

1 Przeczytaj tekst. Wybierz poprawne uzupełnienie luk 1–5. Zakreśl literę: A, B albo C.

Hi Robbie,

How are things? (1) ____ you have a good weekend? Me and my brother (2) ____ a little bored on Saturday so we went on a cycling trip in the hills. It's kind of funny because I didn't use (3) ____ cycling much, but now it's my favourite way to relax. Anyway, David (4) ____ a small accident. He hit a rock on the forest road while we (5) ____ quite fast down a hill. Fortunately, he wasn't hurt.

Write back,

Izzie

- | | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1 | A Did | B Were | C Was |
| 2 | A used to be | B was | C were |
| 3 | A enjoying | B to enjoy | C enjoyed |
| 4 | A to have | B was having | C had |
| 5 | A went | B were going | C used to go |

2 Uzupełnij zdania czasownikami z nawiasów w poprawnej formie czasu *past simple* lub *past continuous*.

- 1 (you / walk) _____ to school when I (see) _____ you this morning?
- 2 We were surprised when someone (knock) _____ on the door last night because we (not / expect) _____ anyone.
- 3 Why (Mary / sit) _____ alone in the corner when we (arrive) _____ at the party?

- 4 Uzupełnij zdania 1–4. Wykorzystaj w odpowiedniej formie wyrazy podane w nawiasach. Nie należy zmieniać kolejności podanych wyrazów, trzeba natomiast – jeśli jest to konieczne – dodać inne wyrazy, tak aby otrzymać zdania logiczne i gramatycznie poprawne. Wymagana jest pełna poprawność ortograficzna wpisywanych fragmentów zdań.**

Uwaga! W każdą lukę możesz wpisać maksymalnie trzy wyrazy, wliczając w to wyrazy już podane.

- 1 My sister (not / use) _____ to like classical music when she was a teenager.
- 2 She looked really angry with you. What (you / tell) _____ her?
- 3 My cat stole some fish from the table while I (not / look) _____!
- 4 My family (use / eat) _____ out almost every weekend but now they don't.