

BIAS



Cognitive biases are flaws in logical thinking that clear the path to bad decisions, so learning about these ideas can reduce errors in your thought process, leading to a more successful life. These biases are very closely related to logical fallacies, which may help you win an argument or present information better.

- 1- WATCH THE YOUTUBE VIDEO
- 2- MATCH THE TYPES OF BIAS WITH THEIR DESCRIPTION

ANCHORING BIAS

We defend our decisions only because it was our choice, ignoring its downfalls or faults.

**AVAILABILITY
HEURISTIC BIAS**

We don't make decisions based on facts or statistics, but on news that are shown to us and stories we hear from other people.

**BANDWAGON
BIAS**

We tend to ignore negative information that does not confirm our point of view.

**CHOICE
SUPPORTIVE
BIAS**

We rely on the first information that we receive, no matter how reliable that piece of information is.

**CONFIRMATION
BIAS**

We act according to what other people do. It is connected to group thinking and social pressure.

OSTRICH BIAS

We only search for proofs that confirm our point of view.

OUTCOME BIAS

We believe that something will have an effect on us, so it actually causes that effect.

OVERCONFIDENCE

We make decisions based on the results or outcome, ignoring other factors, such as facts and statistics.

PLACEBO BIAS

We judge something based on the surviving information.

**SURVIVORSHIP
BIAS**

Also known as "biased bias": we tend to think that we are less biased than everyone else!

**SELECTIVE
PERCEPTION
BIAS**

We perceive messages and actions according to our frame of reference: it means we overlook and forget what contradicts our beliefs.

BLINDSPOT BIAS

After a series of successes, we stop making decisions based on facts and we trust our opinion more.