

 Infinitive vs Gerund 	
Infinitive: to do <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. After verbs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> agree, appear, arrange, attempt, decide, expect, fail, hope, need, offer, promise, refuse, want, wish Ex. I wanted to meet him. 2. After verb+object combinations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> advise, allow, ask, cause, encourage, forbid, force, instruct, invite, order, permit, persuade, prefer, recommend, remind, require, teach, tell, tempt, warn Ex. I asked him to come. 3. After adjectives: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - feelings: anxious, eager, delighted, etc. Ex. I'm sorry to be a nuisance. - probability: certain, likely, possible, etc. Ex. Is it necessary to go there? 	Gerund: doing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. After verbs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> avoid, bear, consider, deny, detest, dislike, endure, enjoy, imagine, involve, mention, mind, miss, practice, resent, risk, postpone, stand Ex. I enjoy shopping. 2. After prepositions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ex. Is he still interested in dancing? 3. As subjects and complements: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ex. Gambling is a waste of time. Ex. What really gets on my nerves is singing out of tune.
4. With verbs stop, remember, forget, regret, go on	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - future action <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ex. Remember to pick up your dry cleaning (first remember, then pick up) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - previous action <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ex. I remember visiting my great-grandmother. (first visited, then remember)
5. With verbs like, love and hate	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - occasional action <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ex. I hate to interrupt you but there's a phone call for you. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - regular likes/dislikes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ex. I like dancing.

She **wants to volunteer** in India.

They **decided to find** a part-time job.

We **would love to meet** new people.

would love + to do
love + doing

Ex. 2 p. 8. Put the verbs in the correct form.

1 A: I want (organise) a clean-up day.
B: Can I (join) you?

2 A: I'd love (help) poor people in other countries.
B: You could (donate) money to a charity.

3 A: We should all do something (protect) the environment.
B: Yes, people need to stop (cut) down so many trees.

4 A: What can I do (reduce) air pollution?
B: You could try (walk) instead of driving to school.

1 ★ Put the verbs in brackets into the infinitive or the -ing form.

- 1 I would like (donate) some money to charity.
- 2 We cleaned up the beach yesterday, so there's no point in (go) back tomorrow.
- 3 You should (watch) that new documentary, it's really interesting!
- 4 (Volunteer) to plant trees is a good way of protecting the environment.
- 5 I called them (say) that I was walking to school instead of driving.