

COUNTABLE /UNCOUNTABLE NOUNS

9A countable / uncountable nouns



an apple three apples rice meat

- There are two kinds of noun in English; countable (C) and uncountable (U).

C = things you can count, e.g. *apples*. C nouns can be singular (**an** apple) or plural (*apples*).

U = things you can't count.

butter, meat **NOT** *two butters, three meats*

U nouns are normally singular.

- Some nouns can be C or U but the meaning is different.



an ice cream (C) some ice cream (U)

a / an, some / any

| | countable | uncountable (4 30)) |
|---|--|---------------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> We need | an apple. some apples. | some butter. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> We don't need | a tomato. any tomatoes. | any rice. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Do we need | an orange? any oranges? | any sugar? |

- We use *a / an* with singular C nouns; *a / an* = one.
- We use *some* ☒ with plural C nouns and with U nouns; *some* = not an exact number or quantity.
- We use *any* in ☐ and ☐ with plural C nouns and with U nouns.

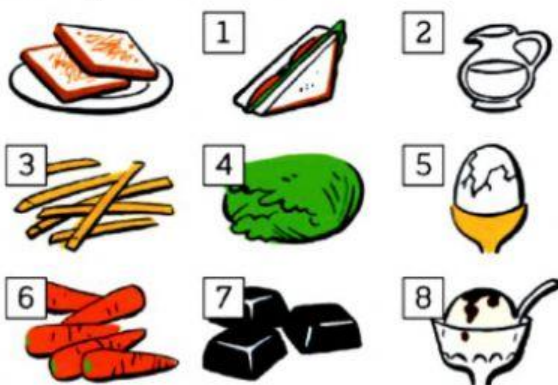
some in ☐

We use *some* in ☐ to ask for and offer things.

Can I have **some** apples, please?

Would you like **some** coffee?

a Write *a, an, or some* + a food / drink word.



some bread

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 1 _____ | 5 _____ |
| 2 _____ | 6 _____ |
| 3 _____ | 7 _____ |
| 4 _____ | 8 _____ |



b Write ☐ or ☐ sentences with *a / an, some, or any*.

1 onions *There aren't any onions.*

2 tomato juice _____

3 pineapple _____

4 strawberries _____

5 peppers _____

6 milk _____

7 mushrooms _____

8 ice cream _____