

Name: _____

Subject: Social Studies

Date: _____

Grade: _____

Fill in the blanks to complete spelling the words below.

1. S__ _ va__ _
2. __nd__nt__r__s__ip
3. __m__ _ g__a__t
4. H__r__t__g__
5. __o__t__a__t
6. E__hn__c
7. L__b__u__e__
8. __u__t__r__
9. M__g__a__i__n
10. __e__t__v__l

Migration

Write **true** or **false** for the following statements

1. People who move into a country are called immigrants. _____
2. People who move out of a country are called immigrants. _____
3. The same people are called emigrants when they leave their country of origin and then become immigrants in their new country. _____
4. East Indians who came to the Caribbean were immigrants from India. _____
5. The East Indians became immigrants when they settled in Jamaica. _____
6. After emancipation, the Chinese came as immigrants to work on sugar plantations.

7. Before emancipation, some freed Africans in Sierra Leone came to work on sugar plantations. _____
8. After emancipation, the Portuguese came as immigrants to work on sugar plantations.

Complete the passage using words from the box

Indentured	Descendants	India	Plantations	passage
Labourers	contract	East Indians	workers	servants

After emancipation many ex-slaves went as far as possible from the sugar (1) _____ to begin a new life. (2) _____ were needed on the sugar plantations. The planters sought replacement for the ex-slaves from (3) _____ and China. The planters made an offer to the _____ and Chinese that seemed attractive to them. They agreed to a five-year (5) _____ to work on sugar plantations in the British Caribbean countries. The East-Indians and Chinese were bonded or indentured so they were referred to as (6) _____ servants or labourers. At the end of the five-year contract the (7) _____ would receive a (8) _____ back home or some land in the country where they worked. Many Indentured (9) _____ chose to remain. (10) _____ of indentured servants can be found all over the Caribbean.