



NOMBRE FECHA		CURSO	Total Score: 30 points Student's score: 60% to get 4.0 = 18 points
O.A. Identificar y utilizar adjetivos comparativos y superlativos para mostrar diferencias en diferentes contextos, escogiendo el adjetivo apropiado según contexto, completando oraciones, leyendo un texto de forma comprensiva.		Contenido: - Adjetivos comparativos y superlativos	
INSTRUCTIONS: - You have approximately 15- 20 minutes to do this activity. - Complete the interactive activities presented in this worksheet. - Your teacher will be pleased to answer all your doubts. - You can use a dictionary or ask your teacher for vocabulary you don't know.			

I. Click on the correct comparative or superlative adjective according to the context. (10 pts) (Da un click en la forma comparativa o superlativa correct, de acuerdo al contexto dado)

1. Who is THE TALLEST/TALLER THAN student in this class?
2. Is a cheetah FASTER/ FASTEST than a deer?
3. Which season is HOTTER/ THE HOTTEST of the year?
4. What's MORE INTERESTING/ THE MOST INTERESTING, a book or a movie?
5. My house is BIGGER/THE BIGGEST THAN yours.
6. MY grandma is OLDER THAN/THE OLDEST person in my family.
7. Pizzas are THE TASTIEST/ TASTIER THAN hotdogs.
8. What's STRONGER/THE STRONGEST bone in the human body?
9. Is a lion BIGGER/ BIGGEST than a tiger?
10. What's HOTTER/ THE HOTTEST place in the world?

II. Read the following text called "Sao Paulo city" and decide if the following statements are TRUE or FALSE. (7 points) (Lee el siguiente texto llamado "Sao Paulo" y decide si las oraciones son verdaderas o falsas)

São Paulo is the largest city in South America and the third most populous of the world, with more than 10 million inhabitants. It is the economical capital of Brazil and a very busy place. It is also the richest in culture, parks and museums.

São Paulo is centered around the *Praça da Sé*, where there is a stone mark symbolizing the "point zero" of the city. The subway system is cheap and efficient but it covers only a few areas of the city, although extensions are being made. The most interesting neighborhoods and places to visit include *Jardins*, *Itaim* and The *Ibirapuera* Park.

The main tourist attractions in the city include the different neighborhoods with their special Italian, Japanese or Arabic influence. They have their own characteristic atmosphere and it is a lot of fun to walk around, go to one of the many small restaurants or have a drink somewhere.

Brazilians say that *Paulistanos* (*São Paulo* locals) live to work and to eat which is certainly true. Food in *São Paulo* is the best in the country. You can find it from a variety of restaurants from the simplest delivery place to the fine expensive ones.



São Paulo is also very much a party town. You can get **stuck** in the traffic in the middle of the night when party animals return from their hunt.

Automotive traffic in *São Paulo* is complicated, especially in main routes all along the weekdays and gets worse at rush hours (from 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. and from 6 p.m. to 8 p.m.). On the weekend traffic is good with some impediments in places where there are bars, shopping centers or other public attractions.

São Paulo has the largest underground transportation system in Brazil the "Metro". However, it is not as comprehensive as the trains in Europe or North America but it covers the most important areas.

- a. TRUE / FALSE Rio de Janeiro is larger than Sao Paulo in Brazil.
- b. TRUE / FALSE Sao Paulo is the economical capital city of Brazil.
- c. TRUE / FALSE The subway system is expensive and not very efficient.
- d. TRUE / FALSE Ibirapuera is a famous neighbourhood to visit in this city.
- e. TRUE / FALSE Food in Sao Paulo is the best in the country.
- f. TRUE / FALSE Sao Paulo does not have a very active night life in pubs or restaurants.
- g. TRUE / FALSE Sao Paulo has the largest underground transportation in Brazil.

III. Complete the following situations using the correct form of COMPARATIVE OR SUPERLATIVE ADJECTIVES according to each context. (8 pts) (completa las siguientes oraciones con la forma comparativa o superlativa de los adjetivos en paréntesis, de acuerdo a cada contexto)

- 1. My bike is _____ your bike (fast).
- 2. He is one of _____ man in the world (rich).
- 3. Texting is _____ speaking on the phone (cheap).
- 4. A Ferrari is _____ a Fiat (expensive).
- 5. Is your suitcase _____ mine (heavy)?
- 6. My grandma is _____ (old) person in my family.
- 7. Pizza is _____ (tasty) food for me.
- 8. Summer is _____ (good) season for vacations.

IV. Read the following sentences that use COMPARATIVE OR SUPERLATIVE ADJECTIVES. If they are correct. Write CORRECT in the space given. If they are incorrect REWRITE them in the space given. (5 pts) (Lee las siguientes oraciones que usan adjetivos comparativos o superlativos. Si están correctamente formuladas, escribe "CORRECTO" en el espacio correspondiente. Si están incorrectas, re escríbelas en el espacio asignado).

- 1. John is the oldest than Jamie.
- 2. Elephants are the biggest animals in the world.
- 3. Crocodiles are ugly than rhinos.
- 4. K-pop is gooder than Rap.
- 5. Lamborghinis the most expensive cars around the world.

