



REVISION TEST 5

1. Choose the right option from the given:

1 I supposed you agree to ... proposal.			
a) Nick and Ben	b) Nick's and Ben	c) Ben and Nick's	d) Ben's and Nick's
2 Would you like ... coffee? – Yes, a black one please.			
a) no	b) several	c) some	d) an
3 Could you lend me ... rubles for two weeks, please?			
a) two thousands	b) two thousand of	c) two thousands of	d) two thousand
4 Just ... students were ready with their home task on the subject.			
a) little	b) a lot of	c) a few	d) a great deal
5 What ... nuisance happened to me!			
a) a	b) an	c) the	d) -
6 How many ... can you find in this picture?			
a) a plaice	b) the plaice	c) plaice	d) plaices
7 I hear ... it is really silent here.			
a) no	b) not	c) none	d) nothing
8 80 per cent of all goods ... produced in this country.			
a) am	b) is	c) are	d) be
9 They bought a ... flat at rather a good price.			
a) three rooms	b) three-room	c) three room's	d) three rooms'
10 Is it possible to prepare ... project in such a short time?			
a) other	b) the other	c) others	d) another
11 I could never believe in ... story of yours!			
a) so	b) such	c) so a	d) such a
12 Nine days on holiday ... a good means to renovate your strength.			
a) am	b) is	c) are	d) be

2. Choose a suitable preposition:

Every autumn more than 44 million young Americans walk through the doorways ... (1) about 106 thousand elementary and secondary schools ... (2) the start of a new school year. The young people fill classrooms ... (3) leaving the kindergartens and continue to study up to the 12th grade. (... (4) the USA they use the term "grade" instead ... (5) the words "class" or "form" which are used ... (6) Europe or in our country.) The children attend ... (7) classes usually for five hours a day and five days a week ... (8) the beginning of the following summer. Like in our country they don't attend classes ... (9) public holidays or when they have their vacations ... (10) Christmas or Easter.

1	a) in	b) to	c) of	d) with
2	a) for	b) with	c) to	d) at
3	a) behind	b) after	c) in	d) on
4	a) in	b) at	c) on	d) -
5	a) with	b) to	c) by	d) of
6	a) from	b) in	c) out of	d) along
7	a) to	b) at	c) from	d) -
8	a) until	b) in front of	c) between	d) above
9	a) in	b) to	c) on	d) at
10	a) for	b) on	c) in	d) by

3. Fill in the gaps with articles (a/an, the, -):

In USA there are two types of schools – ... (1) public schools which are supported by ... (2) state and where .. (3) schooling is free – of – charge, and private schools, where ... (4) families have to pay ... (5) special attendance fee. These schools are usually controlled by ... (6) different churches or religious groups. In such ... (7) schools religious teachings are ... (8) part of ... (9)



curriculum, which also includes ... (10) traditional academic subjects which are taught in public schools.

4. Write out two odd words in the order they appear in the text:

a) American children pass through the main stages of school education on their own way to get a high school diploma. They attend the elementary school and then the secondary school. Of the 44 million schoolchildren about 27 million attend elementary schools and 17 million of secondary schools.

b) The elementary school may include 8 grades in some places, and 6 grades on others one. Sometimes grades 4,5 and 6 make up what is called a 'middle grade' school. Many Americans call it the elementary school a "grammar school".

5. Fill in the spaces with ONE word:

Secondary education may begin(1) grade 9 or with grade 7 (2) depends on the way elementary education is organized in this or that state or district. As a (3) "secondary school" means grades 9-12. These grades are popularly called "high school", and the young people who attend these schools are called high schools (4).

6. Choose the number of a fragment that contains a mistake:

- 1) The education(1) along with good working experience(2) are the guarantee(3) of a well-paid job(4).
- 2) This is(1) a nice place to(2) spend a quiet evening(3) with all your friends(4) and family.
- 3) They say the(1) picture originates from an old(2) drawing school started(3) in the sixties century(4).
- 4) They(1) are rich and can(2) afford them everything(3) they want(4) to get.
- 5) The advertisement said(1) about selling a house(2) in the central(3) district for just thousand(4) Euros.
- 6) That was(1) a friend of me who(2) had supported me(3) in that difficult situation(4).

7. Translate into English the part given in brackets:

- 1) The idea doesn't make any (имеет смысл) without good finance support.
- 2) I have (нет) objections on your decision so far.
- 3) The evening was (такой) exciting that I wish it would never end.
- 4) Every country is made for (своих) citizens.
- 5) His youngest daughter seems to be only three, (не так ли)?
- 6) I know you would never change even in (еще) ten years.