B hung out  C hung up

11 Do you like my new \_\_\_\_\_? It's from my favourite song.

A ringtone  B ring sound  C ringing tone

12 Can you \_\_\_\_\_ the number for me? I can't find my glasses.

A push  B dial  C do

13 Please \_\_\_\_\_ a message and I'll call you back.

A give  B say  C leave

14 The line's been \_\_\_\_\_ for ages. He must be talking to his mother!

A engaged  B off  C up

15 Can I call you \_\_\_\_\_ in ten minutes? I'm in a meeting.

A before  B back  C through

**c Tick (✓) the correct word(s) for the definitions, A, B, or C.**

Example: very unpleasant

A embarrassing  B jealous  C nasty

16 examples which don't follow the rule

A breakages  B differences  C exceptions

17 speaking many languages

A linguistic  B multilingual  C fluent

18 the problem when people don't speak each other's languages

A language difference  B language exception  C language barrier

19 say negative things about

A criticize  B comment  C embarrass

20 not polite

A vain  B rude  C ridiculous

## PRONUNCIATION

**a Which is the silent letter? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.**

Example: A knife  B knife  C knife

1 A wrong  B wrong  C wrong

2 A design  B design  C design

3 A knowledge  B knowledge  C knowledge

4 A foreign  B foreign  C foreign

5 A island  B island  C island

**b Which is the stressed syllable? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.**

Example: A exciting  B exciting  C exciting

6 A frightening  B frightening  C frightening

7 A embarrassing  B embarrassing  C embarrassing

8 A frustrated  B frustrated  C frustrated

9 A disappointing  B disappointing  C disappointing

10 A interested  B interested  C interested