



Chuyên cung cấp giáo viên gia sư ngoại ngữ chất lượng
Mọi ngôn ngữ - Mọi trình độ - Mọi lứa tuổi
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Full name:

ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEST

Class:

Time: 45 minutes

I. LISTENING

1. Listen to the conversation between David and Son about David's trip to Sa Pa. Decide whether the sentences are true (T) or false (F). Circle T or F. You will listen TWICE.

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| 1. David likes Sa Pa very much. | T | F |
| 2. Ham Rong Mountain has a charming landscape. | T | F |
| 3. Son hasn't come to Cat Cat village. | T | F |
| 4. Cat Cat villagers make great handicrafts. | T | F |
| 5. David regretted trekking in the valleys. | T | F |

2. Listen to Amy talking about British unusual festivals. Match the festival with its correct information. You will listen TWICE.

- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. Pancake Festival | A. The winner gets lots of lettuce. |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|

- | | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| 2. Who can pull the ugliest face? | B. The festival ends with a massive firework display. |
| 3. World Championship Snail Racing | C. Frying pans can't be lacked in this festival. |
| 4. Cheese rolling festival | D. The festival takes place down the hills. |
| 5. Burning the Clocks Festival | E. The winner had no teeth. |

II. READING

1. Read the following folk tale. Circle A, B or C to answer each question.

A Stack of Gold for Starfruit

There were two brothers living in this village. Their parents died, leaving them a fortune, but the elder brother was greedy. He claimed all the fortune and left the younger brother only a starfruit tree. Luckily, the tree gave him a lot of fruits. But when the fruits were ripe, a giant raven came and ate them every day. The younger brother begged to the raven, "Please don't eat the fruits. If you eat **them**, my family will starve." So the raven responded, "Don't worry, for each fruit I eat, I'll pay you with gold."

One day, the raven took the man to a secret island, which was full of gold. He filled a small bag. Then the raven took him home, and he became well-off. Seeing that, the elder brother wanted the gold too. He **traded** all of his fortune for the fruit tree.

The raven also took the elder brother to the island. He brought a very big sack and filled it with gold. The raven got tired on his way back; it got angry and dropped the man into the sea.

1. What did the elder brother do?
 - A. shared the wealth equally with his younger brother
 - B. took everything their parents left them

C. gave the younger brother very little of what their parents left

2. What does the word "them" in the passage refer to?

A. the brothers B. the fruits C. the raven

3. What does the word "trade" in the passage mean?

A. exchanged B. changed C. turned

4. Why did the raven get tired?

A. Because he had to fly to the island twice.

B. Because the elder brother took too much gold.

C. Because the elder brother was too heavy.

5. What could be the message of this fairy tale?

A. You should share your wealth with the less fortunate.

B. You should treat your family kindly.

C. You will have to pay a dear price for greediness.

2. Read the passage. Circle A, B or C to answer each question or complete each sentence

The meaning of Mid-Autumn Day is rather different to that in China, though the Vietnamese also celebrate it by eating mooncakes. In Viet Nam the Mid-Autumn Festival is the happiest day for children, during which parents buy their children various kinds of lanterns and snacks.

There are also various activities held to celebrate the Mid-Autumn Festival in Viet Nam. The main activities include worshipping the God of Earth, and carrying carp-shaped lanterns.

Usually a worshipping platform is set up in the yard during Mid-Autumn night, on which mooncakes, fruits, and snacks are laid. Later family members sit together to eat the food while appreciating the moon.

It's also a tradition for the Vietnamese to light lanterns during the Mid-Autumn night. It is thought that if people walk at night with a carp lantern in hand, they will be safe from the carp spirit. Now, children **hold** various kinds of paper lanterns and play in the moonlight, while eating mooncakes during the evening of Mid-Autumn Day.

1. What is Vietnamese Mid-Autumn festival different from that of China in?

A. time B. food C. meaning

2. Parents buy children all of these things EXCEPT _____.

A. mooncakes B. carps C. lanterns

3. What are the main activities in Vietnamese Mid-Autumn Festival?

A. worshipping the God of Earth

B. carrying carp-shaped lanterns

C. Both A and B

4. Why do children carry a carp lantern?

A. To scare the carp spirit.

B. Because it is very beautiful.

C. To enjoy the moonlight better.

5. The word "hold" can be replaced by _____.

A. buy B. carry C. light

III. WRITING

1. Write a short paragraph (80-100 words) to express your opinion on the following idea;

"Because the Viet is the most populated group, other ethnic minority groups should learn the Viet's language."

You may use your own ideas or some of the following ideas:

- They really need a common language.

- If all speak the Viet, they can communicate more easily.
- They can exchange cultures easily.
- They can improve knowledge via the Viet's language.

2. Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first. Use the word in brackets. You must not change the word. Write no more than THREE words.

Here is an example.

0. The bookshop is opposite the library.

_____ a bookshop opposite the library. (THERE)

Answer: 0. *There is*

1. Herding buffaloes is more difficult than loading the rice.

Loading the rice is _____ herding buffaloes. (EASY)

2. Life in a mountainous village is more boring than life in a big city.

Life in a big city is _____ life in a mountainous village. (INTERESTING)

3. People in the countryside are often more optimistic than those in the city.

People in the countryside often _____ than those in the city.
(OPTIMISTIC)

4. Living in a modern town is noisier than living in a small village.

Living in a small village is _____ living in a modern town. (PEACEFUL)

5. Houses in this village have less furniture than those in the nearby city.

Houses in this city are _____ those in the nearby village. (BETTER)

IV. SPEAKING

1. Now I'm going to ask you FOUR questions about your friends' hobbies. Are you ready?

1. What do you do when you have free time?
2. How long have you been doing it/them?
3. What do you like about it/them?
4. Do you like reading books? Why/Why not?

2. Each of you will now receive a card. On the card there is a picture and clues for five questions. You should use the words to make questions and ask your friend. Your friend will answer the questions based on the picture he/she has.

CARD A

Use the words given below to make questions. Ask your friend about his/her picture and listen to the answers.

1. What/character/in the photo?
2. Where/character?
3. What/the character/do?
4. What/happen next?
5. Do/you/like? Why/Why not?

Now, your friend will ask you questions about your picture. Answer his/her questions.



CARD B

Use the words given below to make questions. Ask your friend about his/her picture and listen to the answers.

1. What/character/in the photo?
2. Where/character?
3. What/the character/do?
4. What/happen next?
5. Do/you/like? Why/Why not?

Now, your friend will ask you questions about your picture. Answer his/her questions.



- The end -